

STARTING ANEW CHAPTER



QUICK FACTS

58
countries & territories

51,000+
employees worldwide

69M ft²+

4,500+
self-owned operating vehicles

ASIA SPECIALIST
CHINA FOCUS
GLOBAL NFTWORK

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CORPORATE INFORMATION & KEY DATES

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr WANG Wei (Chairman, Non-executive Director) Mr KUOK Khoon Hua (Vice Chairman, Non-executive Director)

Executive Directors
Mr MA Wing Kai William (Group Managing Director)
Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky

Non-executive Directors Mr CHAN Fei Mr HO Chit Ms CHEN Keren

Independent Non-executive Directors Dr CHEUNG Wai Man Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina

AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina (Chairman) Mr HO Chit Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon (Chairman) Mr WANG Wei Mr MA Wing Kai William Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul (Chairman) Mr WANG Wei Mr KUOK Khoon Hua Dr CHEUNG Wai Man Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Mr MA Wing Kai William (Chairman) Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky Mr CHAN Fei

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr MA Wing Kai William (Chairman) (plus a member of the senior management and a department head, who are non-members of the Board)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms LEE Pui Nee

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants and Registered PIE Auditor

LEGAL ADVISER

Norton Rose Fulbright Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

IN HONG KONG

16/F, Kerry Cargo Centre, 55 Wing Kei Road Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

Ocorian Management (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

INVESTOR RELATIONS

T 852 2410 3600 F 852 2480 5958 E IR@kln.com

WEBSITE

www.kln.com

KEY DATES

Annual General Meeting 23 May 2022

Closure of Registers of Members 18 to 23 May 2022 and 27 May 2022

Proposed Payment of Final Dividend 8 June 2022

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

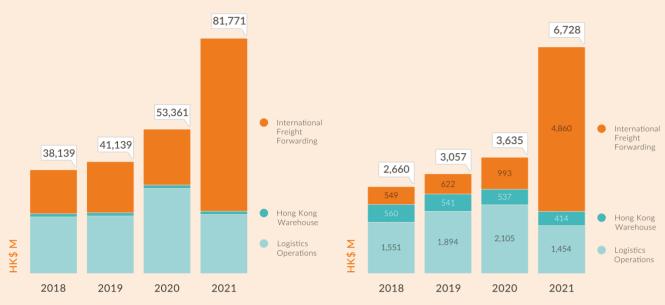
HK\$M

REVENUE* 81,771	53 %
SEGMENT PROFIT	
1,868	29%
4,860	389%
CORE OPERATING PROFIT 6,229	88%
CORE NET PROFIT 3,692	102%
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE SHAREHOLDERS 7,939	174%
FINAL DIVIDEND HK CENTS PER SHARE	50
GEARING	29.0% GROSS

^{*} Includes revenue generated from discontinued operations

REVENUE BY SEGMENT

SEGMENT PROFIT



Note:

Revenue and segment profit for the year ended 31 December 2021 include contribution from Taiwan Businesses and Hong Kong Warehouse up to August 2021 and September 2021, respectively.

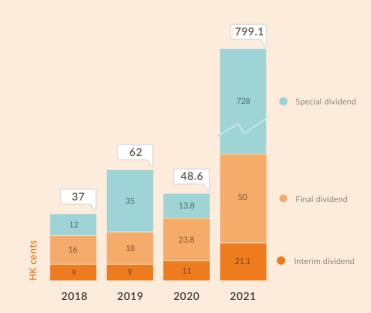
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE SHAREHOLDERS



DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION



DIVIDEND PER SHARE



2017 - 2021 FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Income statement	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000
Revenue	81,771,139	53,360,540	41,139,102	38,138,528	30,787,654
Operating profit	10,602,045	4,427,196	5,200,992	3,491,694	3,063,853
Finance costs	(290,116)	(303,095)	(358,171)	(224,245)	(159,825)
Share of results of associates and joint ventures	158,619	118,164	85,530	110,734	64,784
Profit before taxation	10,470,548	4,242,265	4,928,351	3,378,183	2,968,812
Taxation	(1,439,952)	(772,746)	(588,951)	(506,561)	(469,350)
Profit after taxation	9,030,596	3,469,519	4,339,400	2,871,622	2,499,462
Non-controlling interests	(1,091,943)	(573,762)	(551,077)	(431,847)	(383,565)
Profit attributable to the Shareholders	7,938,653	2,895,757	3,788,323	2,439,775	2,115,897
Represented by:					
Core net profit	3,691,807	1,828,442	1,374,098	1,326,330	1,183,063
Change in fair value of investment properties, net of deferred tax	2,188,950	1,067,315	501,813	1,127,445	917,834
Change in fair value of financial instruments	-	-	-	(14,000)	65,000
Gain from disposal of discontinued operations	2,187,896	-	-	-	-
Gain on disposal of warehouses	-	-	1,957,540	-	-
Impairment	(130,000)	-	(45,128)	-	(50,000)
Profit attributable to the Shareholders	7,938,653	2,895,757	3,788,323	2,439,775	2,115,897
Assets and liabilities	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000
Non-current assets	21,147,602	35,168,627	32,205,467	28,148,752	25,998,821
Net current assets	9,174,074	6,822,788	6,017,714	2,565,010	1,797,767
Total assets less current liabilities	30,321,676	41,991,415	38,223,181	30,713,762	27,796,588
Long-term liabilities and non-controlling interests	(9,277,789)	(14,508,516)	(15,209,832)	(10,670,489)	(9,972,927)

LOGISTICS FACILITIES

			Appro	ximate GFA owne	d
		Usage type	Total (Sq ft)	Attributable (Sq ft)	(%)
1	Kerry Siam Seaport, 113/1 Moo 1, Sukhumvit Road (Highway No. 3), Tungsukhla Subdistrict, Sriracha District, Chonburi Province, Thailand	Warehouse & Port facilities	6,366,549 (site area)	5,406,473 (site area)	84.92
2	KMTL Myit Nge Dryport Plot B1, Myit Nge Dryport (Mandalay), Land Mark No. (1), (4), C1+4-C12, Myint Nge, Amarapura Township, Mandalay, Myanmar	Dry Port	1,858,895 (site area)	1,245,088 (site area)	66.98
3	KMTL Yawarthagyi Dryport Lot No. B, Yangon – Mandalay Railway Road Ywarthargyi, East Dagon Township, Yangon, Myanmar	Dry Port	1,742,412 (site area)	1,167,068 (site area)	66.98
4	Kerry Shanghai Fengxian Logistics Centre, No. 3088 Hangtang Road, Fengxian District, Shanghai, the PRC	Logistics centre	1,196,734	1,196,734	100.00
5	Kerry Chongqing Logistics Centre No. 69 Baohuan Road, Huixing Street, Yubei District, Chongqing, the PRC	Logistics centre	932,854	932,854	100.00
6	Kerry Indev Mumbai Inland Container Depot Somathane Village, Kone-Savla Rasayani Road, Panvel Taluka, Raigad District, Navi Mumbai, India	Warehouse & Inland Container Depot	928,890 (site area)	464,445 (site area)	50.00

			Appro	ximate GFA owned	I
		Usage type	Total	Attributable	
			(Sq ft)	(Sq ft)	(%)
7	Kerry Indev Irungattukottai Inland Container Depot Plot nos. B-7(Part), B-8, A-11(Part), SIPCOT Industrial Park, Irungattukottai, Kancheepuram District, Tamil Nadu, India	Warehouse & Inland Container Depot	850,733 (site area)	425,367 (site area)	50.00
8	Kerry Qingdao Jiaozhou Logistics Centre South of Weihe Road and West of Jiaotong University Avenue, Jiaozhou Economic and Technological Development Zone, Qingdao, Shandong Province, the PRC	Logistics centre	826,786	826,786	100.00
9	Kerry Song Than Logistics Centre, No. 20 Thong Nhat Boulevard, Song Than Industrial Zone 2, Di An District, Binh Duong Province, Vietnam	Logistics centre	789,012	789,012	100.00
10	Kerry Indev Mundra Inland Container Depot Survey nos. 169/36, Dhrub Village, Mundra Taluka, Pragpar Mundra Port Highway, Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited, Gujarat, India	Warehouse & Inland Container Depot	653,396 (site area)	326,698 (site area)	50.00
11	Kerry Bangna Logistics Centre, 33/2 Moo 7, Leab Klong Song Nam Suvarnabhumi Road, Bangpla Subdistrict, Bangplee District Samutprakan Province, Thailand	Logistics centre	653,192	653,192	100.00
12	Kerry Changsha Logistics Centre, No. 1189 Zhong Qing Road, Kaifu District, Changsha, Hunan Province, the PRC	Logistics centre	637,070	637,070	100.00
13	Kerry Wuhan Logistics Centre, No. 7 Shang Mao Avenue, Zou Ma Ling Street, Dongxihu District, Wuhan, Hubei Province, the PRC	Logistics centre	630,521	630,521	100.00
14	Kerry Chengdu Longquan Logistics Centre, No. 68 South 5th Road, Economic & Technological Development Zone (Longquanyi District), Chengdu, Sichuan Province, the PRC	Logistics centre	608,097	608,097	100.00

			Appro	ximate GFA owned	H
		Usage type	Total (Sq ft)	Attributable (Sq ft)	(%)
15	Kerry Kunshan Logistics Centre No. 118 Yuxi Middle Road, Qiandeng Town, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Logistics centre	567,083	567,083	100.00
16	Kerry Wuxi Logistics Centre No. 2 Xinxiang Road, Wuxi, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Logistics centre	533,206	533,206	100.00
17	Shenzhen Kerry Yantian Logistics Centre, Lot No. 26, South Area of Yantian Port Free Trade Zone, Yantian District, Shenzhen, the PRC	Logistics centre	464,740	255,607	55.00
18	Kerry Xiamen Logistics Centre, No. 18 Haijing South Road, Export Processing Zone, Haicang District, Xiamen, Fujian Province, the PRC	Logistics centre	449,172	449,172	100.00
19	Kerry Worldbridge Logistics Centre, Kerry Worldbridge Special Economic Zone And Customs Bonded Warehouse under Certificates of Immovable Property Occupation Nos. PP29368 and PP29369, National Road 2, Preak Rotaing & Damnak Sangke, Commune of Preak Kampis, District of Dangkor, Phnom Penh, Cambodia	Logistics centre	418,386	251,032	60.00
20	Kerry Rayong Logistics Centre, 525 Moo3, WHA Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate 1, Mappu-Bankhai (Highway No. 3574) Road, Ta Sit Subdistrict, Pluak Daeng District, Rayong Province, Thailand	Logistics centre	374,118	374,118	100.00
21	Kerry Logistics Centre - Tampines 19 Greenwich Drive, Singapore	Logistics centre	371,466	371,466	100.00
22	Kerry Zhengzhou Logistics Centre, No. 137 Yitong Street, Zhengzhou Economic & Technological Development Zone, Zhengzhou, Henan Province, the PRC	Logistics centre	358,979	358,979	100.00

			Approximate GFA owned		
		Usage type	Total (Sq ft)	Attributable (Sq ft)	(%)
23	Kerry Xi'an Logistics Centre, No. 110 Fengye Avenue West, Fengdong New Area, Xi'xian New District, Xi'an, Shannxi Province, the PRC	Logistics centre	276,058	276,058	100.00
24	Tai Po Product Customization and Consolidation Centre 12 Dai Kwai Street, Tai Po Industrial Estate, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong	Logistics centre	275,593	275,593	100.00
25	Shenzhen Kerry Futian Logistics Centre, No. 15 Tao Hua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, the PRC	Logistics centre	268,656	268,656	100.00



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

STARTING A NEW CHAPTER

It is with pleasure that I am writing to you for the first time as the chairman of Kerry Logistics Network, officially embarking on a great expedition with huge potential. Together, we will carve out a well-paved path that takes our business further into the wider world.

2021 saw great upheavals in the global supply chain. While the chaos in the markets and unforeseeable events have severely disrupted the freight and aviation sectors, unprecedented opportunities for the industry have also arisen. Flexible and innovative supply chain solutions were in high demand, which played exactly to KLN's strengths. The Group's overall competitiveness will be further enhanced through the integration of the businesses of S.F. Holding and KLN following the establishment of the strategic cooperation between the two parties in 2021. Enhanced by the business synergies, we will be even better equipped to capture the opportunities and drive the Group's development to another level.

The ongoing pandemic and recurrent outbreaks are presenting more uncertainties and fresh challenges for the logistics industry. Nevertheless, leveraging the Group's global network and diversified business, we are facing the chaos with ample resilience to take on the challenges. We will consistently demonstrate the Group's strengths and advantages based on three operating principles, namely, delivering customer-

centric services, providing staff with fair remuneration and creating value for shareholders. The combined value of the cooperation between the highly complementary businesses of S.F. Holding and KLN will be immense. KLN will be positioned as S.F. Holding's platform for international business, while acting as S.F. Holding's international freight forwarding agent to jointly propel the development of S.F. Holding's international express service. Going forward, we will spare no effort in fulfilling logistics' important function in our daily lives, and meet our customers' needs with agility and innovation.

I would like to conclude my report by taking this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to our preceding Chairman, Mr Hua Kuok, and to KLN's management team for their contribution to the development and operation of our global business. Special thanks are also given to the entire KLN staff for their commitment to serving our customers in difficult and unpredictable circumstances. Their professional dedication truly commands our respect. I look forward to working with you all and reaching new heights together.

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WANG WEI Chairman



While 2021 saw great upheavals in the global supply chain, unprecedented opportunities for the industry have also arisen. Flexible and innovative supply chain solutions were in high demand, which played exactly to KLN's strengths."

RESULTS OVERVIEW

The Group recorded an increase in revenue of 53% to HK\$81,771 million in 2021 (2020: HK\$53,361 million). Core operating profit went up 88% to HK\$6,229 million (2020: HK\$3,320 million). Core net profit also rose 102% year-on-year to HK\$3,692

million (2020: HK\$1,828 million). Profit attributable to the Shareholders was HK\$7,939 million (2020: HK\$2,896 million), which represents a year-on-year growth of 174%.

	2021 HK\$ million	2020 HK\$ million	
Segment profit			
IL			
- Logistics operations	1,454	2,105	-31%
- Hong Kong Warehouse	414	537	-23%
	1,868	2,642	-29%
IFF	4,860	993	+389%
	6,728	3,635	
Unallocated administrative expenses and others	(499)	(315)	
Core operating profit	6,229	3,320	+88%
Core net profit	3,692	1,828	+102%
Changes in fair value of investment properties and properties held under discontinued operations, net of deferred tax	2,189	1,068	
Gain from disposal of discontinued operations	2,188	-	
Goodwill impairment	(130)	-	
Profit attributable to the Shareholders	7,939	2,896	+174%

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

MARKET OVERVIEW

The COVID-19 pandemic has affected every part of the value chain, from raw material sourcing to international transportation to end customers. The supply and demand mismatch, freight capacity chokeholds, port congestions, labour shortages as well as shutdown of borders and lockdowns, all contribute to the ongoing global supply chain disruptions and impact businesses and trades across the globe.

COVID-induced travel restrictions have substantially reduced global air freight capacity, along with continuing shortages in global ocean capacity and equipment as well as ground services disruption, global freight rates have reached a record level in 2021. Manufacturing-related activities have been severely disrupted by a divergence of pandemic measures taken by governments worldwide, causing a malfunctioning of the global supply chain. This is particularly acute between the world's main supply hubs in Asia and the rest of the world, and further exacerbated by erratic supply and price fluctuations of raw materials and components.

This has heightened the demand for ad-hoc and customised solutions to be delivered at a high efficiency for companies to circumvent countless unprecedented obstacles in the supply chain. In 2021 Q4, the Group entered into a strategic partnership with S.F. Holding to further enhance its distinct advantage in navigating this new logistics landscape.

IL SHRANK

The segment profit of the IL business did not grow in line with the other segment, mainly due to a weak Asian market brought about by a series of prolonged lockdowns and other pandemic measures across Southeast Asia, severely disrupting both manufacturing and consumption related activities, as well as the required disposal of the Group's Hong Kong Warehouse and businesses in Taiwan.

HONG KONG CONTRACTED

In Hong Kong, the Group's IL business reported a 14% contraction, with logistics operations decreasing by 4%. This was mainly due to the disposal of warehouses in Hong Kong at end-September 2021 as well as the implementation of pandemic-induced social distancing measures which has caused a depression in particular retail activities.



THE MAINLAND REBOUNDED

The IL business in the Mainland of China grew by 33%, mainly from the increase of manufacturing activities as purchase orders shifted back to the Mainland from many Asian countries, boosting its production and export of both components and finished products.

ASIA DIPPED

In Asia, the IL division went down by a large extent. This was mainly due to prolonged lockdowns across many countries in Asia, which depressed manufacturing activities. Furthermore, pricing pressure and fierce competition experienced by Kerry Express Thailand in Thailand have also impacted on the Group's results. KLN Group is expected to reclaim its dominance in key Asian markets, where profitability will gain traction starting in 2022 2H.

IFF EXPANDED

The segment profit of the IFF business expanded from HK\$1 billion to almost HK\$5 billion and across all verticals and industries of the business. The disruption and imbalance in the supply chain, especially for exports from Asia to North America and Europe, have seen the Group's customers increasingly leveraging on the Group's in-depth industry know-how, its extensive connections to ground operations and its global network. The Group has recorded an increase in urgent fulfilment orders together with ever more complex demands from customers to overcome the multifaceted hurdles in the supply chain.

KLN Group's direct business exposure to the Russia-Ukraine conflict is limited. It constantly monitors all sanctions affecting the region and uses the unique strength of its CIS set-up to minimise the conflict's disruption to the daily transcontinental land services requirements of its customers.



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OUTLOOK

The COVID-19 induced supply chain disruptions will continue well into 2022, but the extent of the disruption and the affected factors and parties will vary as the pandemic continues to develop, with some parts of the supply chain improving while other parts deteriorate. This, coupled with a divergence in pandemic responses and policies worldwide, will mean an ever-increasing burden on importers and exporters along with manufacturers and retailers, as well as inflationary pressures in many import markets.

The logistics industry is directly associated with the policy responses to the pandemic. When global mobility is restricted due to governments' differing approaches to infection control, logistics companies like the KLN Group can contribute to a higher share of the value chain as the Group is able to marshal its resources to serve its customers consistently.

The Group's strategic partnership with S.F. Holding will give it an unparallelled advantage as Asia's largest 3PL provider to tackle the uncertain market challenges ahead. The two parties are already collaborating in the Mainland of China to serve S.F. Holding's clients' overseas business needs. By 2022 Q2, KLN Group will serve as the exclusive cargo General Sales Agent (GSA) for S.F. Airlines, as well as the principal service provider outside the Mainland of China for S.F. Holding's international express business, firmly establishing KLN Group's position as S.F. Holding's international arm.

Looking ahead, this partnership will further strengthen the Group's unique position in Asia, which will not only allow it to support its business and operation, but also to be agile and adaptive to sudden and severe disruptions and uncertainties, and deliver efficient and effective services to its customers and shareholders.

When global mobility is restricted, KLN
Group can contribute to a higher share of the value chain as the Group is able to marshal its resources to serve its customers consistently."

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group has centralised financing policies which apply to all business units within the network. The policies are reviewed on a periodical basis along with the change in market situation and financial position of the Group.

Most of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in different functional currencies of the overseas subsidiaries' respective countries. The Group generally does not enter into foreign exchange hedges in respect of its long-term equity investments in overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures. For the foreign currency exposure arising from business activities, certain subsidiaries used forward contracts to hedge their foreign exchange exposure from trading transactions during the year, the amount of which was insignificant to the Group. The Group will continue to closely monitor its foreign exchange position and if necessary, hedge its foreign exchange exposure by entering into appropriate hedging instruments. As at 31 December 2021, total foreign currency borrowings amounted to the equivalent of HK\$2,801 million (including HK\$1,307 million denominated in Renminbi and HK\$796 million denominated in United States Dollar), which represented approximately 47% of the Group's total bank loans of HK\$5,911 million.

Out of the Group's total bank loans as at 31 December 2021, HK\$3,649 million (representing approximately 62%) was repayable within one year, HK\$132 million (representing approximately 2%) in the second year and HK\$2,130 million (representing approximately 36%) in the third to fifth years. The Group maintains most of its bank loans on an unsecured basis, with unsecured debt accounting for approximately 96% of total bank loans. In relation to the secured bank loans of HK\$243 million as at 31 December 2021, the securities provided include legal charges over certain non-current assets with aggregate net book value of HK\$1.304 million, assignments of insurance proceeds of certain properties, and certain balances of restricted and pledged deposits. A majority of the bank loans were borrowed at floating interest rates and were not held for hedging purposes.

As at 31 December 2021, the gearing ratio for the Group was 29.0% (2020: 33.6%). The ratio was calculated as total bank loans and overdrafts, divided by equity attributable to the Shareholders excluding put options written on non-controlling interests.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had total undrawn bank loan and overdraft facilities of HK\$8,283 million which may be used to fund material capital expenditure. The Group will also continue to secure financing as and when the need arises.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

STAFF AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had approximately 51,400 employees. The remuneration to employees includes salaries maintained at competitive levels while bonuses are granted on a discretionary basis. The Group provides training to its staff to enhance technical and product knowledge. The Group's remuneration policies are formulated based on the performance of individual employees. Other employee benefits include provident fund, insurance, medical, sponsorship for educational or training programmes, share option schemes and share award scheme.

AWARDS AND CITATIONS

CORPORATE ACCOLADES



HKMA QUALITY AWARD -GRAND AWARD

2021 HKMA QUALITY AWARD



OUTSTANDING GLOBAL 3PL

QUAMNET OUTSTANDING ENTERPRISE AWARDS 2021



JADE AWARD

THE ASSET ESG CORPORATE AWARDS 2021



BEST IR DURING A CORPORATE TRANSACTION

IR MAGAZINE AWARDS -GREATER CHINA 2021



ESG LEADING ENTERPRISE AWARDS

BLOOMBERG BUSINESSWEEK – ESG LEADING ENTERPRISE AWARDS 2021



EXCELLENT ESG ENTERPRISE OF 2020-2021

HONG KONG ECONOMIC TIMES - EXCELLENT ESG RECOGNITION SCHEME

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INDUSTRY RECOGNITION



AIR CARGO SERVICES AWARD

FREIGHT SERVICE AWARDS 2021



- BEST 3PL PROVIDER
- BEST LOGISTICS SERVICE PROVIDER SEA FREIGHT

2021 ASIAN FREIGHT, LOGISTICS & SUPPLY CHAIN AWARDS



ASIA-PACIFIC LOGISTICS COMPANY OF THE YEAR

2021 FROST & SULLIVAN ASIA-PACIFIC BEST PRACTICES AWARDS



2020 TOP 100 CHINA COLD CHAIN LOGISTICS ENTERPRISES

COLD CHAIN LOGISTICS COMMITTEE OF CHINA FEDERATION OF LOGISTICS & PURCHASING



2020 TOP 100 NATIONAL GENERAL WAREHOUSING ENTERPRISES

CHINA ASSOCIATION OF WAREHOUSING AND DISTRIBUTION



2020 TOP 10 CROSS-BORDER E-COMMERCE LOGISTICS ENTERPRISES

CHINA GUANGDONG CROSS-BORDER E-COMMERCE ASSOCIATION

COMMENDATIONS FROM CUSTOMERS AND PARTNERS



PANDEMIC-CONTROL CONTRIBUTION AWARD 2021

DELL TECHNOLOGIES



OUTSTANDING LOGISTICS PROVIDER 2021

SHANGHAI DISNEY



EXCELLENT PROVIDER 2020

LAWSON



GLOBAL SUPPLIER MANAGEMENT AWARD 2021

TTM TECHNOLOGIES



BEST REGIONAL LOGISTICS PARTNER 2020

RAZER



APPRECIATION AWARD FOR DEDICATED LOGISTICS SERVICE

SAN MIGUEL BREWERY

KLN Group has a total of 102 wins, from corporate accolades, industry recognition to commendations from customers and partners

LOCATION	AWARD	ORGANISER				
CORPORATE A	CORPORATE ACCOLADES					
Hong Kong	2021 HKMA Quality Award: Grand Award	The Hong Kong Management Association				
	Quamnet Outstanding Enterprise Awards 2021: Outstanding Global 3PL	Quamnet				
	The Asset ESG Corporate Awards 2021: Jade Award	The Asset Magazine				
	2021 All-Asia Executive Team Annual Ranking (Transportation Sector): Most Honored Company	Institutional Investor				
	2021 All-Asia Executive Team Overall Small & Midcap – 2nd Place (Transportation Sector) Best CEO – William Ma Best CFO – Ellis Cheng Best IR Professionals – Iris Tsang Best IR Program Best ESG	Institutional Investor				
	IR Magazine Awards – Greater China 2021: Best IR during a Corporate Transaction	IR Magazine				
	ESG Leading Enterprises Awards 2021	Bloomberg Businessweek				
	Excellent ESG Enterprise of 2020-2021	Hong Kong Economic Times				
	The Top 100 Hong Kong Listed Companies Selection 2021: Excellent Logistics Enterprise	Top 100 Hong Kong Listed Companies Research Centre				
	Market Leadership Award 2021 • Market Leadership in Logistics • Triple Crown Winner	Hong Kong Institute of Marketing				
	Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Index Series: Member 2021/2022	Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited				
	Caring Company 2021/2022	The Hong Kong Council of Social Service				
	Quality Food Scheme Plus 2021: Diamond Enterprise Winner	GS1 Hong Kong				
	Equal Opportunity Employer Recognition Scheme: Equal Opportunity Employer 2021 Gender Equality Family Status Equality Racial Equality and Inclusion	Equal Opportunities Commission Hong Kong				
	Occupational Health Award 2020-2021: Joyful@Healthy Workplace Best Practices Award - Merit Award	Occupational Safety & Health Council				
	 Best HR Awards 2021 Best Perfect Officer Facilities Award - Grand Best Corporate Wellbeing Programme Award - Grand Best Graduate and Management Trainee Programme Award - Grand 	CTgoodjobs				

CORPORATE ACCOLADES US 2021 International ARC Awards MerComm, Inc. • Gold Winner: Traditional Annual Report – Logistics Services/Enterprises • Bronze Winner: Specialised AR - Combined Annual and Sustainability Report • Bronze Winner: Cover Photo/Design – Logistics Services/Enterprises • Bronze Winner: Interior Design – Logistics Services/Enterprises 2021 iNOVA Awards MerComm, Inc. Silver Winner: Corporate Websites - Logistics League of American Communications 2020 Vision Awards: Annual Report Competition • Gold Award (Transportation & Logistics) Professionals LLC • Top 50 Chinese Annual Reports • Top 80 Annual Reports in APAC - Ranked No 59 United Kingdom The International Annual Report Design Awards 2021 IADA International Limited Annual Report 2020 (Transportation & Logistics) • Silver Winner: Integrated Presentation • Silver Winner: Infographic • Silver Winner: Photography • Bronze Winner: Cover Design Bronze Winner: Interior Design Appreciation Award for Pandemic-control Contribution Taoyuan City Government Taiwan INDUSTRY RECOGNITION Singapore 2021 Asian Freight, Logistics & Supply Chain Awards Asia Cargo News Magazine • Best 3PL Provider • Best Logistics Service Provider - Sea Freight 2021 Frost & Sullivan Asia-Pacific Best Practices Awards: Frost & Sullivan Asia-Pacific Logistics Company of the Year US Armstrong & Associates, Inc. Armstrong & Associates' Ranking (published in 2021) • Top 50 Global 3PLs - Ranked No 17 (ranked by 2020 logistics gross revenue/turnover) • Top 25 Global Freight Forwarders - Ranked No 8 (ranked by 2020 logistics gross revenue/turnover & freight forwarding volume) Transport Topics' Top 50 Logistics Ranking (published in 2021) Transport Topics & Armstrong & • Top 50 Ocean Freight Forwarders - Ranked No 8 Associates, Inc. (ranked by 2020 freight forwarding volume) • Top 50 Air Freight Forwarders – Ranked No 13 (ranked by 2020 freight forwarding volume)

Freight Service Awards 2021: Air Cargo Services Award

ORGANISER

British International Freight Association

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LOCATION

United Kingdom

AWARD

LOCATION	AWARD	ORGANISER
INDUSTRY RECO	OGNITION	
The Mainland	 2020 Top 100 China IFF & Logistics Enterprises Ranked No 5 in Air Freight Gross Revenue Ranked No 13 in Ocean Freight Gross Revenue Ranked No 18 in Road Freight Gross Revenue Ranked No 9 in Logistics Gross Revenue Ranked No 8 in Warehousing Gross Revenue 	China International Freight Forwarders Association
	2020 Top 100 National General Warehousing Enterprises	China Association of Warehousing and Distribution
	2020 Top 100 China Cold Chain Logistics Enterprises	Cold Chain Logistics Committee of China Federation of Logistics & Purchasing
	2020 Top 50 In-house Cold Chain Transportation Capacity Enterprises	Cold Chain Logistics Committee of China Federation of Logistics & Purchasing
	2021 Chemical Logistics Operation Demonstration: Technology and Innovation Project	Dangerous Chemicals Logistics Branch of China Federation of Logistics & Purchasing
	2020 Top 10 Cross-border e-Commerce Logistics Enterprises	China Guangdong Cross-border e-Commerce Association
	National Excellent Customs Brokerage Enterprise Kerry EAS Logistics – Beijing Branch Kerry EAS Logistics – Shanghai Branch Kerry EAS Logistics – Hainan Branch Kerry EAS Logistics – Wuxi Branch Tianjin Kerry EAS Customs Brokerage Limited	China Customs Brokers Association
	2020 Pioneer Enterprise of Digital Transformation in Logistics	Logistics Technology & Equipment Professional Committee of China Communications and Transportation Association
	2020 Excellent Operation and Service Demonstration Unit	Chengdu Logistics Association
India	The 12th South East Cargo & Logistics Awards 2021 • Freight Forwarder of the Year (Multicargo) • Customs Broker of the Year	Exim India Shipping Times
	The 11th All India Maritime and Logistics Awards 2021 Customs Broker of the Year (Import) Business Leader & Visionary of the Decade	Exim India Shipping Times

Awardee: S. Xavier Britto - Chairman of Kerry Indev Logistics

LOCATION	AWARD	ORGANISER		
COMMENDATIO	DATIONS FROM CUSTOMERS AND PARTNERS			
Hong Kong	Global Supplier Management Award 2021	TTM Technologies		
	Best Regional Logistics Partner 2020	Razer		
	Appreciation Award for Dedicated Logistics Service	San Miguel Brewery		
	Excellence in Customer Service 2021	SIEMENS Healthineers		
	High Performance Award 2021	B. Braun		
	Excellent Logistics Business Partner 2021	THERMOS		
	Best Logistics Partner of the Year 2021	Senko International Logistics		
	Best Service Award 2021	Edgewell		
	Best Logistics Business Partner Award 2021	Scott Collections		
	Best Logistics Service Provider 2021	A-1 Bakery		
	Best Cool Courier of the Year 2021	Oisix		
	Best Cool Courier of the Year 2021	Young Master Brewery		
	Appreciation Award for Continuous Support 2021	Food Angel		
The Mainland	Pandemic-control Contribution Award 2021	Dell Technologies		
	Outstanding Logistics Provider 2021	Shanghai Disney		
	Excellent Provider 2020	Lawson		
	Best Logistics Provider	ETRO		
	Best Logistics Provider	GEOX		
	Best Logistics Provider	Goyard		
	Best Logistics Provider	Perstorp		
	Excellent Logistics Provider 2021	illycaffè		
	Excellent Service Provider 2021	Nespresso		
	Best Partner	Yili		
	Pandemic-control Contribution Award 2021	Synear Food		
	Best Logistics Provider	Nixon		
	Excellent Professional Service Provider 2021	Ingredion		
	Best Logistics Provider	Olam		
Singapore	20 years of Outstanding Partnership	Netgear		
	Logistics Partner of the Year 2022	Michelman Asia Pacific		
	Top Agents Award 2020/2021	Singapore Airlines Cargo		
	Top Sales Agent 2020	EVA Air		
Thailand	Certificate of Appreciation	Aditya Birla Chemicals		
Philippines	Outstanding Logistics Supplier of the Year 2021	FiberHome		

Daimler India

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India

Daimler India Supplier Award 2021

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES OF THE COMPANY

The Group is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability.

The Company has applied the principles and code provisions as set out in Part 2 of the CG Code and its corporate governance practices are based on such principles and code provisions. The Directors consider that for the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in Part 2 of the CG Code.

The Company recognises the importance of transparency in governance and accountability to Shareholders. The Board believes that Shareholders can maximise their benefits from good corporate governance. Therefore, the Company regularly reviews its corporate governance practices to ensure alignment with generally acceptable practices and standards.

A THE BOARD

1 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and is responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board has established Board committees and has delegated to these Board committees various responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference. All relevant terms of reference (except for the Finance Committee and the Risk Management Committee) are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

All Directors have carried out their duties in good faith and in compliance with the standards of applicable laws and regulations, and have acted in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders at all times. The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors and officers liability insurance in respect of legal action against the Directors. For more details, please refer to the section headed "Directors' Permitted Indemnity Provision" in the Report of Directors on page 81 of this annual report.

2 DELEGATION OF MANAGEMENT FUNCTION

The Board is responsible for making all major decisions of the Company including: the approval and monitoring of all major policies of the Group, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, notifiable and connected transactions, nomination of directors, Company Secretary and other significant financial and operational matters.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Each Director is entitled to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions are periodically reviewed by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the abovementioned officers.

3 BOARD COMPOSITION

The Board comprises the following Directors:

Mr WANG Wei

(Chairman, Non-executive Director) (appointments effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr KUOK Khoon Hua

(Vice Chairman, Non-executive Director) (resignation as Chairman, appointment as Vice Chairman and re-designation as Non-executive Director effective from 13 October 2021) **Executive Directors**

Mr MA Wing Kai William

(Group Managing Director)

Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky

Mr NG Kin Hang

(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)

Non-executive Directors

Mr CHAN Fei

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr HO Chit

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Ms CHEN Keren

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Ms TONG Shao Ming

(resignation effective from 16 September 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr CHEUNG Wai Man

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina

Ms KHOO Shulamite N K

(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok

(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr ZHANG Yi Kevin

(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)

The list of directors (by category) is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company from time to time pursuant to the Listing Rules. The Independent Non-executive Directors are expressly identified in all corporate communications pursuant to the Listing Rules.

To the best knowledge of the Company, there are no financial, business, family, or other material/relevant relationships among members of the Board.



4 APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of directors are laid down in the Bye-laws. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of directors, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of directors and assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

Each of the Directors (including the Non-executive Director and Independent Non-executive Directors) has signed an appointment letter with the Company for an initial term commencing from his/her respective date of appointment until the next general meeting of the Company, at which he/she will be eligible for re-election. Upon being re-elected, the appointment of the director shall continue for a period of three years and until the conclusion of the third annual general meeting of the Company or such earlier date pursuant to the Bye-laws. The appointments are subject to the provisions of retirement and rotation of directors in accordance with the Bye-laws.

In accordance with the Bye-laws, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation no later than the third annual general meeting after he/she was last elected or re-elected.

5 INDUCTION AND CONTINUING DEVELOPMENT FOR DIRECTORS

Each newly appointed director receives formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

The Directors are continually provided with information related to the developments in the legal and regulatory regime and the business and market environments to facilitate the execution of their responsibilities. Continuing briefing and professional development for Directors were arranged by the Company and its legal adviser.

According to records provided by the Directors, a summary of training received by the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2021 is as follows:

Name of Director	Training
Mr WANG Wei (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	√*
Mr KUOK Khoon Hua	√#
Mr MA Wing Kai William	√#
Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky	√#
Mr CHAN Fei (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	√*
Mr HO Chit (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	√*
Ms CHEN Keren (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	√*
Dr CHEUNG Wai Man (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	√*
Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	√*
Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	√*
Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina	√#

- Director has attended training session arranged by the Company on "Continuing Obligations of Listed Company and its Directors Key Points at a Glance".
- # Director has attended training session arranged by the Company on "Sustainability Vision Statement".

6 BOARD MEETINGS AND GENERAL MEETINGS

NUMBER OF MEETINGS AND DIRECTORS'
ATTENDANCE

Code Provision C.5.1 prescribes that at least four regular board meetings should be held in each year at approximately quarterly intervals with active participation of majority of directors, either in person or through electronic means of communication.

The Board met five times during the year ended 31 December 2021 for discussing pre-conditional voluntary partial cash offer, partial option offer, the related transactions including the warehouses sale agreement, the warehouses management agreements and special dividend, the brand licence agreements, the Taiwan business sale agreement and the shareholders' agreement, discussing and approving the overall strategies and policies of the Company, reviewing and approving the audited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2020, approving term and revolving loan facilities, approving the sustainability vision statement, reviewing and approving the unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2021, approving the corporate governance matters and discussing the reports and suggestions from all Board committees. The attendance records of each Director at the Board meetings are set out below:

	Meetings
	attended/
	eligible
Name of Director	to attend

Name of Director	wattenu
Mr WANG Wei (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	1/1
Mr KUOK Khoon Hua	5/5
Mr MA Wing Kai William	5/5
Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky	5/5
Mr CHAN Fei (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	1/1
Mr HO Chit (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	1/1
Ms CHEN Keren (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	1/1
Dr CHEUNG Wai Man (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	1/1
Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	1/1
Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	1/1
Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina	5/5
Ms TONG Shao Ming (resignation effective from 16 September 2021)	4/4
Mr NG Kin Hang (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	4/4
Ms KHOO Shulamite N K (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	4/4
Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	4/4
Mr ZHANG Yi Kevin (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	4/4

Other than the above full Board meetings, Mr KUOK Khoon Hua (Chairman until 13 October 2021 and Vice Chairman effective from 13 October 2021) also held an annual meeting with the Non-executive Director and Independent Non-executive Directors without the presence of any of the other Executive Directors. The attendance of such Directors at the meeting is as follows:

attended/ eligible Name of Director to attend 1/1 Mr KUOK Khoon Hua Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina 1/1 Ms TONG Shao Ming (resignation effective from 16 September 2021) 1/1 Ms KHOO Shulamite N K (resignation effective from 13 October 2021) 1/1 Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok (resignation effective from 13 October 2021) 1/1 Mr ZHANG Yi Kevin (resignation effective from 13 October 2021) 1/1

Meetings

The Company held one annual general meeting and one special general meeting in relation to major transaction, connected transaction and special deal under the warehouses sale agreement, continuing connected transaction and special deal under the warehouses management agreements, discloseable transaction, connected transaction and special deal under the Taiwan business sale agreement, continuing connected transaction and special deal under the brand licence agreements, special deal under the shareholders' agreement and proposed amendments to the Byelaws, discloseable transaction, continuing connected transaction and special deal under the framework services agreement both on 26 May 2021 during the year ended 31 December 2021. All proposed Shareholders' resolutions put to the above general meetings were resolved by poll vote and were duly passed. The vote tally of each such resolution was set out in the Company's announcements released on the day of the general meetings. The attendance of the members of the Board at the said general meetings is as follows:

Name of Director	Meeting attended eligible to atten
Mr WANG Wei (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	N//
Mr KUOK Khoon Hua	2/
Mr MA Wing Kai William	2/
Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky	2/
Mr CHAN Fei (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	N/A
Mr HO Chit (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	N/A
Ms CHEN Keren (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	N/A
Dr CHEUNG Wai Man (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	N/
Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	N/
Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	N/
Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina	2/
Ms TONG Shao Ming (resignation effective from 16 September 2021)	2/
Mr NG Kin Hang (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	2/
Ms KHOO Shulamite N K (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	2/
Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	0/
Mr7HANG Vi Kevin	

(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)

2/2

PRACTICES AND CONDUCT OF MEETINGS

Annual meeting schedules and draft agenda of each meeting are made available to Directors in advance.

Notices of regular Board meetings are served to all Directors at least 14 days before the meetings. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notices are generally given.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors at least three days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary.

The senior management (including the general manager) attend all regular global executive committee meetings, chaired by the Group Managing Director and where necessary, other Board and committee meetings to advise on business developments, financial and accounting matters, statutory and regulatory compliance, corporate governance and other major aspects of the Company.

The Company Secretary is responsible for taking and keeping minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings except for the Remuneration Committee and Risk Management Committee meetings, Minutes of the Remuneration Committee meetings are taken by the secretary of the Remuneration Committee appointed by the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. Minutes of the Risk Management Committee meetings are taken by the secretary of the Risk Management Committee appointed in accordance with its terms of reference. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for Directors' inspection.

The Bye-laws contain provisions requiring directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors or any of their respective close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) or (in relation to any transaction which is a connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules) associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) have a material interest, subject to exceptions stated therein.

7 INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

During the year, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of Independent Non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board and at least one Independent Non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

Prior to their respective appointment, each of the Independent Non-executive Directors has submitted a written statement to the Stock Exchange confirming their independence and has undertaken to inform the Stock Exchange as soon as practicable if there is any subsequent change of circumstances which may affect their independence. The Company has also received a written confirmation from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors in respect of their independence. The Company considers all Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence requirements set out in the Listing Rules.

The Independent Non-executive Directors take an active role in Board meetings, contribute to the development of strategies and policies and make sound judgment in various aspects. They will take lead when potential conflicts of interest arise. They are also members of various Board committees and devote sufficient amount of time and attention to the affairs of the Company.

B CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Code Provision C.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr KUOK Khoon Hua acted as the Chairman of the Board until 13 October 2021, and Mr WANG Wei acted as the Chairman of the Board effective from 13 October 2021. The Chairman provides leadership for the Board and is responsible for chairing the meetings, managing the operations of the Board and ensuring that all major and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely and constructive manner. He is also responsible for setting the strategic vision, direction and goals of the Group and participates in the Group's strategic and key operational decision-making processes. The Chairman is the primary responsible person for ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established, and that appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with Shareholders and that their views are communicated to the Board as a whole.

The Group Managing Director is Mr MA Wing Kai William, who performs the functions of the chief executive and is responsible for overseeing the operations and investment as well as exploring new business opportunities for the Group.

To facilitate discussion of all key and appropriate issues by the Board in a timely manner, the Chairman of the Board co-ordinates with the senior management to provide adequate, complete and reliable information to all Directors for consideration and review.

C BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established five committees, namely, the Remuneration Committee, Audit and Compliance Committee, Nomination Committee, Finance Committee and Risk Management Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All of these five committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference.

The majority of the members of the Remuneration Committee, Audit and Compliance Committee and Nomination Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors. The members of the Finance Committee are Executive Directors and the Non-executive Director, while members of the Risk Management Committee are Executive Director, a member of the senior management and a department head of the Company.

The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

1 REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established a remuneration committee with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph E.1 of Part 2 of the CG Code. The Remuneration Committee consists of three Independent Non-executive Directors, being Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon, Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul and Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina, one Non-executive Director, being

Mr WANG Wei, and one Executive Director. being Mr MA Wing Kai William. The chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon. Ms KHOO Shulamite N K stepped down as the chairman and a member of the Remuneration Committee and each of Mr KUOK Khoon Hua, Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok and Mr ZHANG Yi Kevin stepped down as a member of the Remuneration Committee effective on 13 October 2021, Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon has been appointed as the chairman and a member of the Remuneration Committee and each of Mr WANG Wei, Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul and Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina has been appointed as a member of the Remuneration Committee effective on 13 October 2021.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, but are not limited to: (i) making recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on such remuneration; (ii) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives and ensuring that it is consistent with contractual terms and are reasonable and appropriate; and (iii) determining the terms of the remuneration package of the Directors and senior management with reference to their time commitment and responsibilities, and employment condition in the Group, and comparable companies.

The Remuneration Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 December 2021 to review the remuneration policy and structure of the Company, to make recommendations to the Board on determining the annual remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and the senior management and other related matters, to evaluate plan manager and trustee for the Share Award Scheme and to review terms of reference annually.

The attendance records of the Remuneration Committee are set out below:

Name of Director	Board capacity (during the period of membership)	eligible
Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon (Chairman, appointed as chairman and member on 13 October 2021)	INED	1/1
Mr WANG Wei (appointed on 13 October 2021)	Chairman, NED	1/1
Mr MA Wing Kai William	Group Managing Director, ED	2/2
Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul (appointed on 13 October 2021)	INED	1/1
Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina (appointed on 13 October 2021)	INED	1/1
Ms KHOO Shulamite N K (stepped down as chairman and member on 13 October 2021)	INED	1/1
Mr KUOK Khoon Hua (stepped down on 13 October 2021)	Chairman, ED	1/1
Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok (stepped down on 13 October 2021)	INED	1/1
Mr ZHANG Yi Kevin (stepped down on 13 October 2021)	INED	1/1

The Remuneration Committee has the delegated responsibility to determine the remuneration packages of the individual Executive Directors and the senior management.

The remuneration for the Executive Directors and senior management comprises salary and discretionary bonus.

Salaries are reviewed annually. Salary increases of Executive Directors and senior management are made where the Remuneration Committee believes that adjustments are appropriate to reflect performance, contribution, increased responsibilities and/or by reference to market/sector trends.

In addition to salary, Executive Directors and senior management are eligible to receive a discretionary bonus, the amount of which shall be reviewed and approved by the Remuneration Committee who shall take into consideration factors such as market conditions as well as corporate and individual performances.

In order to attract, retain and motivate executives and key employees serving any member of the Group, Directors and senior management are also eligible to participate in the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Non-executive Directors (other than the Chairman and the Vice Chairman), the Independent Non-executive Directors and the members of the Board committees (other than the Chairman, the Vice Chairman and the Executive Director(s)), were entitled to the following annual fees:

- . .

Annual fee	Amount (HK\$)	Basis of pro-rating for the year
As NED*/INED	300,000	Period of directorship
	5,000	Attendance rate at Board meetings
As Remuneration Committee member*/chairman	50,000/80,000	Period of membership
	5,000	Attendance rate at meetings
As Audit and Compliance Committee member/chairman	120,000/200,000	Period of membership
	5,000	Attendance rate at meetings
As Nomination Committee member*/chairman	50,000/80,000	Period of membership
	5,000	Attendance rate at meetings
As Finance Committee member#	N/A	Period of membership
	N/A	Attendance rate at meetings
As Risk Management Committee member#	N/A	Period of membership
	N/A	Attendance rate at meetings

^{*} Neither the Chairman nor the Vice Chairman is entitled to receive any annual fee or attendance fee as a Non-executive Director or, as a member of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee.

Details of the remuneration paid to each of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 12 to the Financial Statements.

The remuneration paid to each of the senior management members of the Group (as named in the section of "Senior Management") by band for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out in note 12 to the Financial Statements.

2 AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The Board has established an audit and compliance committee in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph A.2 as well as paragraph D.3 of Part 2 of the CG Code.

The written terms of reference of the Audit and Compliance Committee were revised on 8 December 2021 to tidy-up the existing terms of reference. The revised terms of reference were set out in the Company's announcement released on 10 December 2021 and were made available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Audit and Compliance Committee consists of two Independent Non-executive Directors, being Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina and Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon and one Non-executive Director, being Mr HO Chit. The chairman of the Audit and Compliance Committee is Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina, who holds the appropriate professional qualifications as required under Rules 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules. Ms TONG Shao Ming stepped down as a member of the Audit and Compliance Committee effective on 16 September 2021, Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok was appointed and subsequently stepped down as a member of the Audit and Compliance Committee effective on 16 September 2021 and 13 October 2021 respectively, Mr ZHANG Yi Kevin stepped down as a member of the Audit and Compliance Committee effective on 13 October 2021, and each of Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon and Mr HO Chit has been appointed as a member of the Audit and Compliance Committee effective on 13 October 2021.

The primary duties of the Audit and Compliance Committee include, but are not limited to: (i) reviewing and monitoring the relationship of the external auditor and the Group, particularly the independence and objectivity and effectiveness of the external auditor; (ii) providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control, compliance and risk management systems of the Group; (iii) overseeing the audit process and performing other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board; (iv) developing, reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and requirements

under the Listing Rules; (v) reviewing the financial information of the Company and ensuring compliance with accounting standards and reviewing significant adjustments resulting from audit; and (vi) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct applicable to the Company's employees and Directors.

As at the date of this annual report, the Audit and Compliance Committee has considered and reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and has discussed matters in relation to internal control and financial reporting with the management. The Audit and Compliance Committee considers that the financial results for the year ended 31 December 2021 are in compliance with the relevant accounting standards, rules and regulations and appropriate disclosures have been duly made.

The Audit and Compliance Committee held four meetings during the year ended 31 December 2021 to review the audited annual results and financial report for the year ended 31 December 2020, the financial reporting and the compliance procedures, the corporate governance policy and practice, the internal audit plan and reports, the unaudited interim results and financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2021, the non-exempt continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2021, the policies and practices regarding compliance with laws and regulations, the financial, operational and compliance monitoring, the risk management control, the work of the internal and external auditor, as well as the service fees due to the external auditor and terms of reference annually.

^{*} All members of the Finance Committee are either Executive Directors or a Non-executive Director, and all members of the Risk Management Committee are an Executive Director, a member of the senior management or a department head of the Company, and no annual fee or attendance fee is applicable.

The attendance records of the Audit and Compliance Committee are set out below:

Name of Director	Board Capacity (during the period of membership)	attended/ eligible
Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina (Chairman)	INED	4/4
Mr HO Chit (appointed on 13 October 2021)	NED	1/1
Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon (appointed on 13 October 2021)	INED	1/1
Ms TONG Shao Ming (stepped down on 16 September 2021)	NED	3/3
Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok (appointed and stepped down on 16 September 2021 and 13 October 2021 respectively)*	INED	N/A
Mr ZHANG Yi Kevin (stepped down on 13 October 2021)	INED	3/3

^{*} No meeting was held during Mr Yeo's tenure as member of the Audit and Compliance Committee.

The Company's results for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit and Compliance Committee on 22 March 2022.

The Audit and Compliance Committee reported that it had duly performed its duties relating to the corporate governance functions and it was not aware of any terms of corporate governance being violated during the year ended 31 December 2021.

3 NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established a nomination committee with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.3 of Part 2 of the CG Code. The Nomination Committee consists of three Independent Non-executive Directors, being Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul, Dr CHEUNG Wai Man and Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon, and two Non-executive Directors, being Mr WANG Wei and Mr KUOK Khoon Hua. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul. Mr KUOK Khoon Hua has stepped down as chairman of the Nomination Committee on 13 October 2021 but remained as a member. Each of Ms KHOO Shulamite N K. Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina and Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok stepped down as a member of the Nomination Committee effective on 13 October 2021. Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul has been appointed as the chairman and a member of the Nomination Committee and each of Mr WANG Wei, Dr CHEUNG Wai Man and Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon has been appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee effective on 13 October 2021.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, but are not limited to (i) identifying, selecting and recommending to the Board appropriate candidates to serve as Directors and general manager of the Company, and identify candidates for succession planning; (ii) overseeing the process for evaluating the performance of the Board; (iii) developing, recommending to the Board and monitoring nomination guidelines for the Company; and (iv) assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee passed two resolutions in writing by all committee members during the year ended 31 December 2021 in lieu of holding a meeting to recommend the changes in composition of the Board and various committee members.

The Nomination Policy adopted by the Company on 21 December 2018 provides that the Nomination Committee shall recommend to the Board for the nomination. re-appointment of new Directors in accordance with the following procedures and process: (a) the Nomination Committee shall review and assess factors in line with the diversity of the Board, including but not limited to professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, and shall consider the candidate's availability to devote sufficient time to the Board and independence of each Independent Non-executive Director based on the requirements of the Listing Rules (as amended from time to time); (b) the Nomination Committee shall nominate suitable candidates to the Board and make recommendations to Shareholders for election as Non-executive Directors at general meetings or appoint as Non-executive Directors to fill casual vacancies based on the then-current and anticipated future leadership needs of the Company, with a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development of the Company; and (c) the Nomination Committee shall review and monitor the implementation of the Nomination Policy of the Company, as appropriate from time to time, and will report annually in the annual reports of the Company. The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to the recommendation of candidates to stand for election at any general meeting.

Prior to the listing of the Company on 19 December 2013 and up to the year ended 31 December 2021, the composition and diversity of the Board were considered by taking into account the Board Diversity Policy including the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business development of the Company and for effective leadership. All the Executive Directors possess extensive and diversified experience in management and broad industrial experience such as the logistics industry and other companies. The five Non-executive Directors and the four Independent Non-executive Directors possess professional knowledge in logistics, supply chain management, information technology, corporate finance, accountancy, commercial law and legal, respectively with broad and extensive experience in business advisory and management, respectively.

Where vacancies on the Board arise, the Nomination Committee will carry out the selection process in accordance with the Board Diversity Policy of the Company and by making reference to a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to the skills, professional experience, knowledge and length of service of the proposed candidates, cultural and educational background, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

4 FINANCE COMMITTEE

The Board has established a finance committee in compliance with paragraphs A.2 and C.4 of Part 2 of the CG Code with written terms of reference since March 2014. The Finance Committee consists of two Executive Directors, being Mr MA Wing Kai William and Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky and one Non-executive Director, being Mr CHAN Fei. The chairman of the Finance Committee is Mr MA Wing Kai William. Ms TONG Shao Ming stepped down as a member of the Finance Committee effective on 16 September 2021, Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky has been appointed as a member of the Finance Committee effective on 16 September 2021, Mr NG Kin Hang stepped down as a member of the Finance Committee effective on 13 October 2021 and Mr CHAN Fei has been appointed as a member of the Finance Committee effective on 13 October 2021.

The primary duties of the Finance Committee include, but are not limited to: (i) review and approve all significant acquisitions, investments, disposal of assets, contracts and variations, and new project commitments, (ii) review and approve all major treasury policies and products on financing, derivatives and financial risk management; and (iii) review and approve the banking facilities and the granting of guarantees and indemnities; whereby the financial impact of each of the incidents/activities stated above falls under certain threshold as specified in the terms of reference.

The Finance Committee passed resolutions in writing by all committee members during the year ended 31 December 2021 in lieu of holding a meeting to review and approve allotment of shares and lapse of options pursuant to the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, corporate guarantees, and terms of reference annually.

5 RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Board has established a risk management committee with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph D.2 of Part 2 of the CG Code since November 2015. The Risk Management Committee consists of one Executive Director, being Mr MA Wing Kai William, a member of the senior management and a department head of the Company, who are non-members of the Board. The chairman of the Risk Management Committee is Mr MA Wing Kai William. Each of Mr NG Kin Hang and a member of the senior management stepped down as a member of the Risk Management Committee effective on 13 October 2021.

The primary duties of the Risk Management Committee include, but are not limited to: (i) evaluate the Company's risk management system; (ii) review and advise the Board on the implementation and effectiveness of the Company's risk management system and policies; (iii) discuss the risk management system with the management to ensure that the management has performed its duties in establishing and maintaining an effective risk management system, including adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's risk management function; (iv) consider major findings and investigation on risk management matters as delegated by the Board; and (v) conduct an annual review of the Company's risk management system.

The Risk Management Committee oversees and monitors the risk management system of the Company on an ongoing basis and reviews with our management continuously throughout the year, the scope, adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's corporate accounting and financial controls, risk management systems, and any related significant findings regarding risks or exposures and considers recommendations for improvement of such controls. The review covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. For details of the review, please refer to the section headed "G Risk Management and Internal Controls" on page 44 of this annual report.

In conducting its annual review, the Risk Management Committee considers in particular factors including (a) the changes, since the last annual review, in the nature and extent of significant risks, and the Company's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment; (b) the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems, and where applicable, the work of our internal audit function and other assurance providers; (c) the extent and frequency of communication of monitoring results to the Board which enables it to assess control of the Company and the effectiveness of risk management; (d) significant control failings or weaknesses that have been identified during the period; and (e) other factors which affect the effectiveness of the Company's risk management system.

No meeting was held by the Risk Management Committee during the year ended 31 December 2021, though all committee members have communicated electronically on the above matters and reported to the Audit and Compliance Committee from time to time.

D MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code. Specific enquiries have been made to all the Directors (including Mr WANG Wei, Chairman of the Board and Non-executive Director, Mr CHAN Fei, Mr HO Chit and Ms CHEN Keren. Non-executive Directors, and Dr CHEUNG Wai Man, Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon and Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul, Independent Nonexecutive Directors, whose appointments all became effective on 13 October 2021) and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code (i) during the year ended 31 December 2021; or (ii) during the period from their respective appointment dates and up to 31 December 2021, as the case mav be.

The Company's employees, who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company, are also subject to the Model Code for securities transactions. No incident of non-compliance of the Model Code by the employees was noted by the Company.

E DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the Financial Statements and for ensuring the Financial Statements are published in a timely manner.

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other financial disclosures required by the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The senior management has provided such explanation and information to the Board as necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the financial information and position of the Company put to the Board for approval.

F EXTERNAL AUDITOR AND AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The statement of the external auditor of the Company about its reporting responsibilities for the Financial Statements is set out under the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" in this annual report.

The external auditor of the Company will be invited to attend the annual general meeting to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report and auditor's independence.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the remuneration paid to the external auditor (including its other member firms) of the Company in respect of audit services and non-audit services amounted to HK\$29,699,000 and HK\$17,939,000 respectively. The non-audit services primarily represent non-recurring services e.g. due diligence and professional services rendered in connection with the Company's capital market transactions, as well as taxation services.

The Auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong, will retire and offer itself for reappointment at the forthcoming AGM.

G RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board considers the risk management and internal control systems of the Group are effective and adequate.

The Board is responsible for maintaining an adequate risk management and internal control system to safeguard Shareholders' investments and Company's assets, and reviewing the effectiveness of such on an annual basis through the Audit and Compliance Committee and Risk Management Committee. The risk profile of the Company is collectively discussed and defined by the senior management of the Company. The risk profile identifies major risks and defines acceptable levels for each risk type. Risks that exceed the approved risk appetite shall be adjusted by transferring, sharing or eliminating them, or by implementing other risk mitigation measures, with the aim of reducing the quantum and frequency of loss.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board has conducted a review on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and is of the view that such systems are effective. The review has covered the financial, operational and compliance aspects of the Group.

The Risk Management Committee is of the view that risk management and internal control shall be in line with the Company's operation scale, business scope, competition and risk level, and shall be adjusted in a timely manner according to the changes in circumstances.

A summary of major work conducted by the Company during the reporting period in relation to risk management and internal control is as follows:

- Management is responsible for setting the appropriate tone from the top. The members of the Risk Management Committee met with senior management and regional heads from time to time to identify major risks and uncertainties pertaining to the Group's business through the process of risk identification and assessment. Once major risks were identified, the Risk Management Committee endeavoured to evaluate and compare the level of risks identified against predetermined acceptable levels of risk;
- The Company also adopts a bottom-up approach which involves the identification of risks in major operating activities by regional heads. For risk management and monitoring, regional heads communicated with the heads of business units, departments and divisions from time to time to monitor risks identified and come up with measures and response plans to manage and mitigate risks identified in day-to-day business operations. The Risk Management Committee also followed-up periodically the implementation of such measures and response plans;

- The management evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of the internal control regarding financial reporting for 2021 and did not discover any material weaknesses as a result of the evaluation;
- The management reviewed the systems, policies and procedures on disclosure of inside information including annual review of the policy on inside information disclosure. Further, with a view to identifying, handling and disseminating inside information in compliance with the SFO, procedures including pre-clearance on dealing in Company's securities by Directors and designated members of the management, notification of regular blackout period and securities dealing restrictions to relevant Directors and employees, identification of project by code name and dissemination of information to stated purpose and on a need-toknow basis have been implemented by the Company to guard against possible mishandling of inside information within the Group;
- A whistleblowing policy and system had been reviewed for employees and those who deal with the Company to raise concerns, in confidence, about possible improprieties in any matter relating to the Company and the Audit and Compliance Committee has reviewed such policy and system and ensured that proper arrangement are in place for fair and independent investigation of the matters;

- The Company maintained a mechanism for rectifying internal control defects under which the relevant department heads have clear responsibilities of rectifying internal control defects in their respective departments ranging from legal, regulatory to operation; and
- During the reporting period, the Company's internal audit department provided independent assurance as to the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems. The financial condition, operational control and compliance control of the Company were examined by the internal audit department according to the audit plan approved by the Audit and Compliance Committee and the Board. Different audit areas were assigned according to risk priority. The internal audit department assisted the Board to monitor the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. After completion of an internal audit, analysis, appraisals, recommendations related to the activities inspected were formulated. The internal audit department reported to the Audit and Compliance Committee and the Board about internal audit findings, internal audit recommendation and the management responses. In addition, the internal audit function maintained a regular dialogue with the Company's external auditors so that both are aware of the significant factors which may affect their respective scope of work.

H COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company considers that effective communication with Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company also recognises the importance of transparency and timely disclosure of corporate information, which will enable Shareholders and investors to make the best investment decisions.

The general meetings of the Company are expected to provide a forum for communication between the Board and the Shareholders. The Chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of the Remuneration Committee, Audit and Compliance Committee, Nomination Committee, Finance Committee and Risk Management Committee and, in their absence, other members of the respective committees are available to answer questions at Shareholders' meetings.

To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website at www.kln.com, where information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

The Company has established the Shareholders Communication Policy since the listing of the Company on 19 December 2013 and continually reviews it on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness.

I SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at Shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors.

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office, namely, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54. Hopewell Centre. 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong. Shareholders who wish to put enquiries to the Board can send their enquiries to the Company Secretary who will ensure these enquiries are properly directed to the Board. Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available. Corporate communications of the Company will be provided to Shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate Shareholders' understanding. Shareholders have the right to choose the language (either English or Chinese) or means of receipt of the corporate communications (in hard copy or through electronic means).

Shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company may deposit a requisition to convene a special general meeting and state the purpose therefor at the Company's registered office in Bermuda at Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda. Shareholders who wish to put forward proposals for the Company's consideration at the general meetings can send their proposals to the Company Secretary.

All resolutions put forward at a general meeting will be taken by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules. Shareholders who are unable to attend the general meeting can appoint proxies to attend and vote at the general meeting. The Chairman of the general meeting will provide explanation of the detailed procedures for conducting a poll and then answer questions (if any) from the Shareholders regarding voting by way of poll. In addition, the poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after the Shareholders' meeting.

DIVIDEND POLICY

Pursuant to the dividend policy duly approved by the Board on 11 December 2018, subject to the Bye-laws, the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and other applicable laws and regulations, the Company currently targets to distribute to its Shareholders approximately 30% of its core net profit for each financial year end. Any proposed distribution of dividends is subject to the discretion of the Board and the approval of the Shareholders. Special dividend will also be considered when circumstances permit. Recommendations for distribution of dividends will be made after taking into account the results of operations, financial condition, operating requirements, capital requirements, Shareholders' interests and any other conditions that the Board may deem relevant.

K COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms LEE Pui Nee, the Company Secretary, is a full-time employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. She reports to the Chairman, Group Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure the Board procedures, and all applicable law, rules and regulations, are followed.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company Secretary has complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules by taking no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

L CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Memorandum of Continuance and Amended and Restated Bye-laws of the Company has been conditionally adopted by a special resolution passed on 26 May 2021 and with effect from 16 September 2021.

On 26 May 2021, the Shareholders approved the adoption by the Company of certain amendments to the Bye-laws, to reflect arrangements agreed between Flourish Harmony, S.F. Holding, KHL and KPL pursuant to a shareholders' agreement with respect to Board composition and Board reserved matters. Such amendments came into effect on 16 September 2021. Please refer to the Circular and the announcement of the Company dated 7 May 2021 for details.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

CHAIRMAN, NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

WANG Wei

Aged 51, has been the Chairman and a Nonexecutive Director of the Company since October 2021.

Mr Wang has over 28 years of experience in the logistics industry. Having founded S.F. Holding in 1993, Mr Wang is S.F. Holding's controlling shareholder and has been its chairman of the board of directors and general manager since December 2016. S.F. Holding is a Controlling Shareholder of the Company.

Since February 2021, Mr Wang has acted as non-executive director and chairman of the board of directors of SF REIT Asset Management Limited, the manager of SF Real Estate Investment Trust (a Hong Kong collective investment scheme authorised under section 104 of the SFO and listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code 2191).

VICE CHAIRMAN, NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

KUOK Khoon Hua

Aged 43, has been the Vice Chairman and a Nonexecutive Director of the Company since October 2021.

Mr Kuok was an Executive Director of the Company from November 2013 to October 2021 and the Chairman of the Company from May 2019 to October 2021. He has been chairman of KHL since October 2016 and director of KHL since January 2010, vice chairman and chief executive officer of KPL since June 2019, director of KGL since August 2012, and director of Kuok (Singapore) Limited since September 2016. Mr Kuok is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. KGL and KHL are each a Controlling Shareholder of the Company. KPL is a Substantial Shareholder of the Company. Mr Kuok has also acted as non-independent nonexecutive director of Wilmar International Limited (a company listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange, stock code F34) since July 2016 and director of Sea Limited (whose American depositary shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange, stock code SE) since October 2017. He was non-executive director of KPL from June 2015 to May 2019.

Mr Kuok obtained a bachelor's degree in economics from Harvard University in the United States in 2003.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

MA Wing Kai William

Aged 60, is the Group Managing Director of the Company.

Mr Ma joined the group of KHL in September 1990 and served as an executive director of KPL from March 2004 to November 2013. KHL and KPL are a Controlling Shareholder and a Substantial Shareholder of the Company respectively.

In June 1999, Mr Ma became director and general manager of Kerry Godown Holdings (BVI) Limited ("Kerry Godown"). He then transformed Kerry Godown into Kerry Warehouse Holdings Limited and successfully spearheaded the formation of the Company in 2000. During the entire restructure and transformation of the Company, he established full-fledged logistics services locally, regionally and globally. Business territories spread from Hong Kong to the Mainland, from Asia Pacific to Europe, the Americas, and Africa. He was designated as Deputy Chairman & Managing Director of the Company in April 2004 and since spinning off of the Company from KPL in December 2013, he has been Group Managing Director to date. Mr Ma had served as a director of Kerry TJ Logistics Company Limited (a company listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, stock code 2608) from November 2008 to June 2019.

Mr Ma had also served as Member and/or an Advisory Committee Member in various HKSAR government committees, quasi-government bodies, non-government organisations and education institutions over the years.

In November 2017, Mr Ma was selected as an awardee for Directors of Year Awards 2017 in the Executive Directors category of Listed Companies (SEHK – Hang Seng Indexes Constituents) organised by The Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

Mr Ma obtained his bachelor of science (management sciences) honours degree from the University of Lancaster, the United Kingdom in 1985, and completed an executive supply chain program at Harvard Business School in 2000.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky

Aged 62, has been an Executive Director of the Company since April 2020.

Mr Cheung is a director of Apex Maritime Co., Inc. and its affiliates (collectively, "Apex Group"), which are currently subsidiaries of the Company. In 1990, Mr Cheung founded his own freight forwarding company, Apex Group, and has been a director since then. Apex Group has been recognised as one of the top three volume providers for the Transpacific Trade and the Company acquired 51% equity interests in Apex Group in 2016 and subsequently acquired the remaining 49% equity interests in Apex Group in 2020.

Mr Cheung obtained a bachelor's degree in science (business administration and accounting) from San Francisco State University in the United States in 1985.

CHAN Fei

Aged 47, has been a Non-executive Director of the Company since October 2021.

Mr Chan has over 20 years of experience in management. He joined S.F. Holding in March 2016 as assistant chief executive officer, and acted as chief strategy officer between January 2018 and March 2021. Mr Chan has served as S.F. Holding's director and deputy general manager since December 2019. Prior to joining S.F. Holding, Mr Chan was executive director of the investment banking division of Goldman Sachs (a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange, stock code GS) from July 2006 to March 2016. S.F. Holding is a Controlling Shareholder of the Company.

Since December 2019, Mr Chan has acted as non-executive director and chairman of the board of directors of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Stock Exchange on 14 December 2021, stock code 9699).

Mr Chan obtained a bachelor's degree in business administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in Hong Kong in December 1999, a bachelor's degree in law from University of London in the United Kingdom in August 2003 and a master's degree in business administration from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania in the United States in May 2006.

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HO Chit

Aged 47, has been a Non-executive Director of the Company since October 2021.

Mr Ho has over 20 years of experience in auditing, financial control and corporate finance and business management. He joined S.F. Holding in September 2021 as deputy general manager and chief financial officer. Mr Ho has served as non-independent director of S.F. Holding since November 2021. Prior to joining S.F. Holding, Mr Ho served as chief executive officer of Fox Financial Technology Group Limited from April 2014 to September 2021 and held a number of senior financial positions in several NASDAQ listed companies from 2005 to 2014. S.F. Holding is a Controlling Shareholder of the Company.

Since April 2022, Mr Ho has acted as non-executive director of SF REIT Asset Management Limited, the manager of SF Real Estate Investment Trust (a Hong Kong collective investment scheme authorised under section 104 of the SFO and listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code 2191). Since August 2015, he has also acted as independent director of China Great Wall Securities Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code 002939). Mr Ho served as independent non-executive director of 7Road Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code 00797) from July 2018 to December 2018 and independent director of Zhaopin.com Limited (whose American depositary shares were delisted from the New York Stock Exchange in October 2017) from June 2014 to September 2017.

Mr Ho obtained a bachelor's degree in business administration (accounting and finance) from the University of Hong Kong in Hong Kong in December 1997 and an executive master of business administration degree from Tsinghua University in the PRC in July 2013. Mr Ho is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

CHEN Keren

Aged 56, has been a Non-executive Director of the Company since October 2021.

Ms Chen has over 30 years of experience in legal and corporate services. She worked at an international law firm, Sinclair, Roche & Temperley, London between September 1988 and February 1994, and joined the firm's Hong Kong office in March 1994 as solicitor. She remained with Sinclair, Roche & Temperley, Hong Kong as partner until February 1998. In March 1998, Ms Chen joined Kerry Trading Co., Limited as legal counsel, and has since become group co-general counsel, company secretary, head of company secretarial and compliance and director of corporate services of KGL. KGL is one of the Controlling Shareholders of the Company.

Ms Chen obtained a bachelor's degree in law from the London School of Economics and Political Science in the United Kingdom in July 1987. She is a qualified solicitor in Hong Kong and England and Wales.

CHEUNG Wai Man

Aged 63, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since October 2021.

Dr Cheung is currently associate dean, Graduate Studies of Business School, The Chinese University of Hong Kong ("CUHK") in Hong Kong. Dr Cheung has been director of the Asian Institute of Supply Chains & Logistics as well as the Center of Cyber Logistics at CUHK since 2006. He has also served as executive director of the Asia-Pacific Institute of Business at CUHK since 2016. Dr Cheung joined the department of decision sciences and managerial economics at CUHK as assistant professor in 1992, and has since become a full professor at the same department.

Dr Cheung obtained a bachelor's degree in science (civil engineering) from the National Taiwan University in Taiwan in June 1982, a master of business administration degree from the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in the United States in December 1986 and completed his doctor of philosophy degree in decision sciences and engineering systems at the same institute in December 1991.

LAI Sau Cheong Simon

Aged 61, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since October 2021.

Mr Lai has over 30 years of experience in corporate finance and commercial law fields. He joined Deacons in 1985 and was head of its corporate finance practice before retiring from partnership in 2008. Mr Lai re-joined Deacons as a consultant in January 2012 and in November 2016, he joined the Chow Tai Fook group. Mr Lai has since acted as general counsel (head of legal and secretarial) of Chow Tai Fook Enterprises Limited and as group general counsel and joint company secretary of Chow Tai Fook Jewellery Group Limited (a company listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code 1929).

Mr Lai obtained a bachelor's degree in law from the University of Hong Kong ("HKU") in Hong Kong in November 1982 and a postgraduate certificate in law from HKU in July 1983. He is a qualified solicitor in Hong Kong, England and Wales, New South Wales, Australia and Australian Capital Territory, Australia. Capital Territory, Australia.

Mr Lai currently serves on a number of committees of The Law Society of Hong Kong including as chairman of its company law committee, prior to which he acted as director and council member between 2016 and 2019. Mr Lai had also served on a number of public appointments in Hong Kong.

TAN Chuen Yan Paul

Aged 63, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since October 2021.

Mr Tan has over 35 years of experience in the legal industry, having practised as a solicitor in both Hong Kong and Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. He joined Baker McKenzie in July 1982 and was managing partner of its Hong Kong, the Mainland of China, Vietnam and Korea offices in 1997 to 1999, and 2013 to 2015. He had also served as chairman of the Firm Global Nominating Committee and head of Hong Kong Commercial and Securities Practice. Mr Tan retired as a partner of Baker McKenzie in December 2019. Mr Tan has since become a vice chairman and company secretary of the Hong Chi Association, a government subvented charity dedicated to the welfare and training of mentally challenged children in Hong Kong.

Mr Tan was vice president of the Law Society of Hong Kong from 2000 to 2003, having been a council member since 1995. He was the convenor of Solicitors Disciplinary Tribunal and currently serves as a member of the Tribunal. Mr Tan has also served on a number of public appointments in Hong Kong, including as chairman of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Appeal Board, Occupational Retirement Schemes Appeal Board and the Appeal Tribunal Panel (Buildings). He also served as the independent trustee of the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology Staff Superannuation Scheme and the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology Ancillary Staff Superannuation Scheme.

Mr Tan received from the University of Sydney in Australia a bachelor's degree in economics in April 1980, a bachelor's degree and a master's degree in law in February 1982 and June 1985, respectively. He is a qualified solicitor in Hong Kong and New South Wales, Australia.

WONG Yu Pok Marina JP

Aged 73, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since November 2013.

Ms Wong has served as an independent nonexecutive director of KPL since May 2008. She is also the chairman of the audit and corporate governance committee and the remuneration committee and a member of the nomination committee of KPL. KPL is a Substantial Shareholder of the Company.

Ms Wong had worked with PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") for over 30 years, specialising in PRC tax and business advisory services, and has extensive experience in advising both Hong Kong and foreign investors on the structuring of their businesses and investments in the Mainland of China. Ms Wong retired as a partner from PwC in July 2004, and joined Tricor Services Limited as a director from September 2004 to February 2006.

Ms Wong serves as an independent non-executive director of Hong Kong Ferry (Holdings) Company Limited (a company listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code 50) since May 2008, Luk Fook Holdings (International) Limited (a company listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code 590) since August 2013 and SJM Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code 880) since June 2019.

Ms Wong is a Fellow Member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Ms Wong obtained a higher diploma in Accountancy from Hong Kong Technical College (now known as Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in 1968 after completing a three-year full-time course in accountancy from 1965 to 1968.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

BENJAATHONSIRIKUL Kledchai

Aged 66, joined the Group in July 2000 and has been a Managing Director – Greater Mekong Region since 2015 in charge of logistics operations of the Group in Thailand, Cambodia, Myanmar and Laos. In June 2019, he became the Chairman of Kerry Express Thailand.

Mr Benjaathonsirikul is also an independent director and an audit committee member of Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited in Thailand (a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Thailand). He has over 30 years of experience in port logistics and transport-related businesses. Mr Benjaathonsirikul manages a fully integrated logistics operation in Thailand ranging from freight forwarding to distribution and transport and port logistics.

He obtained a bachelor of laws degree from the University of Birmingham, United Kingdom in 1978.

CHENG Chi Wai Ellis

Aged 57, joined the Group in August 2009 as Chief Financial Officer.

Mr Cheng is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, as well as a chartered accountant and a chartered secretary.

Mr Cheng has over 30 years of experience in auditing, financial control and corporate finance and previously worked in an international accounting firm and held key finance positions in companies whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

He is a senior officer of the Hong Kong Auxiliary Medical Service ("AMS"), a senior fellow advisor of the AMS Officers' Club, a member of the Audit Committee of the Hong Kong Committee for UNICEF and the Advisory Committee of School of Decision Sciences of The Hang Seng University of Hong Kong.

Mr Cheng has a bachelor of arts degree in accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and an executive master's degree in business administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

CHEUNG Hiu Lung Alan

Aged 42, joined the Group in August 2001, and is currently the Deputy Managing Director – KEAS. He is responsible for overseeing the Mainland logistics operation of the Group.

He started as a management trainee of the Company, and managed overall integrated logistics business in Hong Kong and Macau, ranging from business development, warehousing operation, distribution, food and pharmaceutical trading, and domestics express before transferring to the Mainland in 2018.

Mr Cheung obtained a bachelor of engineering in logistics management from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in 2001 and a master of corporate finance from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2013.

ERNI Edwardo

Aged 60, served as an Executive Director of the Company with executive responsibility over the Mainland between November 2013 and December 2018. Since 2019, Mr Erni has devoted himself exclusively to overseeing the Company's operations in the Mainland and North Asia and developing the global project logistics platform. In 2015, he took on the additional duties of developing Russia, countries of CIS, Japan, and South Korea, becoming Managing Director – China & North Asia. Mr Erni first became a Director of the Company in 2011. He was also a director of Kerry TJ Logistics Company Limited (a company listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, stock code 2608) from June 2010 to June 2016.

As part of his duties, Mr Erni manages a wide portfolio of warehousing companies and logistics platforms in the Mainland. He joined the Company in January 1994 and has accrued over 25 years of experience in the Mainland's fast growing logistics industry. To entrench his involvement in the industry, Mr Erni serves as vice-chairman of several industry associations, including: the China Federation of Logistics & Purchasing, the Integrated Transport Federation of China Communications and Transportation Association, China Association of Warehouses and Storage, and Beijing Logistics and Supply Chain Management Association. As the Managing Director of a well-known enterprise in the Mainland, Mr Erni has taken on the role of vice-chairman of Beijing Headquarters Enterprise Association since June 2018.

To continually advance his professional development, Mr Erni completed several advanced management and professional study programmes focusing on strategy and leadership, including: a joint Tsinghua and University of North Carolina E-commerce & Informatization on the Logistic Industry Programme in 2015; a Harvard Business School programme in association with the School of Management at Fudan University in 2013; and management courses held by Tianjin University in 2011, Peking University in 2009, and Tsinghua University in 2008. Mr Erni obtained a Master of Business degree in Logistics Management from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology, Australia in 2005.

LAU Kin Pui Samuel

Aged 55, joined the Group in April 2000. Mr Lau is currently the Deputy Managing Director - Integrated Logistics with the responsibility of overseeing the integrated logistics business of the Group.

He has over 20 years of experience in the logistics industry. Mr Lau is a member of the Statistics Advisory Board of the Census and Statistics Department of the Hong Kong Government, the Advisory Board of the Hong Kong Export Credit Insurance Corporation and the Hong Kong Trade Development Council Belt and Road & Greater Bay Area Committee The Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership Task Force on Trade and Investment. He has been a member of the Aviation Development and Three-runway System Advisory Committee under the Transport and Housing Bureau of the Hong Kong Government since August 2017.

Mr Lau obtained a bachelor of arts degree in business studies from City Polytechnic of Hong Kong (now known as City University of Hong Kong) in 1991.

NG Kin Hang Alex

Aged 42, served as an Executive Director of the Company between January 2019 and October 2021.

Mr Ng joined the Group in August 2001. Since June 2019, Mr Ng has been appointed as Chief Executive Officer of Kerry Express Thailand. He is also a director and oversees the operations of various subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company.

Mr Ng started with the first batch of management trainees of the Company in 2001, and during the tenure, he had held different corporate and field-based positions in various business segments across Greater China and Southeast Asia. In 2008, Mr Ng relocated to Thailand and started KART (Kerry Asia Road Transport), the Company's Association of Southeast Asian Nations cross-border transportation unit. In 2013, Mr Ng led the Group's express delivery business in Thailand, whereby Kerry Express Thailand achieved unprecedented growth. Today, Kerry Express Thailand is the market leader and a household brand in Thailand.

Mr Ng obtained a bachelor's degree in economics and finance from The University of Hong Kong in 2001.

PARKES John Leslie

Aged 66, joined the Group in September 2019 as Managing Director – Integrated Logistics to take up the leadership and oversee the overall management of the global integrated logistics business of the Group.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr Parkes has over 40 years of experience in the transportation and logistics industry. With a specific focus on the Asia Pacific region, he has held operational leadership positions in major logistics businesses, specialising in multi-country business development and management, merger and acquisition and global account management.

Mr Parkes is a Fellow of The Chartered Institute of Logistics and Transport (UK) and an Associate of The Institute of Road Transport Engineers (now as a professional sector of Society of Operations Engineers). He obtained an advanced certificate in road transportation from Rand Afrikaans University (now known as University of Johannesburg), South Africa in 1985 and completed a leadership program held by Massachusetts Institute of Technology Sloan School of Management in collaboration with The University of Hong Kong in 2010.

RENARD-BIRON Mathieu Vincent

Aged 55, joined the Group in April 2018 as Managing Director – Global Freight Forwarding to take up the leadership and oversee the overall management of the global freight forwarding business of the Group.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr Biron had 27 years based and managing businesses in various markets of Asia Pacific. He also had experience and leadership across the full range of supply chain services, entrusted with several business transformation challenges in both logistics and manufacturing sectors.

Mr Biron was awarded his master's degree in economics and finance from Paris Institute of Political Studies in 1990.

REPORT OF DIRECTORS

YIP Kam Sang Alan

Aged 62, joined the Group in September 2012 and is currently a Managing Director – South East Asia and Managing Director – Operations & Technology of the Company overseeing Oceania plus South East Asia regional operations and businesses and the global technology development.

He also oversees the logistics operations, business expansion, sales and marketing, and development of the Group's network in Americas, including Canada, United States, Mexico, Brazil and LATAM region. Mr Yip has developed and implemented a comprehensive management and operation analysis system, which has improved the operations efficiency, service capability, and overall business performance of the Group. He manages a fully integrated logistics operation in these regions ranging from freight forwarding, warehousing, domestic trucking, perishable and cold chain, to distribution.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr Yip worked in the United States for over 25 years in various high technology, financial and Government sectors.

Mr Yip graduated from the University of Wisconsin with a bachelor degree in mathematics and computer science and also from the University of Illinois with a master of science degree in electrical engineering and computer sciences.

The Directors are pleased to present this annual report together with the Financial Statements.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group operates as a leading logistics service provider in Asia principally engaged in IL and IFF businesses. The principal activities of the Company are as follows:

- (i) IL services, including storage and value-added services, trucking and distribution, returns management and various ancillary services, primarily in Asia; and
- (ii) IFF services intra-Asia and between Asia and Europe to transport cargo using air freight, ocean freight and cross-border road freight forwarding services.

Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 41 to the Financial Statements. As part of its strategic partnership with S.F. Holding, the Group ceased operating the Hong Kong Warehouse in October 2021. Please refer to the Circular for details. Save as disclosed, there were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year ended 31 December 2021.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the section headed "Statement of Accounts" of this annual report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

OVERVIEW AND PERFORMANCE OF THE YEAR

The COVID-19 pandemic has affected every part of the value chain, from raw material sourcing to international transportation to end customers. The supply and demand mismatch, freight capacity chokeholds, port congestions, labour shortages as well as shutdown of borders and lockdowns, all contribute to the ongoing global supply chain disruptions and impact businesses and trades across the globe.

COVID-induced travel restrictions have substantially reduced global air freight capacity, along with continuing shortages in global ocean capacity and equipment as well as ground services disruption, global freight rates have reached a record level in 2021. Manufacturing-related activities have been severely disrupted by a divergence of pandemic measures taken by governments worldwide, causing a malfunctioning of the global supply chain. This is particularly acute between the world's main supply hubs in Asia and the rest of the world, and further exacerbated by erratic supply and price fluctuations of raw materials and components.

This has heightened the demand for ad-hoc and customised solutions to be delivered at a high efficiency for companies to circumvent countless unprecedented obstacles in the supply chain. In 2021 Q4, the Group entered into a strategic partnership with S.F. Holding to further enhance its distinct advantage in navigating this new logistics landscape.

The Company is of the view that core net profit is a key financial indicator of our operating performance and provides useful information regarding our ability to generate profit and cash from our principal business operations and related investments. We monitor core net profit, which is not a standard measure under HKFRS, to provide additional information about our operating performance. Core net profit represents our profit attributable to the Shareholders before the after-tax effect of change in fair value of investment properties. We have chosen to subtract the after-tax effect of change in fair value of investment properties in our calculation of core net profit because our management does not take into account changes in fair value of investment properties when evaluating our operating performance, making planning decisions or allocating resources. The Company does not engage in selling investment properties during our normal course of business and, accordingly, management considers that changes in fair value of investment properties are unlikely to be realisable and therefore are less meaningful to our business operations.

Discussion on the Company's performance of the year is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis – Results Overview" of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Company strives to develop high standards on pollution prevention, preservation of natural resources and adherence to environmental laws and regulations. We require all our employees and contractors to adhere to this policy. We believe our high environmental standards can put us in better position to compete with other logistics service providers in light of the rising environmental initiatives of multinational corporations.

Our efforts in environmental protection have been well recognised. The Company has obtained the international certification of ISO 14001, an internationally agreed standard.

We care about our environment and work to make our operations greener through managing emissions, optimising the use of resources and protecting the natural environment and ecosystems that we rely on.

The Board has overall responsibility for our sustainability strategy and reporting. In line with the CG Code, the Board is responsible for evaluating and determining our sustainability related risks, and ensuring that appropriate and effective sustainability risk management and internal control systems are in place. A confirmation regarding the effectiveness of these systems has been provided to the Board during the year ended 31 December 2021.

Further details are set out in the sections headed "Corporate Governance Report – Risk Management and Internal Controls" of this annual report and "Our Environment" of the Company's sustainability report 2021.

Discussion on our compliance with relevant environmental laws and regulations is set out in the section headed "Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations" in this Report of Directors.

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

The Group has complied with the requirements under the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules, the SFO and the CG Code for, among other things, the disclosure of information and corporate governance. The Group has adopted the Model Code.

IL and IFF businesses are not heavily regulated in any of the countries and territories in which we operate. Unlike our suppliers (such as airlines and shipping lines) or customers (such as manufacturers and retailers in various industries), we do not own or operate any aircraft or vessels, nor are we principally engaged in the manufacture or sale of any industrial or consumer products. We are therefore not subject to any material legal or regulatory requirements which apply to the air transportation or shipping industries or any of our customers' industries.

During the year, there were no findings notified to us by any regulatory authority in the jurisdictions in which we operate of any material non-compliance with any law or regulation to which the businesses are subject.

LICENSING REQUIREMENTS

The Group is required to comply with the regulatory requirements to obtain and maintain certain licences and permits in the jurisdictions in which we operate. Many of these licences and permits are subject to regular review, replacement or renewal.

Each of our local management teams performs its own function to ensure that we maintain the necessary licences and permits to operate our businesses in each jurisdiction. The Group has been able to renew our major licences and permits without significant difficulties during the year.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

We have not been subject to any fines or legal action involving any material non-compliance with any relevant environmental regulations, nor are we aware of any threatened or pending action by any relevant environmental regulatory authority.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS

EMPLOYEES

People are the backbone of our operations and the key to our success as the leader in providing exceptional services. We are committed to creating opportunities for our employees to develop their full potential by considering all aspects of their lives. We firmly believe in the power and possibility of the next generation and strives to nurture these talents through our comprehensive MT Programme.

YEA, established in 2001, has been supporting our strategic growth by grooming high-calibre talent. YEA is comprised of four high flyers programmes, which are tailored for candidates at various stages of their career development.

We are committed to creating real value for employees through rewarding careers, workplace quality and work-life balance. To echo our core values VOICE, we provide regular on-the-job trainings, reward schemes and job secondment/ relocation opportunities for all employees to propel work excellence within the global scope. We believe these measures could further enhance employee involvement and engagement as part of a team.

CUSTOMERS

We currently serve more than 40 of the Top 100 Brands (ranked by Interbrand, a well-recognised global brand consultancy) across a wide spectrum of industries. By leveraging our experience in serving the supply chains in various industries, we have developed significant industry expertise and applied innovative processes across industries to better serve our customers. We have been successful in offering industry-specific solutions, including the fashion and lifestyle, electronics and technology, F&B, fast-moving consumer goods, industrial and material sciences, automotive, and pharmaceutical and healthcare industries.

Our one-stop services range from vendor-managed inventory, cold chain management, nationwide warehousing and distribution to return management. Committed to high quality services, our business, around the world have achieved various certifications such as ISO 9001 quality management system standard, the facility security requirements of the Transported Asset Protection Association and ISO 22000 food safety management and HACCP certifications for our F&B business unit.

Within most of these industries, we manage outsourced supply chains that are sophisticated, regional in scale and critical to our customers' core business. This creates opportunities for us to become an integral part of our customers' operations. In addition, we have established long-standing relationships with many of our key customers, which are due in part to our ability to continually meet or exceed their requirements for quality and reliability of service. We believe our supply chain solutions have offered our customers compelling value propositions, making us their preferred logistics service provider.

SUPPLIERS

Our main suppliers include airlines and shipping lines from which we procure air or ocean cargo space in connection with our freight forwarding business. We do not enter into any long-term supply contracts or any firm commitment to purchase air or ocean cargo space for freight forwarding purposes.

Our suppliers also include landlords of leased logistics facilities that we manage in connection with our IL business, as well as suppliers of goods in connection with our trading business. We manage a large portfolio of leased logistics facilities located primarily in Asia.

INDUSTRY AWARDS AND ACCREDITATIONS

We have received a number of industry awards and accreditations in recognition of our leading position and achievements in the logistics services industry in Asia. Details are set out in the section headed "Awards and Citations" of this annual report.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Details of corporate social responsibility are set out in the Company's sustainability report 2021.

KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Board has continuously monitored the areas that are likely to pose more significant risks to the Company based on the results of the risk assessment interviews previously conducted by external auditor. The Company has implemented various measures to mitigate these risks or uncertainties. Further reviews are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report – Risk Management and Internal Controls".

UNCERTAINTIES IN THE GLOBAL BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

Uncertainties over political and economic situations worldwide expose the Group to the risk of non-sustainable growth. The bearish market view triggered downward adjustments in sales and production targets resulting in a decline in cargo volume.

The Group has been mitigating this risk by diversifying its business portfolio, markets and customer pools in order to minimize the adverse impact on its business with quick response to market changes.

INTEGRATION OBSTACLES

The Group expands its network and global coverage mainly through mergers and acquisitions. Differences in operation models, culture and availability of resources may hinder the integration of the new member into the Group if not properly monitored.

To mitigate this, a robust due diligence process has been in place to ensure the target companies are the right acquires. Integration checklists in all aspects including human resources, finance, information technology, legal and compliance etc. have been set up. Our internal audit will conduct independent check on the governance and performance of the acquired business.

SUCCESSION PLANNING AND POTENTIAL LOSS OF TALENTS

The Group currently places heavy reliance on certain key managerial members. There has been succession planning prepared for certain divisions of the Company.

The Group has mitigated this by using the MT Programme developed under YEA since 2001 to nurture staff with high potential to be future management, hiring remuneration consultant to benchmark salary level of management to the Company's competitors, re-organising the management structure with more short-term incentives to management, and implementing succession plan for areas in need, particularly for key management.

CONCERNS OVER KEY INFORMATION SYSTEMS (BOTH OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL)

Due to the nature of the business, the Group cannot afford any information technology disruption. Therefore, efficient maintenance and recovery of information technology systems are very important to the Group. The ability to develop systems within a reasonable timeframe to support business needs is also critical.

To mitigate this, periodic disaster recovery plan and drill tests are performed. The Group will also outsource or relocate part of the development or maintenance of the systems to third parties in a cost-effective manner. System integration and automate data flows are performed to reduce human interference in order to reduce the risks of human error and time of data processing. Stringent cybersecurity measures were in-place to ensure that confidentiality, integrity and availability of data stored in on-premises and cloud. During the year, we had applied machine learning and artificial intelligence to combat cybersecurity attacks, saving a considerable amount of time and costs.

CREDIT RISK IN RELATION TO COUNTERPARTIES

Adverse performance of the Group's customers due to decline in the demand of their products will increase the Group's counterparties risk with these customers. Long credit period of top customers may lead to unsatisfactory cash flow of the Group.

The Group has mitigated this by tightening accounts receivable and setting up credit monitoring controls, for example, to produce a periodic credit report consisting of top 50 to 100 customers for management review. Tighten protective measures are implemented, for example, by the holding of customers' stocks stored in the Group's facilities before payments are settled, and requesting for deposit before provision of services.

OTHER FINANCIAL RISKS

Further discussion on financial risks are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis – Financial Review" and note 3 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

OUTLOOK

Discussion on outlook is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis – Business Review" of this annual report.

EVENTS AFTER THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

On 17 February 2022 (US time), the Company (through a wholly-owned subsidiary) entered into a stock purchase agreement to acquire the entire equity interest in Topocean Consolidation Service (Los Angeles), Inc., a California incorporated corporation, at a total consideration of not exceeding US\$240 million. Please refer to the Company's announcement dated 18 February 2022 for details.

Save as disclosed, there were no important events affecting the Group which have occurred since 31 December 2021.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board resolved to propose to the Shareholders in the forthcoming AGM for the distribution of a final dividend of 50 HK cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2021 payable to the Shareholders whose names are listed in the Registers of Members on Friday, 27 May 2022. The proposal for the distribution of the final dividend above is subject to the consideration and approval of the Shareholders at the forthcoming AGM.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 26 to the Financial Statements.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in reserves of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 27 to the Financial Statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the Company has distributable reserves of HK\$5,472 million in total available for distribution, of which HK\$904 million has been proposed as final dividend for the year, which is calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out in the section headed "2017-2021 Financial Summary" of this annual report.

DONATIONS

The Group made a donation of HK\$5.4 million to charity projects or organisations for the year.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Please refer to note 31 to the Financial Statements for details of the retirement benefits of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 16 to the Financial Statements.

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Details of bank loans and other borrowings of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in notes 28 and 29 to the Financial Statements.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

On 7 June 2021, the Company obtained from the Stock Exchange a conditional waiver from strict compliance with Rule 8.08(1)(a) of the Listing Rules to permit a lower minimum public float of 15.0%. Please refer to the joint announcement published by the Company and Flourish Harmony on 7 June 2021 for details.

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the amount of public float as is applicable to it under the Listing Rules as at the date of this annual report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this annual report are:

Mr WANG Wei

(Chairman, Non-executive Director)
(appointments effective from 13 October 2021)
Mr KUOK Khoon Hua

(Vice Chairman, Non-executive Director) (resignation as Chairman, appointment as Vice Chairman and re-designation as Non-executive Director effective from 13 October 2021) **Executive Directors**

Mr MA Wing Kai William

(Group Managing Director)

Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky

Mr NG Kin Hang

(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)

Non-executive Directors

Mr CHAN Fei

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr HO Chit

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Ms CHEN Keren

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Ms TONG Shao Ming

(resignation effective from 16 September 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr CHEUNG Wai Man

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul

(appointment effective from 13 October 2021)

Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina

Ms KHOO Shulamite N K

(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr YEO Philip Liat Kok

(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)

Mr ZHANG Yi Kevin

(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' LETTER OF APPOINTMENT

Each of the Directors has signed an appointment letter with the Company for an initial term commencing from his/her respective date of appointment until the next general meeting of the Company, at which he/she will be eligible for reelection. Upon being re-elected, the appointment of the Director shall continue for a period of three years and until the conclusion of the third annual general meeting of the Company or such earlier date pursuant to the Bye-laws. The appointments of the Directors are subject to the provisions of retirement and rotation of Directors in accordance with the Bye-laws.

According to Article 99 of the Bye-laws, the number of Directors retiring at each annual general meeting shall not be less than such number as is nearest to but not exceeding one-third of the Directors for the time being (not including those Directors who were appointed to fill casual vacancies or as additions to the Board further to Article 102), and any retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election at the same annual general meeting. Mr CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky will be retiring and be subject to re-election in the forthcoming AGM.

According to Article 102 of the Bye-laws, any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Accordingly, Mr WANG Wei, Mr CHAN Fei, Mr HO Chit, Ms CHEN Keren, Dr CHEUNG Wai Man, Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon and Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul, who were appointed by the Board effective from 13 October 2021, will be retiring and be subject to re-election in the forthcoming AGM respectively.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has an unexpired service contract that is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE FROM THE INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Dr CHEUNG Wai Man, Mr LAI Sau Cheong Simon, Mr TAN Chuen Yan Paul and Ms WONG Yu Pok Marina, the confirmation of their respective independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has duly reviewed the confirmation of independence of each of these Directors. The Company considers that the Independent Non-executive Directors have been independent from the date of their appointment to 31 December 2021 and remain so as at the date of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of the associated corporations of the Company (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY AND ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS (I) THE COMPANY⁽¹⁾

	Oı	rdinary Shares	in the Company			
Directors	Personal interests (held as beneficial owner)	Family interests (interests of spouse and child under 18)	Corporate interests (interests of controlled corporations)	Other interests	Total interests	Approximate percentage of issued share capital
WANG Wei (appointment effective from 13 October 2021) ⁽²⁾	-	-	931,209,117	-	931,209,117	51.52%
KUOK Khoon Hua ⁽³⁾	600,428	-	-	1,132,479	1,732,907	0.10%
MA Wing Kai William ⁽⁴⁾	1,104,415	-	-	717,588	1,822,003	0.10%
CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky ⁽⁵⁾	3,276,992	-	-	-	3,276,992	0.18%
WONG Yu Pok Marina ⁽⁶⁾	20,796	-	-	-	20,796	< 0.01%

Notes:

- (1) All interests in Ordinary Shares in the Company were as at 31 December 2021.
- (2) Mr Wang is interested in 931,209,117 Ordinary Shares held through his controlled corporations.
- (3) Mr Kuok is interested in (i) 600,428 Ordinary Shares as beneficial owner; and (ii) 1,132,479 Ordinary Shares held through discretionary trusts of which Mr Kuok is a discretionary beneficiary.
- (4) Mr Ma is interested in (i) 520,764 Ordinary Shares as beneficial owner; (ii) award granted under the Share Award Scheme conferring the conditional right upon vesting in the form of 583,651 Ordinary Shares; and (iii) 717,588 Ordinary Shares held through a discretionary trust of which Mr Ma is a discretionary beneficiary.
- (5) Mr Cheung is interested in 3,276,992 Ordinary Shares as beneficial owner.
 (6) Ms Wong is interested in 20,796 Ordinary Shares as beneficial owner.

(II) ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

Shenzhen Mingde Holding Development Co., Ltd. (1)

Registered capital of Shenzhen Mingde

	Registe	red capital of	one iznen ivili igue	•		
		Family				
	Personal	interests	Corporate			
	interests	(interests	interests			Approximate
	(held as	of spouse	(interests of			percentage
	beneficial	and child	controlled	Other	Total	of registered
Director	owner)	under 18)	corporations)	interests	interests	capital
WANG Wei ⁽²⁾	RMB113,286,600	-	-	-	RMB113,286,600	99.90%

Notes:

- 1) All interests in registered capital of Shenzhen Mingde were as at 31 December 2021.
- (2) Mr Wang is interested in registered capital of Shenzhen Mingde in the amount of RMB113,286,600 as beneficial owner.

Kerry Express (Thailand) Public Company Limited(1)

Ordinary shares in Kerry Express Thailand

	O raina	, , 51161 65 1111 6	iriy Express iriana			
		Family				
	Personal	interests	Corporate			
	interests	(interests	interests			Approximate
	(held as	of spouse	(interests of			percentage
	beneficial	and child	controlled	Other	Total	of issued
Director	owner)	under 18)	corporations)	interests	interests	share capital
MA Wing Kai William ⁽²⁾	14,211,700	-	-	-	14,211,700	0.82%

Notes:

- (1) All interests in ordinary shares in Kerry Express Thailand were as at 31 December 2021.
- (2) Mr Ma is interested in 14,211,700 ordinary shares in Kerry Express Thailand as beneficial owner.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, the Company is not aware of any other Director or the chief executive of the Company who has or is deemed to have any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2021, the following are the persons, other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO:

Name	Capacity/nature of interest	Number of Ordinary Shares	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the total issued share capital
WANG Wei	Interest of controlled corporations	931,209,117(1)	51.52%
Shenzhen Mingde Holding Development Co., Ltd.	Interest of controlled corporations	931,209,117(1)	51.52%
S.F. Holding Co., Ltd.	Interest of controlled corporations	931,209,117(1)	51.52%
Kerry Group Limited	Interest of controlled corporations	597,060,608(2)	33.04%
Kerry Holdings Limited	Interest of controlled corporations	572,100,979(2)	31.65%
Kerry Properties Limited	Beneficial owner	376,702,721(2)	20.84%

Votes:

- (1) Flourish Harmony is interested in 931,209,117 Ordinary Shares as beneficial owner. It is wholly owned by S.F. Holding. S.F. Holding is a subsidiary of Shenzhen Mingde which is in turn controlled by Mr WANG Wei. Accordingly, S.F. Holding, Shenzhen Mingde and Mr Wang are deemed to be interested in the shareholding interest of Flourish Harmony pursuant to the disclosure requirements under the SFO.
- (2) KPL is a subsidiary of KHL. KHL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of KGL. Accordingly, KHL is deemed to be interested in the shareholding interest of KPL in the Company and KGL is deemed to be interested in the shareholding interest of each of KHL and KPL in the Company pursuant to the disclosure requirements under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, the Company is not aware of any other person (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" above, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2021 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries or holding company or any subsidiary of the Company's holding company, a party to any arrangement that would enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 were granted any right to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate or had exercised any such right.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Save for their respective interests in the Group, none of the Directors was interested in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report.

SIGNIFICANT ACQUISITION/DISPOSAL AND DISCLOSEABLE AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Group conducted the following material transactions during the year ended 31 December 2021.

1 PRE-CONDITIONAL VOLUNTARY PARTIAL CASH OFFER AND OPTION OFFER TO ACQUIRE SHARES IN THE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

As set out in the announcement jointly published by the Company, KPL and Flourish Harmony on 10 February 2021, a preconditional voluntary partial cash offer was made by S.F. Holding (acting through Flourish Harmony) to acquire 931,209,117 Shares at the offer price of HK\$18.80 in cash per offer share, subject to the satisfaction or waiver (as applicable) of certain pre-conditions and conditions (the "Partial Offer"). An appropriate partial offer was extended to holders of share options at the cancellation price of HK\$8.60 in cash per share option (together with the Partial Offer, the "Offers").

The Offers closed on 16 September 2021. Since 28 September 2021, S.F. Holding has become a Controlling Shareholder of the Company. Please refer to the composite document dated 12 August 2021 jointly published by the Company and Flourish Harmony and related announcements for details.

2 DISPOSAL OF TAIWAN BUSINESS

On 25 March 2021, in connection with the Offers, Kerry Logistics Services Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as vendor), the Company (as vendor guarantor), Treasure Seeker Group Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of KHL, as purchaser) and KHL (as purchaser guarantor) entered into a sale agreement to sell the Company's interests in certain Taiwan businesses for a consideration of the USD equivalent of New Taiwan Dollars 4,537,018,403 (subject to adjustments).

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the sale agreement was 5% or more but all were less than 25%, the sale agreement constituted a discloseable transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. KHL is one of the Controlling Shareholders of the Company and therefore a connected person of the Company. Accordingly, the sale agreement also constituted a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Completion of the transaction took place on 27 September 2021. Please refer to the Circular and related announcements for details.

3 DISPOSAL OF HONG KONG WAREHOUSE BUSINESS

On 25 March 2021, in connection with the Offers, Kerry Warehouse (HK) Holdings Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as vendor), the Company (as vendor guarantor), Urban Treasure Holdings Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of KHL, as purchaser) and KHL (as purchaser guarantor) entered into a sale agreement to sell the Company's interests in nine Hong Kong warehouses (the "Warehouses") for a total consideration of HK\$13.5 billion (subject to adjustments) (the "Warehouses Sale").

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the sale agreement was 25% or more but all were less than 75%, the sale agreement constituted a major transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. KHL is one of the Controlling Shareholders of the Company and therefore a connected person of the Company. Accordingly, the sale agreement also constituted a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Completion of the Warehouses Sale took place on 4 October 2021. Please refer to the Circular and related announcements for details.

4 ACQUISITION OF MINORITY INTERESTS IN CERTAIN NON WHOLLYOWNED SUBSIDIARIES IN THAILAND AND THE PRC

On 5 November 2021, the Company (through KLN Thailand and Kerry China) entered into five sale and purchase agreements to acquire further interests in certain non wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company in Thailand and the PRC.

Thailand acquisition

On 5 November 2021, KLN Thailand entered into a sale and purchase agreement (as amended by an amendment to agreement dated 23 February 2022) with Zenith T and Mrs Renu SUPAWIRACHBUNCHA to acquire in aggregate the remaining approximately 28.3% interest in K-Apex Thailand at the total consideration of up to Thai Baht 2,298 million.

Zenith T is ultimately held as to 50% and 50% by Ms TSE Yin Ni and Mr Thikarn SUPAWIRACHBUNCHA respectively. Mr Thikarn SUPAWIRACHBUNCHA is a director of a subsidiary of the Company and Mrs Renu SUPAWIRACHBUNCHA is the spouse of Mr Thikarn SUPAWIRACHBUNCHA.

Following completion of the acquisition, K-Apex Thailand has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

Shanghai acquisition

On 5 November 2021, Kerry China entered into a sale and purchase agreement with New Utopia to acquire an additional 16% interest in Zenith Shanghai at the consideration of RMB23.025.856.

Following completion of the acquisition, Zenith Shanghai continues to be a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and is held as to 67% by Kerry China.

Nanjing acquisition

On 5 November 2021, Kerry China entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Your Success to acquire an additional 16% interest in Zenith Nanjing at the consideration of RMB3.603.002.

Following completion of the acquisition, Zenith Nanjing continues to be a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and is held as to 67% by Kerry China.

Ningbo acquisition

On 5 November 2021, Kerry China entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Goodies Global to acquire an additional 16% interest in Zenith Ningbo at the consideration of RMB18,392,628.

Following completion of the acquisition, Zenith Ningbo continues to be a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and is held as to 67% by Kerry China.

Qingdao acquisition

On 5 November 2021, Kerry China entered into a sale and purchase agreement with South Isle to acquire an additional 16% interest in Zenith Q at the consideration of RMB4,062,835.

Following completion of the acquisition, Zenith Q continues to be a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and is held as to 67% by Kerry China.

Each of Zenith T, New Utopia, Your Success, Goodies Global and South Isle is a substantial shareholder of a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and therefore a connected person of the Company at the subsidiary level. As such, each of the above acquisitions constitutes a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Further, since each of Zenith T, New Utopia, Your Success, Goodies Global and South Isle is controlled as to 30% or more by Ms TSE Yin Ni, the acquisitions are aggregated as a series of connected transactions pursuant to Rules 14A.81 and 14A.82 of the Listing Rules.

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios in respect of the acquisitions (as aggregated) exceeds 1% but all are less than 5%, the acquisitions are subject to the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 5 November 2021 for details.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Among the related party transactions disclosed in note 38 to the Financial Statements, the following transactions constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company and are required to be disclosed in this annual report in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

1 FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS WITH KPL

On 29 August 2019, the Company entered into a framework agreement (the "2019 Framework Agreement") with KPL for a fixed term of three vears commencing on 1 January 2020, pursuant to which (i) the Group agreed to provide services including delivery, local courier, freight, freight agency, insurance brokerage and related services, and services relating to management and operation of warehouse facilities to KPL and its subsidiaries: and (ii) KPL and its subsidiaries agreed to lease certain properties to the Group (the "KPL Transactions"). KPL is a Substantial Shareholder of the Company and therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. As such, the KPL Transactions constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Pursuant to the 2019 Framework Agreement, the annual caps payable by the Group under the KPL Transactions for the two years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are HK\$100.0 million. HK\$120.0 million and HK\$140.0 million, respectively, and the annual caps receivable by the Group under the KPL Transactions for the two years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are HK\$35.0 million, HK\$50.0 million and HK\$55.0 million, respectively. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 29 August 2019 for details.

During the two years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021, the KPL Transactions payable amounted to HK\$18.5 million and HK\$52.9 million and the KPL Transactions receivable amounted to HK\$16.6 million and HK\$16.8 million, respectively.

2 WAREHOUSES MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS WITH KHL GROUP

On 25 March 2021, Kerry Warehouse (Hong

Kong) Limited (the "Warehouses Manager"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into nine warehouses management agreements with, respectively, the legal owners of the Warehouses to provide warehouses management services for the Warehouses (collectively the "Warehouses Management Agreements"). In consideration for such services, the relevant legal owners shall pay certain management fees to the Warehouses Manager. In addition, under certain Warehouse Management Agreements, the Warehouses Manager has agreed to guarantee relevant legal owners of certain Warehouses a minimum level of gross revenue during the term of the Warehouses Management Agreements. If the Warehouses Manager is unable to seek tenants for the relevant Warehouses, the Warehouses Manager shall, as principal, satisfy such minimum guaranteed gross revenue. The term of each Warehouses Management Agreement is an initial term of three years commencing on the date of completion of the Warehouses Sale in respect of the corresponding Warehouse and, subject to having duly performed and observed all terms and conditions of the Warehouses Management Agreement in all material respects, the term is renewable at the option of the Warehouses Manager for a further term of three years. On 30 April 2021, each of the legal owners of the Warehouses entered into an amendment agreement with the Warehouses Manager amending the terms of the respective Warehouses Management Agreement to reflect an update to the annual caps previously agreed. The Warehouses Management Agreements (as amended) and the obligations of the relevant parties thereunder commenced on 4 October 2021, being the date of completion of the Warehouses Sale. Please refer to the Circular and related announcements for details.

The aggregate annual caps for the amounts payable by the Group as principal to KHL (together with its subsidiaries, "KHL Group") under the Warehouses Management Agreements (being the guaranteed gross revenue and related charges) are as follows: (i) for the period from the commencement date (i.e. 4 October 2021) until 31 December 2021, each of the financial years ending 31 December 2022 and 2023, the period from 1 January 2024 to the third anniversary of the commencement date, no more than HK\$160.0 million, HK\$480.0 million, HK\$485.0 million and HK\$550.0 million, respectively; (ii) for the period from the third anniversary of the commencement date to 31 December 2024, each of the financial years ending 31 December 2025 and 2026, and the period from 1 January 2027 to the sixth anniversary of the commencement date, no more than HK\$183.3 million, HK\$551.0 million, HK\$554.0 million and HK\$554.0 million, respectively.

The aggregate annual caps for the amounts receivable by the Group from KHL Group are as follows: (i) for the period from the commencement date (i.e. 4 October 2021) until 31 December 2021, each of the financial years ending 31 December 2022 and 2023, the period from 1 January 2024 to the third anniversary of the commencement date, no more than HK\$11.3 million, HK\$37.4 million, HK\$41.6 million and HK\$47.8 million respectively; (ii) for the period from the third anniversary of the commencement date to 31 December 2024, each of the financial years ending 31 December 2025 and 2026, and the period from 1 January 2027 to the sixth anniversary of the commencement date, no more than HK\$15.9 million, HK\$53.4 million, HK\$59.7 million and HK\$59.7 million, respectively.

Each of the companies holding the Warehouses became a wholly-owned subsidiary of KHL following completion of the Warehouses Sale on 4 October 2021. As KHL is a Controlling Shareholder of the Company and therefore a connected person of the Company, the Warehouses Management Agreements constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under the Listing Rules. As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the annual caps of the transactions under the Warehouses Management Agreements is more than 0.1% but all are less than 5%, the Warehouses Management Agreements are subject to the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

During the period ended 31 December 2021, the amount receivable by the Group as principal from KHL Group amounted to HK\$6.6 million and no amount is payable by the Group as principal to KHL Group.

3 FRAMEWORK SERVICES AGREEMENT WITH KHL

On 25 March 2021, the Company entered into a framework services agreement with KHL (the "Framework Services Agreement"). On 30 April 2021, the Company and KHL further entered into an amendment agreement to update the annual caps previously agreed to those set out below. Pursuant to the Framework Services Agreement, (i) the Group agreed to provide in places outside Taiwan services including delivery and transportation services, local courier services, freight services, freight agency services, insurance brokerage and related services, catering services and services relating to management and operation of warehouse facilities (including building management, leasing and licensing management, warrant operations, IT support, human resources, administration and related services, and excluding the warehouses management services to be provided pursuant to the Warehouses Management Agreements); (ii) KHL Group (excluding KPL and its subsidiaries, "Relevant KHL Group") agreed to lease their premises in Hong Kong to the Group; and (iii) Relevant KHL Group agreed to provide services in and/or from Taiwan including land transportation, other logistics services; freight services, freight agency services and other logistics services; and warehousing services to the Group. Please refer to the Circular and related announcements for details.

The Framework Services Agreement (as amended) commenced on the final closing date of the Partial Offer (i.e. 16 September 2021), and will expire on the third anniversary of the commencement date. The Framework Services Agreement can be extended for a further term of three years with the mutual written agreement of the Company and KHL.

The aggregate annual caps for the amounts payable by the Group to Relevant KHL Group for the period from the commencement date until 31 December 2021, each of the financial years ending 31 December 2022 and 2023, and the period from 1 January 2024 to the third anniversary of the commencement date are HK\$1,863.6 million, HK\$2,162.5 million, HK\$1,062.2 million and HK\$1,149.7 million, respectively, and the aggregate annual caps for the amounts receivable by the Group from the Relevant KHL Group for the period from the commencement date until 31 December 2021, each of the financial years ending 31 December 2022 and 2023, and the period from 1 January 2024 to the third anniversary of the commencement date are HK\$61.8 million, HK\$183.2 million, HK\$232.2 million and HK\$295.9 million, respectively. For the avoidance of doubt, the fees receivable by the Group for the provision of warehouses

management services and any amount payable under the Warehouses Management Agreements shall not be subject to the annual caps set out in the Framework Services Agreement.

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the annual caps of the transactions under the Framework Services Agreement is more than 5% but all are less than 25%, the Framework Services Agreement constitutes a discloseable transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. As KHL is a Controlling Shareholder of the Company and therefore a connected person of the Company, the Framework Services Agreement also constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

During the period ended 31 December 2021, the amounts payable by the Group to Relevant KHL Group and receivable by the Group from Relevant KHL Group amounted to HK\$732.6 million and HK\$21.8 million, respectively.

The Independent Non-executive Directors, having considered the summary of continuing connected transactions of the Group as recorded during the year, have confirmed that the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2021 were entered into by the Group: (i) in the ordinary and usual course of its business; (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them and on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

Our management has assigned the finance team of the Company to monitor the continuing connected transactions. They regularly communicate with the heads of all stations of the Group regarding the terms and pricing policies of the continuing connected transactions prepared in accordance with the Listing Rules and relevant guidances and collect monthly financial data together with underlying agreements for analysis. The finance team of the Company is also responsible for preparing monthly financial reports in order to monitor the annual caps of the continuing connected transactions. Policies and procedures have also been set up to ensure that the internal controls in relation to the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2021 were adequate and effective.

The auditor of the Company has issued its unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the abovementioned continuing connected transactions in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, confirming that (i) nothing has come to their attention that causes the auditor to believe that the abovementioned continuing connected transactions have not been approved by the Board, (ii) for transactions involving the provision of goods or services by the Group, nothing has come to their attention that causes the auditor to believe that the transactions were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group, (iii) nothing has come to their attention that causes the auditor to believe that the transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements governing such transactions, and (iv) with respect to the aggregate amount of each of the continuing connected transactions conducted during the year, nothing has come to their attention that causes the auditor to believe that the amounts have exceeded the maximum aggregate annual caps set for the relevant transactions. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

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In addition, certain transactions disclosed in note 38 to the Financial Statements also constitute continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules. The applicable percentage ratios (except profits ratio) for the transactions are under 0.1% and therefore such transactions are exempt from the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules.

Save for the above, during the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company has not entered into any connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which should be disclosed pursuant to Rules 14A.49 and 14A.71 of the Listing Rules. The Company confirmed that it has complied with the applicable disclosure requirements in relation to its connected transactions (including continuing connected transactions) conducted during the year, in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Significant Acquisition/Disposal and Discloseable and Connected Transactions" in this Report of Directors, none of the Directors or entities connected with the Directors is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract which is significant in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report.

CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, during the year ended 31 December 2021, there is no other contract of significance entered into between the Group and our Controlling Shareholders or their respective subsidiaries.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts other than the service contracts with the Directors or persons engaged in the full-time employment of the Company concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Group offers competitive remuneration packages to the Directors, and the Directors' fees are subject to the Shareholders' approval at general meeting. Other emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group.

Details of the Directors' remuneration during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 12 to the Financial Statements.

DIRECTORS' PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, every Director or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, liabilities, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may sustain or incur in connection with their duties or the exercise of their powers. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021.

PRE-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme by a resolution of its Shareholder on 25 November 2013 and an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of KPL on 1 November 2013. No further options will be granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme.

On 2 December 2013, pursuant to the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, the Company had granted options to subscribe for 42,770,000 Shares to directors, executives and employees of the Group.

As at 31 December 2021, a total of 753,200 options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme were outstanding.

Movement of the options, which were granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, during the year ended 31 December 2021 are listed below in accordance with Rule 17.07 of the Listing Rules:

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					Number of	foptions			
Cate	egory	Date of grant (Note c)	Tranche	Outstanding as at 01/01/2021	Exercised (Notes a and b)	Lapsed	Outstanding as at 31/12/2021	Exercise price HK\$	Exercise period
1.	Directors								
	KUOK Khoon Hua	02/12/2013	1	400,000	(400,000)	-	-	10.20	19/12/2013-01/12/2023
		02/12/2013	II	400,000	(400,000)	-	-	10.20	02/12/2014-01/12/2023
	MA Wing Kai William	02/12/2013	1	1,500,000	(1,500,000)	-	-	10.20	19/12/2013-01/12/2023
		02/12/2013	II	1,500,000	(1,500,000)	-	-	10.20	02/12/2014-01/12/2023
	WONG Yu Pok Marina	02/12/2013	I	100,000	(100,000)	-	-	10.20	19/12/2013-01/12/2023
		02/12/2013	II	100,000	(100,000)	-	-	10.20	02/12/2014-01/12/2023
	NG Kin Hang	02/12/2013	1	60,000	(60,000)	-	-	10.20	19/12/2013-01/12/2023
	(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	02/12/2013	II	60,000	(60,000)	-	-	10.20	02/12/2014-01/12/2023
	YEO Philip Liat Kok	02/12/2013	I	100,000	(100,000)	-	-	10.20	19/12/2013-01/12/2023
	(resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	02/12/2013	II	100,000	(100,000)	-	-	10.20	02/12/2014-01/12/2023
2.	Continuous Contract	02/12/2013	I	1,611,500	(1,236,500)	(55,000)	320,000	10.20	19/12/2013-01/12/2023
	Employees	02/12/2013	II	5,041,500	(4,553,300)	(55,000)	433,200	10.20	02/12/2014-01/12/2023
	Total:			10,973,000	(10,109,800)	(110,000)	753,200		

Notes:

For further details of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, please refer to note 36 to the Financial Statements.

POST-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has approved and adopted the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme by a resolution of its Shareholder on 25 November 2013 and an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of KPL on 1 November 2013. The Post-IPO Share Option Scheme is subject to the requirements under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

There were (i) no outstanding options granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme as at 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021, and (ii) no movements in options during the year ended 31 December 2021.

SUMMARY OF THE SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

L	Details	Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme	Post-IPO Share Option Scheme
1	. Purpose	reward them for their past contribution	e their future contributions to the Group and/or to ns, to attract and retain or otherwise maintain on- o are significant to and/or whose contributions are growth or success of the Group
2	. Participants		director of, manager of, or other employee holding

an executive, managerial, supervisory or similar position in, any member of the Group (an "Employee"), any proposed Employee, any full-time or part-time Employee, or a person for the time being seconded to work full-time or part-time for any member of the Group; (ii) a director or proposed director (including an independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group; (iii) a consultant, business or joint venture partner, franchisee, contractor, agent or representative of any member of the Group; (iv) a person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to any member of the Group; (v) an associate (as defined under the Listing Rules) of any of the foregoing persons

a. The weighted average closing price of the Ordinary Shares of the Company immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised was HK\$23.53.

b. During the year, no option was granted/granted for adjustment, transferred from/to other category or cancelled under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme.

c. The vesting period of the options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.

d. There are no participants with options granted in excess of the individual limit and no grants to suppliers of goods and services.

Details

Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

Post-IPO Share Option Scheme

Maximum number of Shares

As at 31 December 2021, a total of As at 31 December 2021, no option 753,200 options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme were outstanding, representing approximately 0.04% and 0.04% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and the date of this annual report, respectively. No further option could be granted under the Pre-IPO Share **Option Scheme**

granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme was outstanding

The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme is 122,966,411 Shares, representing approximately 6.80% and 6.80% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and the date of this annual report, respectively

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options to be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme is 118,616,411 Shares, representing approximately 6.56% and 6.56% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and the date of this annual report, respectively

The maximum number of the Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and any other scheme of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the total number of Shares in issue from time to time

Details Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

Post-IPO Share Option Scheme

of each participant

4. Maximum entitlement 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time within any 12-month period up to the date of the latest grant

5. Option period

The option period is determined by the Board provided that it is not longer than 10 years commencing on the date of grant. There is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

The Board may in its absolute discretion specify any conditions, restrictions or limitations, including continuing eligibility criteria, conditions, restrictions or limitations relating to the achievement of performance, operating or financial targets by the Company and/or the grantee, the satisfactory performance or maintenance by the grantee of certain conditions or obligations or the time or period when the right to exercise the option in respect of all or some of the Shares to which the option relates

6. Acceptance of offer

Options granted must be accepted within the period as stated in the offer of the grant, upon payment of HK\$1.0 per grant

7. Exercise price

Exercise price is HK\$10.2, the offer price of the Shares for the Global Offering

The exercise price of the 4.350,000 options granted on 9 January 2015 is HK\$12.26

Exercise price shall be at least the highest of (i) the nominal value of Share; (ii) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of the grant; and (iii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the grant

8. Remaining life of the scheme

It expired on 19 December 2013

It shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on 19 December 2013

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Company has adopted the Share Award Scheme by a resolution of the Board on 25 January 2019. The Share Award Scheme is not subject to the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules as the Share Award Scheme does not involve the grant of options by the Company to subscribe for new Shares.

The purpose of the Share Award Scheme is to support the long-term growth of the Group and enhance its reputation as an employer-of-choice in the industry, to attract and incentivise suitable personnel for the further development of the Group, to recognise contributions by participants, to retain talent and to help align the interests of the Directors and senior management of the Group with the Group's long-term performance.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, 921,156 awarded Shares were granted under the Share Award Scheme. Since the date of adoption and up to 31 December 2021, a total of 3,600,087 awarded Shares have been granted under the Share Award Scheme (representing approximately 0.20% and 0.20% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and the date of this annual report, respectively), of which 1,706,693 have vested and 1,893,394 remain unvested.

The maximum number of the Shares which can be awarded under the Share Award Scheme is 10% of the total number of Shares in issue from time to time.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total sales, and the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had a material interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

PROPERTY INTERESTS

Details of the revaluation and movements of the investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 to the Financial Statements.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there was no equity-linked agreement entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 and no such agreement subsisted as at 31 December 2021.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2021.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CG CODE

The Company has applied the principles and code provisions as set out in Part 2 of the CG Code. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in Part 2 of the CG Code.

AUDITOR

The Financial Statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, certified public accountants and registered PIE auditor.

PricewaterhouseCoopers shall retire and being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment, and a resolution to this effect shall be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

CLOSURE OF REGISTERS OF MEMBERS

The Registers of Members will be closed from Wednesday, 18 May 2022 to Monday, 23 May 2022 and on Friday, 27 May 2022 during which periods no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the forthcoming AGM, unregistered Shareholders shall lodge share transfer documents with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration before 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 17 May 2022. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend (subject to the approval by the Shareholders at the forthcoming AGM), unregistered holders of shares of the Company shall lodge share transfer documents with Tricor Investor Services Limited at the above mentioned address for registration before 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 26 May 2022.

By Order of the Board WANG Wei Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



羅兵咸永道

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF KERRY LOGISTICS NETWORK LIMITED

(incorporated in British Virgin Islands and continued into Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability)

OPINION

WHAT WE HAVE AUDITED

The consolidated financial statements of Kerry Logistics Network Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 96 to 194, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

OUR OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F, Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong T: (852) 2289 8888, F: (852) 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

INDEPENDENCE

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Impairment assessment of the carrying value of goodwill
- Valuation of investment properties
- Impairment assessment of accounts receivable

IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT OF THE CARRYING **VALUE OF GOODWILL**

Refer to notes 2(h)(I), 4(a)(III) and 13 to the consolidated financial statements

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a carrying value of goodwill of HK\$3,654 million. Goodwill are to management's assessment of impairment of subject to impairment assessment annually and when there is an indication of impairment.

Management performed impairment assessments of goodwill. Based on the results of their assessments, the Group recognised an impairment charge of approximately Hk\$130 million relating to an acquired business within EMEA for the year ended 31 December 2021 as detailed in note 13. Other than the impairment charge mentioned above, management concluded that there is no impairment of goodwill.

In carrying out the impairment assessment, significant estimates and judgements are involved in determining the recoverable amounts of cash generating units ("CGUs"), which are based on the higher of value-inuse calculations and fair value less costs of disposal. The recoverable amounts are estimated taking into consideration the cash flow projections of respective CGUs based on financial budgets approved by management and a number of estimates and assumptions made by management, including revenue growth rates and profit margins used in the cash flow projections and the discount rates applied to bring the future cash flows back to their present values.

The impairment assessment of the carrying value of goodwill is our area of focus as significant estimates and judgements are involved in the determination of recoverable amounts.

HOW OUR AUDIT ADDRESSED THE KEY AUDIT MATTER

We performed the following procedures in relation goodwill:

- understood management's controls and processes for determining the recoverable amounts of CGUs and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the subjectivity involved in determining the assumptions applied:
- agreed the input data used by management to supporting evidence such as actual results and financial budgets approved by management;
- compared the current year actual results with the prior year's financial forecasts to assess the reasonableness of management financial
- involved our internal valuation experts on certain selected CGUs to evaluate the valuation methodologies and assessed the reasonableness of the discount rates by benchmarking to other comparable companies in the same industry;
- assessed the reasonableness of key estimates and assumptions applied in the financial budgets including revenue growth rates and profit margins applied by management by comparing them with economic and industry forecasts; and
- performed sensitivity analyses on the key assumptions including growth rates and discount rates to consider reasonable possible changes on the recoverable amounts.

Based on the procedures performed above, we considered that the key estimates and assumptions used in the impairment assessment by management are supported by the evidence obtained.

KEY AUDIT MATTER

VALUATION OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Refer to notes 2(g), 4(a)(I) and 14 to the consolidated financial statements

of the Group were carried at fair value at HK\$1,940 million with a revaluation gain of HK\$2,269 million recognised in the consolidated income statement for • understood management's controls and the year ended 31 December 2021.

Management engaged an independent external valuer to assist them in performing the valuation of investment properties using mainly the income approach to estimate the fair value of the Group's investment properties. The valuation involves significant estimates and assumptions including capitalisation rates and prevailing market rents used by the external valuer and management.

The valuation of investment properties is an area of our audit focus as the estimation of fair value is subject to estimation uncertainty and subjectivity.

HOW OUR AUDIT ADDRESSED THE KEY AUDIT MATTER

As at 31 December 2021, the investment properties We performed the following procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties:

- processes for determining the valuation of investment properties and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the subjectivity involved in determining the assumptions applied:
- assessed the competence, capabilities and objectivity of management's external valuer:
- obtained the valuation reports and discussed with the external valuer the methodologies and key assumptions used;
- involved our internal valuation experts on certain selected investment properties to evaluate the methodologies used and assess reasonableness of the key assumptions used by the external valuer and management, particularly assessing the capitalisation rates and comparing prevailing market rents adopted by the valuer to the recent lettings of the underlying investment properties or other comparable properties; and
- tested, on a sample basis, the accuracy of the input data used by the external valuer by agreeing the input data such as rental income and lease terms to the relevant contracts and correspondences.

Based on the procedures performed above, we considered that the key assumptions used by management in the valuation of investment properties are supported by the evidence obtained.

KEY AUDIT MATTER

IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Refer to notes 2(j)(IV), 4(a)(IX) and 22 to the consolidated financial statements

A provision of impairment of HK\$344 million for accounts receivable has been made as at the year end.

In conducting the impairment assessment of accounts receivable, management applied the simplified approach to measure the lifetime expected loss allowance for accounts receivable of the Group. Management used judgement in making the assumptions about the risk of default and expected credit loss rate with reference to the historical loss rates, existing market conditions and forward-looking estimates on macroeconomic factors.

The impairment assessment of accounts receivable is our area of focus given it is subject to estimation uncertainties and the significant amount of the related balances.

HOW OUR AUDIT ADDRESSED THE KEY AUDIT MATTER

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a carrying We performed the following procedures in relation value of accounts receivable of HK\$13,191 million. to the management's impairment assessment of accounts receivable:

- understood, evaluated and validated management's controls and processes over customer's credit controls and collection of accounts receivable, the assessment of recoverability and the estimation of provision for impairment for accounts receivable;
- obtained management's assessment on the provision of impairment of accounts receivable and assessed reasonableness of assumptions with reference to the historical loss rates. existing market conditions and forward-looking estimates on macroeconomic factors, and corroborated management's explanation to underlying documentations and external market data on market conditions;
- tested, on a sample basis, the accuracy of the ageing profile of accounts receivable at year end to invoices: and
- tested, on a sample basis, post-year end settlements of accounts receivable against cash receipts or other supporting documents.

Based on the procedures above, we considered that the key estimates and assumptions used by management in their impairment assessment of accounts receivable is supported by the evidence obtained.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit and Compliance Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement. whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if. individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

We communicate with the Audit and Compliance Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit and Compliance Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit and Compliance Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Cho Kin Lun.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 30 March 2022

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000 (restated)
Continuing operations			
Revenue	5 7	78,954,724	49,617,150
Direct operating expenses	/	(69,950,781)	(44,987,548)
Gross profit Other income and net (losses)/gains	6	9,003,943	4,629,602
Administration expenses	7	(18,805)	229,412 (2,633,918)
·	,	., , ,	
Operating profit before fair value change of investment properties	4.4	5,358,205	2,225,096
Change in fair value of investment properties	14	298,850	7,454
Operating profit		5,657,055	2,232,550
Finance expenses	8	(250,756)	(250,624)
Share of results of associates and joint ventures	17(b)	157,958	118,843
Profit before taxation		5,564,257	2,100,769
Taxation	9	(1,299,167)	(593,004)
Profit for the year from continuing operations		4,265,090	1,507,765
Discontinued operations:			
Profit for the year from discontinued operations	37	4,765,506	1,961,754
Profit for the year		9,030,596	3,469,519
Non-controlling interests		(1,091,943)	(573,762)
Profit for the year attributable to shareholders		7,938,653	2,895,757
Profit attributable to:			
Company's shareholders			
From continuing operations		3,308,813	1,160,059
From discontinued operations		4,629,840	1,735,698
Non-controlling interests		1,091,943	573,762
		9,030,596	3,469,519
Earnings per share from continuing operations	11	HK\$	HK\$
Basic		1.84	0.65
Diluted		1.83	0.65
Earnings per share from discontinued operations		HK\$	HK\$
Basic		2.57	0.98
Diluted		2.56	0.98

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit for the year	9,030,596	3,469,519
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to consolidated income statement		
Defined benefit pension plans		
- Actuarial losses	(3,296)	(3,549)
- Deferred income tax	661	2,208
Fair value change on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	7,136	(9,340)
Item that may be reclassified to consolidated income statement		
Net translation differences on foreign operations	(459,218)	665,366
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year (net of tax)	(454,717)	654,685
Total comprehensive income for the year	8,575,879	4,124,204
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Company's shareholders		
From continuing operations	2,998,913	1,654,005
From discontinued operations	4,567,029	1,742,449
Non-controlling interests	1,009,937	727,750
	8,575,879	4,124,204

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets	13	4,303,119	4,771,897
Investment properties	14	1,939,636	11,503,215
Property, plant and equipment	16	7,526,228	11,693,226
Right-of-use assets	15	4,348,205	4,766,030
Associates and joint ventures	17	2,281,222	1,970,719
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	18	587,337	359,189
Investment in convertible bonds	19	5,911	5,875
Deferred taxation	30	155,944	98,476
		21,147,602	35,168,627
Current assets			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	21	800,068	122,244
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	18	17,166	-
Investment in convertible bonds	19	-	347,507
Inventories	20	374,775	404,879
Accounts receivable, prepayments and deposits	22	16,662,937	12,358,582
Tax recoverable		63,972	10,205
Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	23	3	3,017
Restricted and pledged bank deposits	24(a)	11,748	14,143
Cash and bank balances	24(b)	9,084,105	8,470,843
		27,014,774	21,731,420
Current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	15	1,377,209	1,012,901
Accounts payable, deposits received and accrued charges	25	11,694,873	9,269,189
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	23	-	4,366
Amounts due to related companies	23	140,842	23,757
Taxation		752,201	435,719
Loan from non-controlling interests	28	27,703	-
Short-term bank loans and current portion of long-term bank loans	29	3,648,671	3,941,835
Bank overdrafts	24(b)	199,201	220,865
		17,840,700	14,908,632

	Note	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Non-current liabilities			
Loans from non-controlling interests	28	205,594	233,654
Long-term bank loans	29	2,261,839	5,069,439
Lease liabilities	15	2,384,652	3,178,122
Deferred taxation	30	406,072	744,467
Retirement benefit obligations	31	50,028	143,419
Other non-current liabilities	25	176,775	142,379
		5,484,960	9,511,480
ASSETS LESS LIABILITIES		24,836,716	32,479,935
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's shareholders			
Share capital	26	903,655	898,600
Share premium and other reserves	27	4,333,941	4,158,329
Retained profits		15,810,884	22,430,563
		21,048,480	27,487,492
Put options written on non-controlling interests		(4,593)	(4,593)
		21,043,887	27,482,899
Non-controlling interests		3,792,829	4,997,036
TOTAL EQUITY		24,836,716	32,479,935

On behalf of the Board

MA Wing Kai William CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky

Director Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
			,
Operating activities			
Net cash generated from operations	32(a)	6,854,700	5,218,164
Interest paid		(160,811)	(192,838)
Income tax paid		(920,899)	(699,142)
Net cash generated from operating activities		5,772,990	4,326,184
Investing activities			
Additions of property, plant and equipment	16	(1,636,549)	(1,266,276)
Additions of investment properties	14	-	(41,021)
Additions of right-of-use assets – leasehold land and land use rights		(99,735)	(32,299)
Reduction of capital of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	345
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(503,652)	(23,405)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		5,960	15,602
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(1,667,164)	-
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		992,159	19,600
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		166,901	90,667
Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalents disposed of	32(c)	13,620,078	90,610
Proceeds from sale of associates		2,166	3,743
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		5,360	6,052
Dividends received from associates and joint ventures		98,654	169,770
Net decrease in balances with associates and joint ventures		60,510	3,525
Interest received		49,128	53,071
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalent acquired	32(b)	(264,596)	(126,777)
Acquisition of associates and joint ventures		(30,000)	(550,860)
Decrease in restricted and pledged bank deposits		2,395	6,479
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities		10,801,615	(1,581,174)

Note	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Financing activities		
Repayment of bank loans	(6,522,170)	(6,120,234)
Drawdown of bank loans	6,576,093	6,833,566
Dividends of subsidiaries paid to non-controlling interests	(555,392)	(538,143)
Capital injection from non-controlling interests	95,842	95,795
Reduction of capital to non-controlling interests	-	(26,459)
Drawdown of loans from non-controlling interests	46,547	23,670
Repayments of loans from non-controlling interests	(47,722)	(12,229)
Payments of lease liabilities	(1,281,072)	(1,207,917)
Net cash consideration (paid to)/received from non-controlling interests without change of control 32(d)	(166,488)	1,417,989
Dividends paid	(13,967,664)	(768,057)
Proceeds from exercise of pre-/post-IPO share option scheme allotments	103,121	78,679
Shares buy back	-	(32,505)
Net cash used in financing activities	(15,718,905)	(255,845)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	855,700	2,489,165
Effect of exchange rate changes	(220,774)	169,317
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	8,249,978	5,591,496
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 24(b)	8,884,904	8,249,978

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2021

Balance at 31 December 2021

For the year ended 31 i	Decem	DEI ZUZI								
				Attributable to	o shareholders	of the Compa	any			
	Note	Share capital	Share premium	Other reserves	Retained profits	Proposed final dividend	Put options written on non- controlling interests	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2021		898,600	3,962,825	195,504	22,002,829	427,734	(4,593)	27,482,899	4,997,036	32,479,935
Profit for the year		-	-	-	7,938,653	-	-	7,938,653	1,091,943	9,030,596
Defined benefit pension plans										
- Actuarial losses		-	-	-	(2,795)	-	-	(2,795)	(501)	(3,296)
- Deferred taxation		-	-	-	559	-	-	559	102	661
Net translation differences on foreign operations	27	-	-	(374,164)	-	-	-	(374,164)	(85,054)	(459,218)
Fair value change on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive										
income	27	-	-	3,689	-	-	-	3,689	3,447	7,136
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	(370,475)	7,936,417	-	-	7,565,942	1,009,937	8,575,879
Dividends of subsidiaries paid to non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	_	-	_	(555,392)	(555,392)
2020 final dividend paid		-	-	-	(1,411)	(427,734)	-	(429,145)	-	(429,145)
2021 interim dividend paid		-	-	-	(381,341)	-	-	(381,341)	-	(381,341)
2021 special dividend paid		-	-	-	(13,157,178)	-	-	(13,157,178)	-	(13,157,178)
2021 proposed final dividend		-	-	-	(903,655)	903,655	-	-	-	-
Transfers	27	-	-	588,563	(588,563)	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of subsidiaries	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,735	39,735
Disposal of subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,749,904)	(1,749,904)
Deemed disposal of a subsidiary with retained interest recognised as an associate		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18,348)	(18,348)
Capital injection from non-controlling interests		-	_	_	_	-	-	-	95,842	95,842
Changes in ownership of interests in subsidiaries without change of control	32(d)	-	_	(140,411)	-	_	_	(140,411)	(26,077)	(166,488)
Exercise of pre-IPO share option scheme allotment	27	5,055	110,092	(12,026)	-	-	-	103,121	-	103,121
Share option lapsed	27	_	-	(131)	131	-	_	_	_	-
Total transactions with owners		5,055	110,092	435,995	(15,032,017)	475,921	-	(14,004,954)	(2,214,144)	(16,219,098)

903,655 4,072,917 261,024 14,907,229 903,655 (4,593) 21,043,887 3,792,829 24,836,716

Attributable to shareholders of the Company

				Atti ibutabic t	o si iai ci ioiaci s	or the compa	IIIy			
	Note	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Proposed final dividend HK\$'000	Put options written on non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2020		858,102	3,236,063	(243,848)	20,016,745	308,917	(1,162,630)	23,013,349	4,061,146	27,074,495
Profit for the year Defined benefit pension plans		-	-	-	2,895,757	-	-	2,895,757	573,762	3,469,519
- Actuarial losses					(597)			(597)	(2,952)	(3,549)
- Deferred taxation		_	_	_	1,197	_	_	1,197		2,208
Net translation differences on foreign operations	27	_	_	504,736	1,177	-	-	504,736	1,011	665,366
Fair value change on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	27	-	-	(4,639)	-	-	-	(4,639)	(4,701)	(9,340)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	500,097	2,896,357	-	-	3,396,454	727,750	4,124,204
Dividends of subsidiaries paid to non-controlling interests		-	_		-	-	_	_	(538,143)	(538,143)
2019 final dividend paid		-	-	-	(14,000)	(308,917)	-	(322,917)	-	(322,917)
2020 interim dividend paid		-	-	-	(197,126)	-	-	(197,126)	-	(197,126)
2020 special dividend paid		-	-	-	(248,014)	-	-	(248,014)	-	(248,014)
2020 proposed final dividend		-	-	-	(427,734)	427,734	-	-	-	-
Transfers	27	-	-	26,494	(26,494)	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,330	2,330
Disposal of subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32,908)	(32,908)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	-	2,911	-	-	2,911	2,949	5,860
Capital injection from non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95,795	95,795
Reduction of capital to non-controlling interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,459)	(26,459)
Changes in ownership of interests in subsidiaries without change of control		38,223	673,102	(77,294)	-	-	1,130,000	1,764,031	704,576	2,468,607
Lapse of put options written on non- controlling Interests		-	-	-	-	-	28,037	28,037	-	28,037
Exercise of pre-IPO share option scheme allotment	27	3,193	69,545	(7,606)	-	-	-	65,132	-	65,132
Exercise of post-IPO share option scheme allotment	27	552	15,150	(2,155)	-	-	-	13,547	_	13,547
Share option lapsed	27	-	-	(184)	184	-	-	-	-	-
Shares buy back	27	(1,470)	(31,035)	-	-	-	-	(32,505)	-	(32,505)
Total transactions with owners		40,498	726,762	(60,745)	(910,273)	118,817	1,158,037	1,073,096	208,140	1,281,236
Balance at 31 December 2020		898,600	3,962,825	195,504	22,002,829	427,734	(4,593)	27,482,899	4,997,036	32,479,935

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Kerry Logistics Network Limited was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands in 1991 and migrated to Bermuda to become an exempted company with limited liability in 2000. The address of its registered office is Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10. Bermuda.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of logistics, freight and warehouse leasing and operations services. The Company's shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Shenzhen Mingde Holding Development Co., Ltd., a private company incorporated in the PRC, is the ultimate holding company.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated. These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2022.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below. Except as described below, these policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) BASIS OF PREPARATION

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements which are in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") are set out below. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, investment properties and put options written on non-controlling interests, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies of the Group. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 4.

Pursuant to the conditional offer from S.F. Holding to acquire part of the issued shares of the Company, as part of the transaction, the Group entered into sale agreements with Kerry Holdings Limited ("KHL"), which has sold the entire interest of the Hong Kong warehouse companies ("Hong Kong Warehouses") and the Taiwan business companies ("Taiwan Operation") (together the "Discontinued Operations").

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING (II) NEW STANDARDS AND AMENDMENTS TO POLICIES (CONTINUED) EXISTING STANDARDS INTERPRETATION A

(a) BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

The related financial information of the Discontinued Operations is required under HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" to be presented separately as discontinued operations of the Group in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021. Their results for the year are presented separately as one-line item below profit for the year from continuing operations as "discontinued operations" in the consolidated income statement. The comparative figures in the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income have been restated to present their operations as "discontinued operations". The comparative figures in consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of cash flows were not represented. Further details of financial information of the discontinued operations are set out in note 37.

(I) ADOPTION OF NEW AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING STANDARDS

The following new amendments to existing standards have been published that are effective for the Group's accounting period beginning on 1 January 2021:

Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16, 'Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2'

Amendment to HKFRS 16, 'Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions'

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the above new amendments to existing standards issued by the HKICPA. The adoption of the above amendments to existing standards had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

(II) NEW STANDARDS AND AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING STANDARDS INTERPRETATION AND ACCOUNTING GUIDELINE WHICH ARE NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following new standards and amendments to existing standards interpretation and accounting guideline have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, but the Group has not early adopted them:

Applicable for accounting periods beginning on/after

Amendments to HKFRS 16, 'Covid-19- related rent concessions beyond 2021'	1 April 2021
Amendments to HKFRS 3, HKAS 16 and HKAS 37, 'Narrow-scope amendments'	1 January 2022
Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2018 - 2020 cycle	1 January 2022
Revised Accounting Guideline 5, 'Merger accounting for common control combinations'	1 January 2022
HKFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	1 January 2023
Amendments to HKFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	1 January 2023
Amendments to HKAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	1 January 2023
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	1 January 2023
Amendments to HKAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	1 January 2023
Amendments to HKAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	1 January 2023
Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020), 'Presentation of financial statements – Classification by the borrower of a term loan that contains a repayment on demand clause'	1 January 2023
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined

The Group will adopt the above new standards and amendments to existing standards interpretation and accounting guideline as and when they become effective. None of the above is expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

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(b) CONSOLIDATION

(I) SUBSIDIARIES

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method of accounting to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured

initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Noncontrolling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in the consolidated income statement. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING (II) TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) CONSOLIDATION (CONTINUED)

(I) SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

INTERESTS

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

The potential cash payments related to put options issued by the Group over the equity of a subsidiary are accounted for as financial liabilities when such options may only be settled other than by exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of shares in the subsidiary. The amount that may become payable under the option on exercise is initially recognised at fair value as a written put option liability with a corresponding charge directly to equity. A written put option liability is subsequently remeasured at fair value as a result of the change in the expected performance at each balance sheet date, with any resulting gain or loss recognised in the consolidated income statement. In the event that the option is expired or unexercised, the written put option liability is derecognised with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

(b) CONSOLIDATION (CONTINUED)

(III) PARTIAL DISPOSAL

When the Group ceases to have control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognised in the consolidated income statement. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the consolidated income statement.

(c) ASSOCIATES

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights or when significant influence is obtained by the Group through participation in the board of directors of the entity. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investments in associates include goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment loss.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate. The Group's share of its associates post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the impairment loss in the income statement.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) JOINT ARRANGEMENTS

Under HKFRS 11 'Joint arrangements', investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. The classification depends on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor, rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangement.

JOINT VENTURES

Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method, after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an equityaccounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(e) FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

(I) FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), which are the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(II) TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security, and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

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(e) FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION (CONTINUED)

(II) TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as equities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are included in other comprehensive income.

(III) GROUP COMPANIES

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position of the Group's entities are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period;
- income and expenses for each income statement of the Group's entities are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions): and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

(f) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Construction in progress represents logistics centres and warehouses under construction and is stated at cost less impairment losses. It will be reclassified to the relevant property, plant and equipment category upon completion and depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use.

Properties comprise mainly warehouses and logistics centres (including leasehold land classified as rightof-use assets), staff quarters, freehold land and buildings and port facilities. All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less aggregate depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING (g) INVESTMENT PROPERTIES POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost less their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Port facilities 2.5% to 3.6%

Shorter of remaining lease term **Properties**

of 20 to 50 years or useful lives

Leasehold improvements 5% to 33.33%

Warehouse operating equipment

5% to 25%

Motor vehicles, furniture, 5% to 50%

fixtures and office equipment

No amortisation is provided for freehold land.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of all property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant assets and is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the companies in the Group, is classified as investment property.

Investment property comprises land held under operating leases, warehouse and office held for longterm rental yields.

Land held under operating leases are classified and accounted for as investment property when the rest of the definition of investment property is met. The operating lease is accounted for as if it was a finance lease.

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including related transaction costs and borrowing costs.

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on valuations carried out by professional valuer. Investment property that is being redeveloped for continuing use as investment property, or for which the market has become less active, continues to be measured at fair value.

The fair value of investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current leases and assumptions about rental income from future leases in the light of current market conditions.

(g) INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Changes in fair values of investment property are recognised in the consolidated income statement. Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment, except that the land portion is reclassified as right-ofuse assets if it is operating lease in nature, and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes.

If an item of owner-occupied property becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any increase from the carrying amount to the fair value of this item at the date of transfer is recognised in equity as a revaluation reserve of property, plant and equipment under HKAS 16, except any increase which reverses a previous impairment loss is recognised in the income statement. Any decrease in the carrying amount of the property is charged to the consolidated income statement. Upon the subsequent disposal of the investment property, any revaluation reserve balance of the property is transferred to retained profits and is shown as a movement in equity.

(h) INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(I) GOODWILL

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary or associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is recognised separately as a non-current asset. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates is included in investments in associates and is tested for impairment as part of the overall balance. Separately recognised goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment, and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The carrying value of the CGU containing the goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately and as expense and is not subsequently reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cashgenerating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING (i) IMPAIRMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(h) INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

(II) CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS

Customer relationships acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. The customer relationships have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate its cost over the expected life of the customer relationships, which range from five to ten years.

(III) NON-COMPETE AGREEMENTS

Non-compete agreements acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. The non-compete agreements have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate its cost over the term of the agreements, which range from three to ten years.

(IV) TRADEMARKS

Separately acquired trademarks are shown at historical cost. Trademarks acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Trademarks have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademarks over their estimated useful lives of five to eight years.

SUBSIDIARIES AND NON-FINANCIAL **ASSETS**

Assets that have an indefinite useful life – for example, goodwill or intangible assets not ready to use - are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating unit). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the year the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

(i) FINANCIAL ASSETS

(I) CLASSIFICATION

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets change.

(II) RECOGNITION AND DERECOGNITION

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(III) MEASUREMENT

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in consolidated income statement.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

DEBT INSTRUMENTS

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the group classifies its debt instruments:

 Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in consolidated income statement and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (j) FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)
- (III) MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

DEBT INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

- FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses) and impairment expenses are recognised in the consolidated income statement.
- FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in the consolidated income statement and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

Investment in convertible bonds are required to be held as fair value through profit or loss under HKFRS 9.

EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the consolidated income statement as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

(IV) IMPAIRMENT

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For accounts receivable, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables, see note 2(I) for further details.

(j) FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

(IV) IMPAIRMENT (CONTINUED)

The Group's other financial assets carried at amortised cost include other receivables, amounts due from subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures. The impairment loss of other financial assets carried at amortised cost is measured based on twelve months expected credit loss. The twelve months expected credit loss is the portion of lifetime expected credit loss that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within twelve months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime expected credit loss.

The carrying amount of the receivables is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement within selling, administrative and other operating expenses. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against selling, administrative and other operating expenses in the consolidated income statement.

(k) INVENTORIES

Inventories of finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

(I) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within normal operating cycle and therefore are all classified as current.

Accounts receivable are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the accounts receivable with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See note 2(j)(IV) for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

(m) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown as a separate current liability in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Restricted and pledged bank deposits are not included in cash and cash equivalents.

(n) ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Accounts payable are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(o) BORROWINGS

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

(p) CURRENT AND DEFERRED INCOME TAX

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary difference arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity on different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balance on a net basis.

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(q) PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(r) FINANCIAL GUARANTEES

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. The Group does not recognise liabilities for financial guarantees at inception, but perform a liability adequacy test at each reporting date by comparing its carrying amount of the net liability

regarding the financial guarantee with its present legal or constructive obligation amount. If the carrying amount of the net liability is less than its present legal or constructive obligation amount, the entire difference is recognised in the consolidated income statement immediately.

(s) LEASES

(I) THE GROUP IS THE LESSEE

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(s) LEASES (CONTINUED)

(I) THE GROUP IS THE LESSEE (CONTINUED)

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received: and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, eg term, country, currency and security.

The Group is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

The Group also has interests in leasehold land and land use rights for use in its operations. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these land interests from their previous registered owners or governments in the jurisdictions where the land is located. There are no ongoing payments to be made under the term of the land leases, other than insignificant lease renewal costs or payments based on rateable value set by the relevant government authorities. These payments are stated at cost and are amortised over the term of the lease which includes the renewal period if the lease can be renewed by the Group without significant cost.

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(s) LEASES (CONTINUED)

(I) THE GROUP IS THE LESSEE (CONTINUED)

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(II) THE GROUP IS THE LESSOR

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term (note 14). Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the consolidated statement of financial position based on their nature.

(t) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(I) EMPLOYEE LEAVE ENTITLEMENTS

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(II) DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan which the Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(t) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

(III) DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan. Typically defined benefit plans define an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

The liability recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. When there is significant change to the plan and key assumptions, the defined benefit obligation will be recalculated by independent actuaries. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using government bonds yield that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation.

Remeasurements arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to other comprehensive income and immediately recognised in retained profits in the year in which they arise.

The current service cost of the defined benefit plan, recognised in the income statement in employee benefit expense, except where included in the cost of an asset, reflects the increase in the defined benefit obligation results from employee service in the current year, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements.

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the income statement.

(IV) SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

KPL operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan. Prior to the Global Offering, the fair value of the employee services received by the Group in exchange for the grant of the options is recharged by KPL and is recognised as an expense in the consolidated income statement of the Group.

Pursuant to the Global Offering, the Group has outstanding options granted under its pre-IPO share option schemes. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares, the proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

(t) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

(V) TERMINATION BENEFITS

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to present value.

(VI) BONUS PLANS

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of such obligation can be made.

(u) REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues are recognised when or as the control of the good or service is transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the good or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time Control of the good or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the asset transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the asset.

The progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation is measured based on one of the following methods that best depict the Group's performance in satisfying the performance obligation:

- direct measurements of the value transferred by the Group to the customer; or
- the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of the performance obligation relative to the total expected efforts or inputs.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(u) REVENUE RECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

Incremental costs incurred to obtain a contract, if recoverable, are capitalised as contract assets and subsequently amortised when the related revenue is recognised.

LOGISTICS AND FREIGHT FORWARDING SERVICES

The Group provides logistics services, including freight forwarding services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

Revenue is recognised over time when the Group transfers control of the services over time, based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided, because the customer receives and uses the benefits simultaneously.

GENERAL STORAGE AND OTHER ANCILLARY SERVICES

The Group provides general storage and other ancillary services to customers. Revenue from leased storage is recognised when general storage and other ancillary services are rendered according to the terms of the respective contracts.

SALES OF GOODS

Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products.

Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with the credit policies, which is consistent with market practice.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(v) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses mainly represent the freight and transportation costs and direct labour costs directly attributable to the business operations of the Group, and are charged to the income statement in the year in which they are incurred.

(w) BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs are accounted for on the accrual basis and charged to the consolidated income statement in the year in which they are incurred, except for costs related to funding of construction or acquisition of qualifying assets which are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset during the construction period and up to the date of completion of construction. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING (z) CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(x) EARNINGS PER SHARE

(I) BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

(II) DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(v) DIVIDEND INCOME

Dividends are received from financial assets measured at FVPL and at FVOCI. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established. This applies even if they are paid out of pre-acquisition profits, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of an investment. In this case, the dividend is recognised in OCI if it relates to an investment measured at FVOCI. However, the investment may need to be tested for impairment as a consequence.

CONTINGENT ASSETS

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resource will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable and the amount can be reliably estimated, it will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

(aa) SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(ab) DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements in the year in which the dividends are declared by the Directors in the case of interim dividends or approved by the Company's shareholders in the case of final dividends.

(ac) GOVERNMENT GRANT

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

(a) FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, accounts and other receivables, cash and bank balances, investment in convertible bond, restricted and pledged bank deposits, accounts payable, put options written on non-controlling interests, bank overdrafts, bank loans, balances with group companies and related companies, balances with associates and joint ventures and loans from non-controlling interests. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes.

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Group's management under the supervision of the Board of Directors. The Group's management identifies, evaluates and manages significant financial risks in the Group's individual operating units. The Board of Directors provides guidance for overall risk management.

(a) FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (CONTINUED)

- (I) MARKET RISK
- (i) FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Group entities' functional currency.

The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign exchange risk. At 31 December 2021, if major currencies such as Renminbi and Euro, to which the Group had exposure had strengthened/ weakened by 5% (2020: 5%) against HK dollar with all variables held constant, there would have insignificant impact on the Group's profit for the year. Income in foreign currencies are generated from the Group's investments outside Hong Kong and cash in these foreign currencies are maintained in the relevant foreign currencies for operational needs. The Group ensures that its exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates is minimised. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is performed as the impact would not be significant to the profit for the year. Management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure by using appropriate financial instruments when the need arises.

The aggregate net foreign exchange losses recognised in the consolidated income statement were HK\$28,975,000 (2020: HK\$25,919,000).

(ii) INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group is primarily exposed to cash flow interest rate risk due to the fluctuation of the prevailing market interest rate on bank deposits and bank borrowings which carry prevailing market interest rates. The Group has not entered into any interest rate swap contracts to hedge the exposure as the Board of Directors consider the risk is not significant.

Interest rate sensitivity

For the year ended 31 December 2021, if interest rates had increased/decreased by 25 basis points and all other variables were held constant, the profit of the Group would have decreased/increased by approximately HK\$17,083,000 (2020: HK\$20,178,000) resulting from the change in interest income on bank deposits and borrowing costs of bank borrowings.

(II) CREDIT RISK

The carrying amounts of cash and bank balances, restricted and pledged bank deposits, accounts and other receivable and amounts due from associates, joint ventures and fellow subsidiaries, represent the Group's major exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

 CREDIT RISK OF CASH AND BANK BALANCES, RESTRICTED AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

To manage this risk arising from cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank balances, they are mainly placed with banks with high credit rating. There has been no recent history of default in relation to these financial institutions. The expected credit loss is minimal.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

- (a) FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (CONTINUED)
- (II) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)
 - CREDIT RISK OF ACCOUNTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

For accounts receivable, there is no concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable from third party customers as the Group has a large number of customers which are internationally dispersed. In order to minimise the credit risk, management of the Company has delegated a team in each business unit responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group has closely monitored the credit qualities and the collectability of these receivables at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made. In this regard, the Directors of the Company consider that the expected credit risks of them are adequately covered.

To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk in accounts and other receivables, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the assets at the end of each reporting period with the risk of default at the date of initial recognition. It considers available, reasonable, supportive forward-looking information. Especially, the following indicators are incorporated:

 external credit rating of the counterparty (as far as available);

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty; and
- significant expected changes in the performance and behaviour of the counterparty, including changes in the payment status of the counterparty and changes in the operating results of the counterparty.

A default on accounts and other receivables is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments when they fall due.

Accounts and other receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

The Group provides for credit losses against accounts receivable to customers by geographical location and the lifetime expected credit loss rate ranged from 1%-10.1%.

- (a) FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (CONTINUED)
- (II) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)
 - CREDIT RISK OF AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES, JOINT VENTURES AND FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES

The directors of the Company consider the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis during the reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares risk of a default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty;
- (3) significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the counterparty, including changes in the payment status of the counterparty.

Over the term of the financial assets, the Group accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates, and adjusts for forward looking macroeconomic data. In addition, the Group monitors the exposure to credit risk in respect of financial assistance provided to associates through exercising influence over their financial and operating policy decisions and reviewing their financial positions on a regular basis. No significant changes to estimation techniques or assumptions were made during the reporting period.

Based on historical experiences, amounts due from associates, joint ventures and fellow subsidiaries were settled within 12 months after upon maturity hence the expected credit loss is minimal.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(a) FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (CONTINUED)

(III) LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its current obligations when they fall due.

The Group measures and monitors its liquidity through the maintenance of prudent ratio regarding to the liquidity structure of the overall assets, liabilities, loans and commitments of the Group.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. The Group aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

The following tables detail the contractual maturity of the Group for financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

		Between	Between			
	Less than	1 and	3 and	Over		Carrying
	1 year	2 years	5 years	5 years	Total	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 31 December 2021						
Bank loans	3,760,718	164,164	2,188,483	-	6,113,365	5,910,510
Accounts payable, deposits received and accrued charges	11,694,873	-	-	-	11,694,873	11,694,873
Bank overdrafts	199,201	-	-	-	199,201	199,201
Loans from non-controlling interests	27,703	205,594	-	-	233,297	233,297
Amounts due to related companies	140,842	-	-	-	140,842	140,842
Lease liabilities	1,390,695	760,611	1,204,401	711,862	4,067,569	3,761,861
Other non-current liabilities	-	150,519	26,256	-	176,775	176,775
At 31 December 2020						
Bank loans	4,078,274	2,624,054	2,553,496	-	9,255,824	9,011,274
Accounts payable, deposits received and accrued charges	9,269,189	-	-	-	9,269,189	9,269,189
Bank overdrafts	220,865	-	-	-	220,865	220,865
Loans from non-controlling interests	-	233,654	-	-	233,654	233,654
Amounts due to related companies	23,757	-	-	-	23,757	23,757
Lease liabilities	1,105,851	679,852	1,488,942	1,567,543	4,842,188	4,191,023
Other non-current liabilities	-	90,623	51,756	-	142,379	142,379

(b) CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the loan and equity balance.

The Directors of the Company regularly monitor the capital structure, which consists of the equity attributable to the Company's shareholders as disclosed in the statement of financial position. The Directors of the Company could balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

The Group monitors capital by maintaining prudent gearing ratio based on prevailing market environment and economic condition. This ratio is calculated as total bank loans and overdrafts, divided by equity attributable to the Company's shareholders excluding put option written on non-controlling interests.

The gearing ratios at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	2021 HK\$ million	2020 HK\$ million
Bank loans and overdrafts	6,110	9,232
Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders excluding put option written on non-controlling interests	21,048	27,487
Gearing ratio	29.0%	33.6%

The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged throughout the year. The decrease was mainly attributable to the settlement of bank loans using the proceeds resolved from sale of subsidiaries.

(c) FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the Group's financial investments that are measured at fair value as at 31 December 2021 and 2020:

At 31 December 2021	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Assets				
Investment in convertible bonds	-	-	5,911	5,911
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	491,635	112,868	604,503
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	800,068	-	800,068
Total assets	-	1,291,703	118,779	1,410,482
Liability				
Put options written on non-controlling interests	-	-	4,208	4,208
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 31 December 2020	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets				
Investment in convertible bonds	_	-	353,382	353,382
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	359,189	359,189
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	122,244	-	122,244
Total assets	-	122,244	712,571	834,815
Liability				
Put options written on non-controlling interests	_	_	4.186	4.186

There were no transfers between levels during the year (2020: Nil).

(c) FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

LEVEL 3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments.

As at 31 December 2021	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income HK\$'000	Investment in convertible bonds HK\$'000	Put options written on non- controlling interests HK\$'000
At beginning of year	359,189	353,382	4,186
Transfer#	9,117	(359,899)	-
Additions	16,432	-	-
Disposals	(210,546)	-	-
Disposal of subsidiaries	(65,904)	-	-
Exchange adjustment	4,580	12,428	22
At end of year	112,868	5,911	4,208

[#] On 31 March 2021, KLN (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, exercised its conversion right to convert the bonds into further 25% equity interest of PT Puninar Saranaraya.

	Financial assets		Put options
	at fair value		written on
	through other	Investment in	non-
	comprehensive	convertible	controlling
As at	income	bonds	interests
31 December 2020	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of year	150,843	540,983	1,163,848
Transfer	182,445	(182,445)	-
Fair value adjustment	(9,340)	-	-
Additions	23,405	-	-
Disposals	(9,742)	-	-
Capital reduction	(345)	-	-
Exchange adjustment	21,923	(5,156)	63
Lapse of unexercised option	-	-	(29,725)
Extinguishment	-	-	(1,130,000)
At end of year	359,189	353,382	4,186

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no changes in valuation techniques during the year (2020: Nil).

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

VALUATION PROCESSES OF THE GROUP

The Group's finance department includes a team that performs the valuation of financial assets required for financial reporting purposes, including level 2 and level 3 fair values. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the management and the valuation team at each reporting date. Reasons for the fair value movements are explained during the discussions.

The following summarise the major methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of the significant assets and liabilities classified as level 2 and 3 and the valuation process for assets and liabilities classified as level 2 and 3.

INVESTMENT IN CONVERTIBLE BONDS

The Group established fair value of investment in convertible bonds by using discounted cash flow model and market approach. The unobservable inputs of the valuation include fair value of the equity interest, historical volatility and effective discount rate by reference to other investments that are substantially the same.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Group established fair value of unlisted financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models, making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

The Group established fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data including quoted prices where available, and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

The fair value of the following financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amount as at 31 December 2021 and 2020:

- Accounts receivable, deposits, other receivables and amounts due from fellow subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures
- Cash and bank balances
- Accounts payable, accrued charges and amounts due to fellow subsidiaries and related companies
- Bank loans and overdrafts

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period are discussed below.

(I) ESTIMATE OF FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The valuation of investment properties is performed in accordance with "The HKIS Valuation Standards on Properties (2020 Edition)" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors and the "International Valuation Standards" published by the International Valuation Standards Committee. The valuation is performed by qualified valuer by adopting the income approach of valuation by considering the capitalised rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due provision for any reversionary income potential of the property interests at appropriate capitalisation rates or wherever appropriate the direct comparison approach by making reference to comparable sales evidence as available in the relevant market subject to suitable adjustments between the subject properties and the comparable properties including but not limited to location, time, size, age and maintenance standard etc.

For certain investment properties in Vietnam, due to the specific nature and restricted use of the buildings and structures, and absence of relevant market evidence, the qualified valuer has valued the property interests by reference to the Depreciated Replacement Cost ("DRC"). DRC is based on an estimate of the market value for the existing use of the land (which is by reference to relevant land sales comparables subject to appropriate adjustments including but not limited to location, time, size etc.), plus the current gross replacement (reproduction) costs of the improvements, less allowances for physical deterioration and all relevant forms of obsolescence and optimisation. The values are subject to service potential of the entity from the use of assets as a whole. The fair values of the investment properties are determined based on the conditions as of 31 December 2021 and the impact of any nonadjusting subsequent events (if any) will be considered in the valuation of these properties in 2022.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

(II) INCOME TAXES

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the year in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers it probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

(III) ESTIMATED IMPAIRMENT OF GOODWILL

The Group tests whether goodwill (note 13) has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 2(g)(I). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs of disposal. These calculations require the use of estimates. The key assumptions and sensitivity test was disclosed in note 13. The recoverable amounts of the relevant cash generating units were determined based on the conditions as of 31 December 2021 and the impact of any non-adjusting subsequent events (if any) will be considered in the goodwill impairment test to be performed in 2022.

(IV) USEFUL LIVES OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of the property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will change the depreciation charge where useful lives are different from the previously estimated lives. It will also write-off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

(V) IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Management regularly reviews whether there are any indications of impairment and will recognise an impairment loss if the carrying amount of an asset, including property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, is lower than its recoverable amount which is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal or its value in use. In determining the value in use, management assesses the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. Estimates and judgements are applied in determining these future cash flows and the discount rate. Management estimates the future cash flows based on certain assumptions, such as market competition and development and the expected growth in business.

(VI) IMPAIRMENT OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS WITH A DEFINITE USEFUL LIFE

Intangible assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Intangible assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

(VII) IMPAIRMENT OF ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Group determines whether an investment in associates and joint ventures is impaired by evaluating the duration and extent to which the recoverable amount of the investment is less than its carrying amount. This evaluation is subject to changes in factors, such as industry and sector performance and operational cash flows.

(VIII) RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

The present value of the retirement benefit obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost or income for pensions include the discount rate and future salary. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of retirement benefit obligations.

The Group determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each reporting period. This is the interest rate that should be used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the defined benefit obligations. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the Group considers the interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related retirement benefit liability.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

(IX) IMPAIRMENT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The provision for impairment of accounts receivable are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in note 3(a)(II).

(b) CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING THE GROUP'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(I) DISTINCTION BETWEEN INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND OWNER-OCCUPIED PROPERTIES

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. In making its judgement, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable to the property and other assets used in the production or supply process.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions can be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The Group considers each property separately in making its judgement at the end of each reporting period.

(II) DETERMINATION OF THE LEASE TERM

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- (b) CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING THE GROUP'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
- (II) DETERMINATION OF THE LEASE TERM (CONTINUED)

For leases of equipment, buildings and motor vehicles, the following factors are normally the most relevant:

- If there are significant penalties to terminate (or not extend), the Group is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- If any leasehold improvements are expected to have a significant remaining value, the Group is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- Otherwise, the Group considers other factors including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased asset.

Most extension options in offices and vehicles leases have not been included in the lease liability, because the Group could replace the assets without significant cost or business disruption.

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised (or not exercised) or the Group becomes obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The assessment of reasonable certainty is only revised if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs, which affects this assessment, and that is within the control of the lessee.

5 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Revenue from continuing operations recognised during the year is as follows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(restated)
Integrated Logistics		
Logistics Operations	19,795,941	17,820,911
International Freight Forwarding	59,158,783	31,796,239
	78,954,724	49,617,150

5 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) An analysis of the Group's financial results by operating segment and geographical area for the year ended 31 December 2021, together with comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2020, is as follows:

December 2021, togethe		For the year ended 31 December									
		Continuing	operations		,						
	Integrate	d logistics									
	Logistics	pperations	International freight forwarding		Discontinue	Discontinued Operations		Elimination		Consolidation	
	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000 (restated)	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000 (restated)	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000 (restated)	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000 (restated)	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000 (restated)	
Revenue	40705044	47000044	50450700	04.707.000	0.047.445	0.740.000			04 774 400	50.0/0.540	
Turnover Inter-segment revenue	19,795,941 1,720,493	17,820,911 830,091	59,158,783 18,997,589	31,796,239 8,329,493	2,816,415 463,493	3,743,390 589,394	(21,181,575)	(9,748,978)	81,771,139	53,360,540	
	21,516,434	18,651,002	78,156,372	40,125,732	3,279,908	4,332,784	(21,181,575)	(9,748,978)	81,771,139	53,360,540	
Turnover by geographical area Hong Kong	5,901,213	5,185,807	5,849,253	3,374,020	520,383	669,404	(3,265,776)	(2,019,941)	9,005,073	7,209,290	
Mainland of China Taiwan	7,098,102	6,026,436	29,233,302	15,486,690 -	2,759,525	3,663,380	(10,153,866) (111,102)	(4,510,311) (114,831)	26,177,538 2,648,423	17,002,815 3,548,549	
Asia	8,380,880	7,316,913	13,138,273	5,966,747	-	-	(6,689,664)	(2,480,150)	14,829,489	10,803,510	
Americas EMEA	-	-	18,169,112 10,492,151	8,934,107 5,693,773	-	-	(318,841) (598,911)	(273,129) (318,060)	17,850,271 9,893,240	8,660,978 5,375,713	
Oceania	136,239	121,846	1,274,281	670,395	_	_	(43,415)	(32,556)	1,367,105	759,685	
	21,516,434	18,651,002	78,156,372	40,125,732	3,279,908	4,332,784	(21,181,575)	(9,748,978)	81,771,139	53,360,540	
Segment profit by geographical area											
Hong Kong	518,318	541,123	553,532	230,987	413,763	537,428	-	-	1,485,613	1,309,538	
Mainland of China Taiwan	353,045	265,893	1,606,282	275,656	374,835	595,626	-	-	1,959,327 374,835	541,549 595,626	
Asia	193,827	711,860	739,823	157,910	-	J7J,020 -	_	_	933,650	869,770	
Americas	-	-	1,541,551	233,019	-	-	-	_	1,541,551	233,019	
EMEA	-	-	298,161	20,336	-	-	-	-	298,161	20,336	
Oceania	45,854	12,813	88,807	52,076	-	-	-	-	134,661	64,889	
	1,111,044	1,531,689	4,828,156	969,984	788,598	1,133,054	-	-	6,727,798	3,634,727	
Less: Unallocated administration expenses Add: Net gain from settlement of put option written on non-controlling interests									(499,131)	(432,985) 118,000	
Core opreating profit Interest income									6,228,667 46,712	3,319,742 38,292	
Finance costs Share of results of associates and joint ventures									(290,116) 158,619	(303,095) 118,164	
Profit before taxation* Taxation*									6,143,882 (1,365,475)	3,173,103 (770,883)	
Profit for the year* Non-controlling interests*									4,778,407 (1,086,600)	2,402,220 (573,778)	
Core net profit									3,691,807	1,828,442	
Change in fair value of investment properties and investment properties held under discontinued operations									2,268,770	1,069,162	
Deferred tax of change in fair value of investment properties									(74,477)	(1,863)	
Less: Non-controlling interests' share of after- tax change in fair value of investment properties									(5,343)	16	
Gain on disposal of Hong Kong Warehouses and Taiwan Operation Goodwill impairment									2,187,896 (130,000)	-	
Profit attributable to Company's shareholders									7,938,653	2,895,757	
Depreciation and amortisation	1,664,312	1,473,224	352,202	338,716	244,681	337,032	-	-	2,261,195	2,148,972	

^{*} Excluding the change in fair value of investment properties and investment properties held under discontinued operations and its related deferred tax, gain on disposal of Hong Kong Warehouses and Taiwan Operation, and goodwill impairment

5 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

(c) DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE

In the following table, revenue of the Group from contracts with customers is disaggregated by timing of satisfaction of performance obligations. The table also includes a reconciliation to the segment information in respect of revenue of the Group that is disclosed in the operating segment note.

		202	1	2020				
By operating segment	Revenue recognised at a point in time HK\$'000	Revenue recognised over time HK\$'000	Rental income HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Revenue recognised at a point in time HK\$'000	Revenue recognised over time HK\$'000	Rental income HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue from contracts with customers								
Integrated logistics								
- Logistics operations	1,267,411	18,403,170	125,360	19,795,941	1,421,868	16,272,147	126,896	17,820,911
International freight forwarding	-	59,158,783	-	59,158,783	-	31,796,239	-	31,796,239
Discontinued Operations	7,676	2,669,827	138,912	2,816,415	7,610	3,550,639	185,141	3,743,390
	1,275,087	80,231,780	264,272	81,771,139	1,429,478	51,619,025	312,037	53,360,540

		202	1	2020				
By geographical area	Revenue recognised at a point in time HK\$'000	Revenue recognised over time HK\$'000	Rental income HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Revenue recognised at a point in time HK\$'000	Revenue recognised over time HK\$'000	Rental income HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue from contracts with customers								
Hong Kong	1,181,080	7,656,001	-	8,837,081	1,394,236	5,620,213	-	7,014,449
Mainland of China	49,024	26,036,409	92,105	26,177,538	2,965	16,895,894	103,956	17,002,815
Asia	37,307	14,758,927	33,255	14,829,489	24,667	10,755,903	22,940	10,803,510
America	-	17,850,271	-	17,850,271	-	8,660,978	-	8,660,978
EMEA	-	9,893,240	-	9,893,240	-	5,375,713	-	5,375,713
Oceania	-	1,367,105	-	1,367,105	-	759,685	-	759,685
Discontinued Operations	7,676	2,669,827	138,912	2,816,415	7,610	3,550,639	185,141	3,743,390
	1,275,087	80,231,780	264,272	81,771,139	1,429,478	51,619,025	312,037	53,360,540

Note:

Revenue recognised at a point in time is represented by the revenue from sales of goods for the year.

5 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

(d) Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the executive directors. The executive directors assess the performance of the three principal activities of the Group in 2020, namely logistics operations, Hong Kong Warehouses and international freight forwarding, in each geographical area.

As set out in note 2(a), the results of the Hong Kong Warehouses and Taiwan Operation for the year are presented under "Discontinued Operations" in the current segmental analysis of operations. The prior period corresponding segment information that is presented for comparative purpose has been restated. Further details of financial information of the discontinued operations are set out in note 37.

Logistics operations segment derives revenue from provision of logistics services, warehouse leasing and sales of goods.

International freight forwarding segment derives revenue primarily from provision of freight forwarding services.

Segment revenue and profit derived from geographical areas are based on the geographical location of the operation.

The executive directors assess the performance of the operating segments by geographical area based on segment profit.

The executive directors also assess the performance of the Group based on core operating profit, which is the profit before taxation excluding interest income, finance costs, share of results of associates and joint ventures, and also core net profit, which is the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders before the after-tax effect of change in fair value of investment properties, gain on disposal of Hong Kong Warehouses and Taiwan Operation and goodwill impairment.

An analysis of the Group's non-current assets by geographical area is as follows:

	Segment non-current assets#	
	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	2,062,027	11,576,408
Mainland of China	7,788,141	6,873,735
Taiwan	-	5,418,544
Asia	8,129,462	8,189,365
Americas	1,055,752	1,016,005
EMEA	1,209,174	1,436,507
Oceania	153,854	194,523
	20,398,410	34,705,087

[#] Other than financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, investment in convertible bonds and deferred taxation.

5 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

(e) UNSATISFIED PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS

For general storage and other ancillary services, the Group has elected the practical expedient for not to disclose the remaining performance obligations for these type of contracts. The majority of the general storage and ancillary contracts do not have a fixed term. The Group has a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date.

For logistics and freight forwarding services, they are rendered in short period of time and within a year and the Group has elected the practical expedient for not to disclose the remaining performance obligations at the end of respective periods.

(f) ASSETS RECOGNISED FROM INCREMENTAL COSTS TO OBTAIN A CONTRACT

There was no significant incremental costs to obtain a contract for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

6 OTHER INCOME AND NET (LOSSES)/GAINS

2020	2021
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(restated	

Continuing operations		
Interest income from banks	43,724	34,150
Interest income from associates	2,820	3,602
Interest income from convertible bonds	2,416	14,779
Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	29,179	(8,196)
Loss on disposal of associates	(29)	(1,314)
(Loss)/gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(22,062)	68,391
Fair value change of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	54,497	-
Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	650	-
Goodwill impairment (note 13)	(130,000)	-
Net gain from settlement of put options written on non-controlling interest	-	118,000
	(18,805)	229,412

Note:

On 31 March 2020, the Group has completed the acquisition of the remaining 49% of Apex, with the consideration of US\$176,132,511 (approximately HK\$1,372,432,000), which was settled by cash of approximately HK\$409,555,000 and the Company's shares of 76,445,430 at HK\$12.58 each. The net gain was resulted from the settlement of put options liabilities with equity instruments issued and measured at fair value.

7 EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expenses from continuing operations included in direct operating expenses and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(restated)
Continuing operations		
Auditors' remuneration	42,792	29,268
Business tax and other taxes	23,327	11,096
Cost of goods sold (note 20)	1,050,617	1,206,440
Freight and transportation costs	61,660,586	38,286,427
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 16)	737,508	681,319
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 15(II)(a)	1,140,800	997,332
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 13)	138,206	133,289
Provision for impairment of receivables (note (22)(g))	108,283	98,805
Reversal of provision for impairment of receivables (note (22)(h))	(1,270)	(6,316)
Rental expenses on land and buildings	245,928	257,138
Employee benefit expenses (note 12)	7,428,200	5,017,751

Government grants amounting to HK\$11,281,000 (2020: HK\$157,512,000) have been recognised and deducted in employee benefit expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021.

8 FINANCE EXPENSES

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(restated)
Continuing operations		
Interest expenses on bank loans and overdrafts	134,821	155,855
Interest expenses on lease liabilities (note (15)(II)(b))	115,935	94,769
	250,756	250,624

9 TAXATION

HONG KONG AND OVERSEAS PROFITS TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) for the year ended 31 December 2021 on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Income tax on the overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the overseas countries in which the Group operates.

PRC ENTERPRISE INCOME TAX

PRC enterprise income tax has been provided at the rate of 25% (2020: 25%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year.

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9 TAXATION (CONTINUED)

WITHHOLDING TAX ON DISTRIBUTED/ UNDISTRIBUTED PROFITS

Withholding tax in the Group's subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures is levied on profit distribution upon declaration/remittance and in respect of the undistributed earnings for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the Mainland of China and overseas countries.

2021 2020 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 (restated)

Continuing operations			
Hong Kong profits tax			
- Current	301,000	130,170	
- (Over)/under provision in prior years	(18,808)	2,742	
- Deferred	33	6,904	
	282,225	139,816	
Mainland of China taxation			
- Current	240,004	128,651	
- Under provision in prior years	8,166	1,376	
- Deferred	68,001	9,854	
	316,171	139,881	
Overseas taxation			
- Current	794,632	295,698	
 Over provision in prior years and tax refunds 	(136,975)	(31,918)	
- Deferred	43,114	49,527	
	700,771	313,307	
	1,299,167	593,004	

Note:

In March 2020, US passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES ACT") which allows a five-year carry back of federal net operating losses generated in the tax years beginning in 2018, 2019 and 2020, and received a refund claims of approximately US\$12,000,000 (approximately HK\$93,000,000) in 2021.

The Group's share of associates' and joint ventures' taxation for the year ended 31 December 2021 is HK\$25,495,000 (2020: HK\$42,562,000) and included in the share of results of associates and joint ventures in the consolidated income statement.

The taxation on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of Hong Kong as follows:

2021

2020

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(restated)
Continuing operations		
Profit before taxation	5,564,257	2,100,769
Less: Share of results of associates and joint ventures	(157,958)	(118,843)
	5,406,299	1,981,926
Calculated at Hong Kong profits tax rate of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%)	892,039	327,018
Tax effect of different taxation rates in other countries	377,460	90,340
ncome not subject to taxation	(37,541)	(40,206)
Expenses not deductible in determining taxable profit	181,305	133,069
Tax losses not recognised	28,609	34,949
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	(4,597)	(2,142)
Over provision in prior years	(147,617)	(27,800)
Withholding tax on undistributed profits	9,509	77,776
Taxation charge	1,299,167	593,004

10 DIVIDENDS

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2021 of 50 HK cents per share, amounting to a total dividend of HK\$903,655,000 is to be proposed at the annual general meeting on Monday, 23 May 2022. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Interim dividend paid of 21.1 HK cents (2020: 11 HK cents) per ordinary share	381,341	197,126
Special dividend paid of 728 HK cents (2020: 13.8 HK cents) per ordinary share	13,157,178	248,014
Proposed final dividend of 50 HK cents (2020: 23.8 HK cents) per ordinary share	903,655	427,734
	14,442,174	872,874

The proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021, as referred to above, is calculated on the basis of 1,807,309,842 ordinary shares in issue as at 31 December 2021, and at a final dividend of 50 HK cents per ordinary share. The actual amount of final dividend payable in respect of the year ended 31 December 2021 will be subject to the actual number of ordinary shares in issue on the record date 27 May 2022.

11 EARNINGS PER SHARE

BASIC

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders from continuing operations and discontinued operations by the adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2021	(restated)
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	1,803,147,927	1,775,280,157
Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders (HK\$'000)		
From continuing operations	3,308,813	1,160,059
From discontinued operation	4,629,840	1,735,698
Basic earnings per share (HK\$)		
From continuing operations	1.84	0.65
From discontinued operation	2.57	0.98

11 EARNINGS PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

DILUTED

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders from continuing operations and discontinued operations by the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential shares.

2021	2020
	(restated)

Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue Adjustment for share options	1,803,147,927 2,840,424	1,775,280,157 3,777,583
Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share	1,805,988,351	1,779,057,740
Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders (HK\$'000)		
From continuing operations	3,308,813	1,160,059
From discontinued operation	4,629,840	1,735,698
Diluted earnings per share (HK\$)		
From continuing operations	1.83	0.65
From discontinued operation	2.56	0.98

12 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000 (restated)
Continuing operations		
Staff costs, including directors' emoluments	7,124,944	4,783,297
Pension costs		
- defined contribution plans	293,135	224,096
- defined benefit plans (note 31(b))	10,121	10,358
	7,428,200	5,017,751

Out of the total employee benefit expenses from continuing operations for the year ended 31 December 2021 of HK\$7,428,200,000 (2020: HK\$5,017,751,000), HK\$4,730,193,000 (2020: HK\$3,279,683,000) was included in direct operating expenses.

12 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

(a) DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The remuneration of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2021, excluding share option benefits, is set out below:

Name of Director	Fees HK\$'000	Special remuneration	Salary HK\$'000	Discretionary bonuses (i) HK\$'000	Housing allowance HK\$'000	Estimating money value of other benefits	Employer's contribution to a retirement benefit scheme HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
WANG Wei (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KUOK Khoon Hua	1,409	-	-	3,905	-	-	-	5,314
MA Wing Kai William	-	-	6,144	30,216	-	-	118	36,478
CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky	-	-	4,800	5,400	-	744	255	11,199
NG Kin Hang (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	-	-	2,067	749	280	76	94	3,266
CHAN Fei (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	70
HO Chit (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	101
CHEN Keren (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	70
TONG Shao Ming (resignation effective from 16 September 2021)	310	-	-	-	-	-	-	310
CHEUNG Wai Man (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	81	-	-	-	-	-	-	81
LAI Sau Cheong Simon (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	134	-	-	-	-	-	-	134
TAN Chuen Yan Paul (appointment effective from 13 October 2021)	103	-	-	-	-	-	-	103
WONG Yu Pok Marina	600	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,600
KHOO Shulamite N K (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	362	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,362
YEO Philip Liat Kok (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	348	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,348
ZHANG Yi Kevin (resignation effective from 13 October 2021)	408	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,408

12 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

(a) DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The remuneration of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2020, excluding share option benefits, is set out below:

					Estimating	Employer's	
					money value	contribution to	
			Discretionary	Housing	of other	a retirement	
Name of Director	Fees	Salary	bonuses (i)	allowance	benefits	benefit scheme	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
KUOK Khoon Hua	1,762	-	5,000	-	-	-	6,762
MA Wing Kai William	-	6,060	20,144	-	-	120	26,324
CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky (appointment effective from 1 April 2020)	-	3,360	1,710	-	586	-	5,656
NG Kin Hang	-	2,592	2,129	368	100	120	5,309
TONG Shao Ming	460	-	-	-	-	-	460
KHOO Shulamite N K	475	-	-	-	-	-	475
WONG Yu Pok Marina	595	-	-	-	-	-	595
YEO Philip Liat Kok	445	-	-	-	-	-	445
ZHANG Yi Kevin	530	-	-	-	-	-	530

Note:

12 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

(b) SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

The Group considers a team of nine (2020: ten) senior executives who report to the Board of Directors as senior management. The emoluments of the nine (2020: ten) individuals, excluding share option benefits, are as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Salaries and other short-term benefits	61,436	66,406

(c) SHARE OPTIONS GRANTED BY KPL TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

Certain directors of the Company held share options of KPL during the year presented as follows:

During the year ended 31 December 2021, no KPL share was issued to director of the Company pursuant to exercise of the share options (2020: Nil).

As at 31 December 2021, certain directors held the following share options to acquire shares of KPL:

No. of share options held	Exercise price	Exercise period
050000	LU(\$05.45	04/40/0040.00/04/0000
250,000 250,000	HK\$35.45 HK\$35.45	31/10/2012-29/04/2022 31/10/2013-29/04/2022

As at 31 December 2020, certain directors held the following share options to acquire shares of KPL:

No. of share		
options held	Exercise price	Exercise period
250,000	HK\$35.45	31/10/2012-29/04/2022
250,000	HK\$35.45	31/10/2013-29/04/2022

The closing market price of the KPL shares as at 31 December 2021 was HK\$20.30 (2020: HK\$19.64).

(d) SHARE OPTIONS GRANTED BY THE COMPANY TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

Certain directors of the Company held pre-IPO share options of the Company and post-IPO share options of the Company during the year presented as follows:

During the year ended 31 December 2021, 4,320,000 Shares were issued to directors of the Company pursuant to exercise of the share options (2020: 1,105,000 Shares).

As at 31 December 2021, no director held share option to acquire share of the Company.

As at 31 December 2020, certain directors held the following share options to acquire shares of the Company:

No. of share		
options held	Exercise price	Exercise period
Pre-IPO share options		
2,160,000	HK\$10.20	19/12/2013-01/12/2023
2,160,000	HK\$10.20	02/12/2014-01/12/2023
Post-IPO share options		
-	HK\$12.26	09/01/2015-08/01/2020
-	HK\$12.26	09/01/2016-08/01/2020

The closing market price of the Company's shares as at 31 December 2021 was HK\$19.06 (2020: HK\$17.04).

⁽i) Discretionary bonuses are determined based on the overall performance of the individual and the Group.

12 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

(e) FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 included two Directors (2020: one). The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2020: four) highest paid individuals during the years are as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Basic salaries, housing allowances, share options, other allowances and benefits in kind	16,596	17,664
Discretionary bonuses	21,241	17,399
Pension contributions	395	278
	38,232	35,341

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	Number of individuals		
	2021 202		
HK\$6,500,001 - HK\$7,000,000	-	1	
HK\$7,000,001 - HK\$7,500,000	-	-	
HK\$7,500,001 - HK\$8,000,000	1	-	
HK\$8,000,001 - HK\$8,500,000	-	-	
HK\$8,500,001 - HK\$9,000,000	-	1	
HK\$9,000,001 - HK\$9,500,000	-	1	
HK\$10,000,001 - HK\$10,500,000	1	1	
HK\$10,500,001 - HK\$11,000,000	-	-	
HK\$11,000,001 - HK\$11,500,000	-	-	
HK\$11,500,001 - HK\$12,000,000	-	-	
HK\$12,500,001 - HK\$13,500,000	1	-	
	3	4	

(f) REMUNERATION PAYABLE TO SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The remuneration payable to the senior management during the year fell within the following bands:

Number of

	individuals		
	2021	2020	
HK\$500,001 - HK\$1,000,000	1	-	
HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000	-	-	
HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000	-	-	
HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000	-	-	
HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000	-	-	
HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000	-	-	
HK\$3,500,001 - HK\$4,000,000	-	1	
HK\$4,000,001 - HK\$4,500,000	-	-	
HK\$4,500,001 - HK\$5,000,000	1	2	
HK\$5,000,001 - HK\$5,500,000	1	1	
HK\$5,500,001 - HK\$6,000,000	1	-	
HK\$6,000,001 - HK\$6,500,000	1	2	
HK\$6,500,001 - HK\$7,000,000	-	1	
HK\$7,000,001 - HK\$7,500,000	1	-	
HK\$7,500,001 - HK\$8,000,000	1	-	
HK\$8,000,001 - HK\$8,500,000	-	-	
HK\$8,500,001 - HK\$9,000,000	-	1	
HK\$9,000,001 - HK\$9,500,000	-	1	
HK\$10,000,001 - HK\$10,500,000	1	1	
HK\$12,000,001 - HK\$12,500,000	1	-	
	9	10	

13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		Customer	Non-compete		
	Goodwill	relationships	agreements	Trademarks	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January 2020	3,881,064	790,719	61,265	31,856	4,764,904
Acquisition of subsidiaries	60,705	-	-	-	60,705
Disposal of subsidiaries	(5,520)	-	-	-	(5,520)
Amortisation	-	(108,801)	(18,608)	(11,674)	(139,083)
Exchange adjustment	85,153	5,294	414	30	90,891
At 31 December 2020	4,021,402	687,212	43,071	20,212	4,771,897
At 31 December 2020					
Cost	4,183,865	1,195,725	139,383	90,879	5,609,852
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(162,463)	(508,513)	(96,312)	(70,667)	(837,955)
	4,021,402	687,212	43,071	20,212	4,771,897
At 1 January 2021	4,021,402	687,212	43,071	20,212	4,771,897
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 33)	269,941	73,867	15,337	-	359,145
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 32(c))	(487,290)	(42,304)	(144)	-	(529,738)
Amortisation	-	(111,845)	(18,678)	(11,238)	(141,761)
Exchange adjustment	(19,889)	(6,328)	(36)	(171)	(26,424)
Impairment	(130,000)	-	-	-	(130,000)
At 31 December 2021	3,654,164	600,602	39,550	8,803	4,303,119
At 31 December 2021					
Cost	3,946,627	1,191,612	153,516	91,056	5,382,811
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(292,463)	(591,010)	(113,966)	(82,253)	(1,079,692)
	3,654,164	600,602	39,550	8,803	4,303,119

The amortisation of intangible assets was charged to direct operating expenses.

Note

The amount represents amortization of HK\$141,761,000 (2020: HK\$139,083,000) which includes HK\$138,206,000 (2020: HK\$133,289,000) (note 7) arising from continuing operations and HK\$3,555,000 (2020: HK\$5,794,000) arising from discontinued operations.

13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

IMPAIRMENT TESTS FOR GOODWILL

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units (CGUs) that are expected to benefit from business combination and impairment testing is performed annually and when these is indication that they may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use calculations. The value-in-use calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering five years.

At 30 June 2021, the Group recognised an impairment charge against goodwill of HK\$130 million relating to an acquired business within EMEA, primarily resulted from a construction of facilities which has been put on hold due to a dispute with a third party, and slows down the business growth and expansion.

Except for the impairment mentioned above, management did not identify any major adverse changes indicating any impairment in the carrying amounts of goodwill for other business units at 30 June 2021.

A segment-level summary of the goodwill allocation based on geographical regions is presented below:

2021

	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Logistics operations		
Hong Kong	237,238	237,238
Mainland of China	556,293	329,129
Taiwan	-	417,730
Asia	146,858	99,235
Oceania	10,045	10,586
	950,434	1,093,918
International freight forwarding		
Hong Kong	100,440	84,533
Mainland of China	615,480	578,496
Taiwan	-	107,323
Asia	508,842	518,310
EMEA	712,045	874,039
Americas	748,703	745,746
Oceania	18,220	19,037
	2,703,730	2,927,484
	3,654,164	4,021,402

The annual impairment assessment of goodwill was conducted at 31 December 2021. Other than the impairment charge of HK\$130 million recorded in the first half of 2021 as mentioned above, there was no impairment in goodwill at 31 December 2021.

KEY ASSUMPTIONS USED FOR VALUE-IN-USE CALCULATIONS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

LOGISTICS OPERATIONS

	Mainland of			
	Hong Kong	China	Asia	
Profit margin	5%-8%	2%-4%	2%-23%	
Average revenue growth rate	3%-5%	0%-8%	(11%)-9%	
Discount rate	12%	12%	11%-16%	

13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

KEY ASSUMPTIONS USED FOR VALUE-IN-USE CALCULATIONS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

INTERNATIONAL FREIGHT FORWARDING

	Mainland of				
	Hong Kong	China	Asia	EMEA	Americas
Profit margin	3%-10%	2%-4%	2%-11%	3%-4%	3%-5%
Average revenue growth rate	3%-6%	0%-8%	(11%)-19%	2%-16%	(9%)-3%
Discount rate	12%	12%	11%-16%	10%-14%	10%-13%

For the year ended 31 December 2020

LOGISTICS OPERATIONS

	Mainland of			
	Hong Kong	China	Asia	
Profit margin	8%-10%	2%-4%	2%-23%	
Average revenue growth rate	3%-5%	5%-8%	3%-9%	
Discount rate	12%	12%	11%-16%	

INTERNATIONAL FREIGHT FORWARDING

	Mainland of				
	Hong Kong	China	Asia	EMEA	Americas
Profit margin	3%-10%	2%-4%	2%-11%	3%-4%	3%-5%
Average revenue growth rate	5%-6%	5%-8%	5%-24%	6%-23%	3%-9%
Discount rate	12%	12%	11%-16%	10%-14%	10%-13%

Management determined budgeted profit margins and revenue growth rates based on past performance and its expectations of the market development. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant CGUs. In performing the impairment assessment, management has considered reasonably possible changes for key asumptions. Assuming revenue growth rate decreased by 50 basis points and discount rate increased by 50 basis points, other than a further increase in impairment charge of HK\$19 million relating to the business unit in EMEA mentioned above, there is no further impairment charge in goodwill as at 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of year	11,503,215	10,308,139
Additions	-	41,021
Change in fair value	2,268,770	1,069,162
Disposals of subsidiaries (note 32(c))	(11,696,000)	-
Transfer	(169,366)	3,035
Exchange adjustment	33,017	81,858
At end of year	1,939,636	11,503,215

(a) Investment properties were valued by independent professional valuer, namely Cushman & Wakefield Limited as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, by mainly adopting the income approach of valuation. (b) The Group's investment properties at their net book values are analysed as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
In Hong Kong, held on: Leases of between 10 to 50 years	-	9,726,080
Outside Hong Kong, held on: Leases of between 10 to 50 years	1,939,636	1,777,135
	1,939,636	11,503,215

As at 31 December 2021, investment properties amounting to HK\$115,536,000 (2020: HK\$286,114,000) was pledged as securities for bank loan facilities and bank overdrafts granted to the Group (note 35).

(c) As at 31 December 2021, rental income of HK\$264,272,000 (2020: HK\$312,037,000), which includes HK\$125,360,000 (2020: HK\$126,896,000) (note 5(c)) arising from continuing operations and HK\$138,912,000 (2020: HK\$185,141,000) (note 5(c)) arising from discontinued operations, and direct operating expenses of HK\$135,570,000 (2020: HK\$199,525,000), which includes HK\$70,189,000 (2020: HK\$128,316,000) arising from continuing operations and HK\$65,380,000 (2020: HK\$71,209,000) arising from discontinued operations (from property that generated rental income) are recognised in the consolidated income statement for investment properties.

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

(d) VALUATION OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT USING SIGNIFICANT INPUTS

		Mainland		
	Hong Kong	of China	Overseas	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January 2020	8,623,350	1,204,407	480,382	10,308,139
Change in fair value	1,061,709	7,428	25	1,069,162
Additions	41,021	-	-	41,021
Transfer	-	3,035	-	3,035
Exchange adjustment	-	79,181	2,677	81,858
At 31 December 2020	9,726,080	1,294,051	483,084	11,503,215
At 1 January 2021	9,726,080	1,294,051	483,084	11,503,215
Change in fair value	1,969,920	287,303	11,547	2,268,770
Disposal of subsidiaries	(11,696,000)	-	-	(11,696,000)
Transfer	-	(479)	(168,887)	(169,366)
Exchange adjustment	-	36,415	(3,398)	33,017
At 31 December 2021	-	1,617,290	322,346	1,939,636

The Group measures its investment properties at fair value. The investment properties were revalued by Cushman & Wakefield Limited, an independent qualified valuer not connected with the Group, who holds a recognised relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued at 31 December 2021. For all investment properties, their current use equates to the highest and best use.

The Group's finance department includes a team that review the valuations performed by the independent valuer for financial reporting purposes. This team reports directly to the senior management and the Audit and Compliance Committee. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the management and valuer at least once every six months, in line with the Group's interim and annual reporting dates.

At each financial year end, the finance department:

- verifies all major inputs to the independent valuation report;
- assesses property valuations movements when compared to the prior year valuation report; and
- holds discussions with the independent valuer.

Note: The amount represents the change in fair value of HK\$2,268,770,000 (2020: HK\$1,069,162,000) includes HK\$298,850,000 (2020: HK\$7,454,000) arising from continuing operations and HK\$1,969,920,000 (2020: HK\$1,061,708,000) arising from discontinued operations.

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14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

(d) VALUATION OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

VALUATION TECHNIQUES

Fair value of investment properties in the Mainland of China and overseas are generally derived using the income approach and wherever appropriate, by direct comparison approach. Income approach is based on the capitalisation of the net income and reversionary income potential by adopting appropriate capitalisation rates, which are derived from analysis of sale transactions and valuer's interpretation of prevailing investor requirements or expectations. The prevailing market rents adopted in the valuation have reference to recent lettings, within the subject properties and other comparable properties. Direct comparison approach is based on comparing the property to be valued directly with other comparable properties, which have recently transacted. Fair value of certain investment properties in Vietnam are generally derived using the depreciated replacement costs approach.

SIGNIFICANT UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS USED TO DETERMINE FAIR VALUE

Capitalisation rates are estimated by valuer based on the risk profile of the investment properties being valued. The higher the rates, the lower the fair value.

Prevailing market rents are estimated based on recent lettings for the Mainland of China and overseas investment properties, within the subject properties and other comparable properties. The lower the rents, the lower the fair value.

The capitalisation rates used are as follows:

	2021	2020
apitalisation rate	4.25% - 6.75%	5.3% - 7.3%

The following tables show the increase/(decrease) of the fair value of the investment properties if the capitalisation rate was to increase or decrease by 10%.

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Decrease of capitalisation rate by 10%	189,639	1,130,263
Increase of capitalisation rate by 10%	(166,958)	(913,413)

The following tables show the (decrease)/increase of the fair value of the investment properties if the reversionary income was to increase or decrease by 10%.

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Decrease of reversionary income by 10%	(146,807)	(887,411)
Increase of reversionary income by 10%	154,434	928,951

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

(e) LEASING ARRANGEMENTS:

The Group leases various offices and warehouses to tenants under non-cancellable operating lease agreements with rentals receivable monthly. The lease terms are mainly between 1 year and 5 years, and the majority of lease agreements are renewable at the end of the lease period at market rates. No contingent rents were recognised during the year (2020: Nil).

Minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment properties are as follows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Land and buildings:		
Within one year	46,195	359,694
In the second to fifth year, inclusive	66,093	593,523
Over five years	18,486	127,437
	130,774	1,080,654

15 LEASES

As at 31 December 2021, leasehold land and land use rights amounting to HK\$83,414,000 (2020: HK\$84,040,000) were pledged as securities for bank loan facilities and bank overdrafts granted to the Group (note 35).

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

(I) AMOUNTS RECOGNISED IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Right-of-use assets		
Leasehold land and land use rights	762,743	628,805
Equipment	29,824	41,015
Buildings	2,802,012	3,060,861
Motor vehicles	753,626	1,035,349
	4,348,205	4,766,030
Lease liabilities		
Current	1,377,209	1,012,901
Non-current	2,384,652	3,178,122
	3,761,861	4,191,023

Additions and reallocation to the right-of-use assets during the year were HK\$1,945,685,000 (2020: HK\$2,414,232,000), of which HK\$21,723,000 in relation to the acquisition of subsidiaries (2020: Nil) (Note 33), and HK\$52,387,000 (2020: HK\$93,333,000).

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15 LEASES (CONTINUED)

(II) AMOUNTS RECOGNISED IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

The consolidated income statement shows the following amounts relating to leases:

2024

2020

	Note	2021 HK\$'000	HK\$'000 (restated)
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets Leasehold land and land use rights		10,845	10,051
Equipment Buildings		18,624 978,571	20,123
Motor vehicles		223,262	251,980
	(Note a)	1,231,302	1,116,654
Interest expense (included in finance cost) Expense relating to short-term leases (included in direct operating expenses and administrative	(Note b)	129,306	110,257
expenses)		259,079	349,090

The total cash outflow for leases in 2021 was HK\$1,540,151,000 (2020: HK\$1,557,007,000).

Note:

- (a) The amount represents depreciation of right-of-use assets of HK\$1,231,302,000 (2020: HK\$1,116,654,000) which includes HK\$1,140,800,000 (2020: HK\$997,332,000) (note 7) arising from continuing operations and HK\$90,502,000 (2020: 119,322,000) arising from discontinues operations.
- (b) The amount represents interest expenses on right-of-use assets of HK\$129,306,000 (2020: HK\$110,257,000) which includes HK\$115,935,000 (2020: HK\$94,769,000) (note 8) arising from continuing operations and HK\$13,371,000 (2020: HK\$15,488,000) arising from discontinued operations.

(III) THE GROUP'S LEASING ACTIVITIES AND HOW THESE ARE ACCOUNTED FOR

The Group leases various equipment, buildings and motor vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 month to 53 years.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets except leasehold land may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Warehouse and logistics centres HK\$'000	Staff quarters HK\$'000	Freehold land and buildings HK\$'000	Port facilities HK\$000	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Warehouse operating equipment	vehicles, furniture, fixtures and office equipment HK\$'000	Construction in progress HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Cost									
At 1 January 2021	2,531,614	656	4,914,151	882,475	1,349,661	3,915,651	1,938,050	771,435	16,303,693
Additions, at cost	53,998	-	15,357	-	161,365	404,317	309,821	691,691	1,636,549
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 33)	-	-	-	-	17,199	8,746	15,307	-	41,252
Disposals	(36,129)	(195)	(60,182)	-	(135,526)	(185,068)	(111,087)	-	(528,187)
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 32(c))	(237,569)	(474)	(3,181,777)	-	(827,366)	(1,899,034)	(214,600)	(531,050)	(6,891,870)
Transfer/reclassification	354,414	-	265,167	-	74,950	17,632	1,270	(603,962)	109,471
Exchange adjustment	40,550	13	(90,830)	(80,349)	(6,524)	(123,635)	(50,034)	24,540	(286,269)
At 31 December 2021	2,706,878	-	1,861,886	802,126	633,759	2,138,609	1,888,727	352,654	10,384,639
Accumulated depreciation									
At 1 January 2021	524,531	359	574,233	197,785	738,416	1,514,825	1,060,318	-	4,610,467
Charge for the year	69,429	10	72,721	15,808	129,203	325,123	275,838	-	888,132
Disposals	(3,468)	(53)	(39,653)	-	(117,650)	(152,606)	(79,082)	-	(392,512)
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 32(c))	(114,924)	(322)	(347,817)	-	(510,025)	(1,028,679)	(148,238)	-	(2,150,005)
Transfer/reclassification	3,309	-	(10,664)	-	-	-	(153)	-	(7,508)
Exchange adjustment	7,219	6	(23,224)	(18,536)	1,203	(35,048)	(21,783)	-	(90,163)
At 31 December 2021	486,096	-	225,596	195,057	241,147	623,615	1,086,900	-	2,858,411
Net book value									
As at 31 December 2021	2,220,782	-	1,636,290	607,069	392,612	1,514,994	801,827	352,654	7,526,228

Note: The amount represents depreciation of property, plant and equipment of HK\$888,132,000, which includes HK\$737,508,000 (note 7) arising from continuing operations and HK\$150,624,000 arising from discontinued operations.

16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

							IVIOTOR		
							vehicles,		
	Warehouse						furniture,		
	and		Freehold			Warehouse	fixtures		
	logistics	Staff	land and	Port	Leasehold	operating	and office		
	centres	quarters	buildings	facilities	improvements	equipment	equipment	in progress	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost									
At 1 January 2020	2,197,780	617	4,761,284	894,864	1,133,235	3,714,982	1,733,539	797,260	15,233,561
Additions, at cost	39,869	-	8,655	258	153,170	354,768	275,864	433,692	1,266,276
Acquisition of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	44,759	524	-	45,283
Disposals	(2,186)	-	(25,086)	-	(41,543)	(229,036)	(85,101)	-	(382,952)
Disposal of subsidiaries	(32,664)	-	-	-	(3,468)	(74,859)	(11,329)	-	(122,320)
Transfer/reclassification	236,381	-	18,358	-	68,917	18,624	(20,744)	(418,754)	(97,218)
Exchange adjustment	92,434	39	150,940	(12,647)	39,350	86,413	45,297	(40,763)	361,063
At 31 December 2020	2,531,614	656	4,914,151	882,475	1,349,661	3,915,651	1,938,050	771,435	16,303,693
Accumulated depreciation									
At 1 January 2020	466,084	323	493,749	183,567	585,875	1,323,904	836,520	-	3,890,022
Charge for the year	60,499	14	82,699	16,133	135,580	335,399	262,911	-	893,235
Disposals	(699)	-	(21,647)	-	(18,143)	(175,721)	(68,256)	-	(284,466)
Disposal of subsidiaries	(15,776)	-	-	-	(1,697)	(41,478)	(7,200)	-	(66,151)
Transfer/reclassification	(850)	-	-	-	2,225	3,751	(5,976)	-	(850)
Exchange adjustment	15,273	22	19,432	(1,915)	34,576	68,970	42,319	-	178,677
At 31 December 2020	524,531	359	574,233	197,785	738,416	1,514,825	1,060,318	-	4.610.467
Net book value									
As at 31 December 2020	2,007,083	297	4,339,918	684,690	611,245	2,400,826	877,732	771,435	11,693,226

Note: The amount represents depreciation of property, plant and equipment of HK\$893,235,000, which includes HK\$681,319,000 (note 7) arising from continuing operations and HK\$211,916,000 arising from discontinued operations.

16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

(a) As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, certain freehold land and buildings, warehouse and logistics centres and port facilities were pledged as securities for bank loan facilities and bank overdrafts granted to the Group (note 35) with aggregate net book values as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Freehold land and buildings	674,873	1,542,919
Warehouse and logistics centres	188,603	58,555
Port facilities	241,247	684,690
	1,104,723	2,286,164

(b) The Group's freehold land and buildings and port facilities are located outside Hong Kong.

17 ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Share of net assets (note (b))	2,250,233	1,879,220
Amounts due from associates and joint ventures (notes (c), (d))	30,989	91,499
	2,281,222	1,970,719

17 ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

(a) The Group held interests in the following principal associates and joint ventures:

	Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities	Class of shares/ registered capital	Interest hel	d indirectly
					2021	2020
(4)(5)	Asia Airfreight Terminal Company Limited	Hong Kong	Air cargo terminal	Ordinary	15%	15%
(1)(2)	Beijing Bei Jian Tong Cheng International Logistics Co., Ltd	PRC	Logistics business	RMB1,235,450,000	24%	24%
(3)	Chiwan Container Terminal Co., Ltd.	PRC	Port operation	US\$95,300,000	25%	25%
	Giao Hang Tiet Kiem Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	Express business	Ordinary	42%	42%
	PT. Puninar Saranaraya	Indonesia	Logistics business	Ordinary	40%	15%

Notes:

17 ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

(b) The Group's share of results of its associates and joint ventures and its aggregate assets and liabilities (including continuing and discontinued operations) are as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Aggregate attributable amounts of total assets	3,635,816	2,942,553
Aggregate attributable amounts of total liabilities	1,385,583	1,063,333
Aggregate attributable amounts of total revenue	1,195,747	1,046,538
Aggregate attributable amounts of net profit after tax (note)	158,619	118,164

Note: The amount represents shares of result of associate of HK\$158,619,000 (2020: HK\$118,164,000) which includes shares of profit of HK\$157,958,000 (2020: HK\$118,843,000) arising from continuing operations and share of profit of HK\$661,000 (2020: share of loss of HK\$679,000) arising from discontinued operations.

(c) The amounts due from associates and joint ventures are unsecured, and not expected to be received within twelve months for the respective end of the reporting periods. Except for the amounts of HK\$20,726,000 (2020: HK\$83,184,000) which bear interests at 2%-4.35% per annum (2020: 2%-4.35% per annum), all the other amounts due from associates and joint ventures are interest-free.

(d) The carrying amounts of the amounts due from associates and joint ventures are denominated in the following currencies:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Renminbi	20,053	83,448
Hong Kong dollar	6,179	7,981
Other currencies	4,757	70
	30,989	91,499

(e) There is no associate and joint venture that is individually significant to the Group.

18 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Non-current		
- Unlisted fund investments, at fair value	587,337	-
- Unlisted equity securities, at fair value	-	359,189
Current - Unlisted fund investments, at fair		

17,166

604,503

359,189

value

⁽¹⁾ English translation of name only

⁽²⁾ Foreign equity joint venture enterprise

⁽³⁾ Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise

Companies having a financial accounting period which is not conterminous with the Group

⁽⁵⁾ Significant influence is obtained by the Group through participation in the board of directors of the associate

19 INVESTMENT IN CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 16 January 2015, KLN (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. ("KLN Singapore"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a convertible bond subscription deed with PT Puninar Saranaraya ("PT Puninar"), currently an associate to the Group and the ultimate beneficial owner of one of the shareholders of PT Puninar, whereby KLN Singapore has subscribed for the convertible bond with 6% coupon rate per annum due on 30 April 2017 ("Maturity Date") issued by the ultimate beneficial owner of one of the shareholders of PT Puninar in the amount of US\$45.000.000 (approximately HK\$349.194.000 ("Principal Amount"). In March 2021, the Group exercised the conversion right of the bonds. Upon the conversion, KLN Singapore holds an aggregate interest of 40% of the total issued share capital of PT Puninar and the Group is able to exert significant influence over the financial and operating policy decisions of PT Puninar. Hence PT Puninar remains as the Group's investment in an associate.

20 INVENTORIES

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Finished goods	374,775	404,879

The cost of inventories recognised as expenses and included in direct operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to HK\$1,054,610,000 (2020: HK\$1,210,716,000).

Note: The amount represents the cost of inventories of HK\$1,054,610,000 (2020: HK\$1,210,716,000) which includes HK\$1,050,617,000 (2020: HK\$1,206,440,000) (note 7) arising from continuing operations and HK\$3,993,000 (2020: HK\$4,276,000) arising from discontinued operations.

21 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Unlisted equity securities, at fair value designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	122,244
Unlisted fund investments, at fair value	800,068	-

Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$54,497,000 (2020: HK\$21,192,000) are recorded in 'other income and net (losses)/gains' in the consolidated income statement (note (a)).

Notes:

(a) The amount represents the change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$54,497,000 (2020:HK\$21,192,000) which includes HK\$54,497,000 (2020: Nil) (note 6) arising from continuing operations and Nil (2020: HK\$21,192,000) arising from discontinued operations.

22 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, PREPAYMENTS AND DEPOSITS

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Accounts receivable	13,190,827	10,123,874
Less: Provision for impairment of receivable (note (c))	(343,838)	(292,712)
Accounts receivable – net	12,846,989	9,831,162
Prepayments (note (d))	910,960	728,784
Deposits (note (e))	521,054	425,231
Others (note (f))	2,383,934	1,373,405
	16,662,937	12,358,582

Notes

(a) The Group has various credit policies for different business operations depending on the requirements of the markets and businesses. The ageing analysis of the accounts receivable based on date of the invoice and net of provision for impairment is as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Below 1 month Between 1 month and 3 months Over 3 months	7,654,779 4,332,734 859,476	6,357,161 2,875,869 598,132
	12,846,989	9,831,162

There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable, as the Group has a large number of customers.

- (b) The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all accounts receivable. The Group determines the provision for expected credit losses by grouping together accounts and other receivables with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assessing them for likelihood of recovery, taking into account prevailing economic conditions.
- (c) As of 31 December 2021, accounts receivable of HK\$343,838,000 (2020: HK\$292,712,000) were impaired and provided for.

Movements on the provision for impairment of receivables are as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
At beginning of year	292,712	218,080
Provision for impairment of receivables (g) Reversal of provision (h) Receivables written off during the	108,536 (1,270)	102,781 (6,316)
year as uncollectible Exchange adjustment	(60,329) 4,189	(12,695) (9,138)
At end of year	343,838	292,712

- (d) The balances of the Group mainly comprise prepaid rent and freight and transportation costs.
- (e) The balances of the Group mainly comprise rental deposits and deposits to suppliers.
- (f) The balance of the Group mainly comprise accrued income from the
- (g) The amount represents the provision for impairment of receivables of HK\$108,536,000 (2020: HK\$102,781,000) which includes HK\$108,283,000 (2020:HK\$98,805,000) (note 7) arising from continuing operations and HK\$253,000 (2020: HK\$3,976,000) arising from discontinued operations.
- (h) The amount represents the reversal of provision for impairment of receivables of HK\$1,270,000(2020: HK\$6,316,000) which includes HK\$1,270,000 (2020:HK\$6,316,000) (note 7) arising from continuing operations and Nil (2020: Nil) arising from discontinued operations.
- (i) The carrying amounts of the accounts receivable, prepayments and deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Renminbi	4,469,945	3,573,704
Hong Kong dollar	1,345,891	945,664
Taiwan dollar	-	629,727
Thai Baht	1,168,360	763,977
United States dollar	5,679,528	3,887,745
Euro	1,126,203	718,097
Pound sterling	322,623	114,707
Indian Rupee	581,230	467,713
Malaysian Ringgit	218,486	180,938
United Arab Emirates Dirham	191,216	173,467
Australian dollar	168,585	122,291
Vietnamese Dong	161,675	122,719
Other currencies	1,229,195	657,833
	16,662,937	12,358,582

i) The carrying amount of accounts receivable approximates the fair value of these balances. The provision and reversal of provision for impairment of receivables have been included in direct operating expenses in the consolidated income statement. Amounts charged to the allowance account are written off when there is no expectation of recovery.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivables mentioned above.

23 BALANCES WITH GROUP COMPANIES

The balances with group companies are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment. They are denominated mainly in Hong Kong dollars.

The collection of receivables with group companies is closely monitored in order to minimise any credit risk associated with the receivables. All of these financial assets are considered to have low credit risk as they have a low risk of default and the counterparty has strong capability to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. Therefore, impairment provision was limited to twelve months expected losses and estimated to be minimal.

Note

Amounts due to non-controlling interests of HK\$20,449,000 (2020: HK\$20,331,000) was included in the amounts due to related companies. The balance are denominated in United States dollar.

24 RESTRICTED AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) RESTRICTED AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's bank balances amounting to approximately HK\$11,748,000 (2020: HK\$14,143,000) represented deposits pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

(b) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash at bank and in hand	8,807,648	8,255,905
Short-term bank deposits	276,457	214,938
Cash and bank balances	9,084,105	8,470,843

Cash and cash equivalents include the following for the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash and bank balances	9,084,105	8,470,843
Secured bank overdrafts	(45,791)	(26,969)
Unsecured bank overdrafts	(153,410)	(193,896)
	8,884,904	8,249,978

24 RESTRICTED AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Renminbi	2,377,685	2,306,520
Hong Kong dollar	1,278,653	784,389
United States dollar	2,936,817	837,683
Taiwan dollar	-	634,362
Pound sterling	282,303	95,582
Vietnamese Dong	149,705	81,869
Singapore dollar	97,894	316,369
Thailand baht	1,175,814	2,827,089
Other currencies	586,033	366,115
	8,884,904	8,249,978

For the Group's subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC, conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations.

25 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCRUED CHARGES

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Accounts payables	6,274,910	5,062,805
Accrued charges (note (c))	2,829,496	1,404,968
Customer deposits	200,773	183,293
Consideration payable for business combinations	261,785	300,570
Others (note (d))	2,304,684	2,459,932
	11,871,648	9,411,568
Less: Non-current consideration payable for business combinations Non-current written put	(172,567)	(138,193)
option liabilities	(4,208)	(4,186)
	11,694,873	9,269,189

25 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE, DEPOSITS RECEIVED (c) The balances of the Group mainly comprise AND ACCRUED CHARGES (CONTINUED)

(a) The ageing analysis of accounts payable based on the date of the invoice of the Group is as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Below 1 month	3,605,375	3,377,540
Between 1 month and 3 months	1,558,885	1,028,065
Over 3 months	1,110,650	657,200
	6,274,910	5,062,805

(b) The carrying amounts of the Group's accounts payable, deposits received and accrued charges are denominated in the following currencies:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Renminbi	4,359,562	3,026,204
Hong Kong dollar	1,206,821	1,687,011
Taiwan dollar	-	793,093
United States dollar	2,614,195	1,352,623
Euro	1,090,990	650,020
Pound sterling	400,882	170,680
Thai baht	970,709	730,273
Indian Rupee	219,224	148,898
Malaysian Ringgit	129,996	124,129
Other currencies	879,269	728,637
	11,871,648	9,411,568

- accrued employee benefit expenses and freight and transportation costs.
- (d) The balances of the Group mainly comprise written put option liabilities, freight charges received in advance and value added tax payables.

26 SHARE CAPITAL

2021 2020 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Authorised, issued and fully paid: 1,807,309,842 ordinary shares of HK\$0.5 each (2020: 1,797,200,042 ordinary shares of HK\$0.5 each) 903,655 898,600

	2021		2020	
	No. of shares	No. of shares HK\$'000		HK\$'000
At 1 January	1,797,200,042	898,600	1,716,203,112	858,102
Exercise of pre-IPO share option scheme allotment	10,109,800	5,055	6,385,500	3,193
Exercise of post-IPO share option scheme allotment	-	-	1,105,000	552
Issuance of shares	-	-	76,445,430	38,223
Shares buy back	-	-	(2,939,000)	(1,470)
At 31 December	1,807,309,842	903,655	1,797,200,042	898,600

27 SHARE PREMIUM AND OTHER RESERVES

	Share premium HK\$'000	Other properties revaluation reserve	Share options reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve (note (a)) HK\$'000	expansion and general reserve funds (note (b)) HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Acquisition reserve (note (c)) HK\$'000	FVOCI reserve HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2021	3,962,825	142,934	13,055	180,875	222,107	236,107	(602,150)	2,576	4,158,329
Net translation differences on foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(374,164)	-	-	(374,164)
Exercise of pre-IPO share option scheme allotment	110,092	-	(12,026)	-	-	-	-	-	98,066
Change in ownership of interests in subsidiaries without change of control	-	-	-	-	-	-	(140,411)	-	(140,411)
Transfers from/(to) retained profits	-	-	-	(173,289)	(122,731)	-	892,610	(8,027)	588,563
Fair value change on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,689	3,689
Share option lapsed	-	-	(131)	-	-	-	-	-	(131)
At 31 December 2021	4,072,917	142,934	898	7,586	99,376	(138,057)	150,049	(1,762)	4,333,941

27 SHARE PREMIUM AND OTHER RESERVES (CONTINUED)

					Enterprise expansion				
	Share premium HK\$'000	Other properties revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Share options reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve (note (a)) HK\$'000	and general reserve funds (note (b)) HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	Acquisition reserve (note (c)) HK\$'000	FVOCI reserve HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2020	3,236,063	142,934	23,000	180,875	192,797	(268,629)	(524,856)	10,031	2,992,215
Net translation differences on foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	504,736	-	-	504,736
Exercise of pre-IPO share option scheme allotment	69,545	-	(7,606)	-	-	-	-	-	61,939
Exercise of post-IPO share option scheme allotment	15,150	-	(2,155)	-	-	-	-	-	12,995
Change in ownership of interests in subsidiaries without change of control	673,102	-	-	-	-	-	(77,294)	-	595,808
Transfers from/(to) retained profits	-	-	-	-	29,310	-	-	(2,816)	26,494
Fair value change on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,639)	(4,639)
Share option lapsed	-	-	(184)	-	-	-	-	-	(184)
Shares buy back (note (d))	(31,035)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(31,035)
At 31 December 2020	3,962,825	142,934	13,055	180,875	222,107	236,107	(602,150)	2,576	4,158,329

Notes:

- (a) Capital reserve of the Group arose from the Group's reorganisation in preparation for the listing of Kerry Properties Limited, its fellow subsidiary, on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited in August 1996, adjusted by the excess or deficit of the fair values of the net assets of subsidiaries and associates subsequently acquired over the cost of investment at the date of acquisition before 1 January 2001.
- (b) Enterprise expansion and general reserve funds are set up by a subsidiary established and operating in the Mainland of China and Taiwan. According to the PRC Foreign Enterprise Accounting Standards, upon approval, the enterprise expansion reserve fund may be used for increasing capital while the general reserve fund may be used for making up losses and increasing capital.
- (c) The acquisition reserve arose from the acquisition of additional interest or disposal of interest in subsidiaries that do not result in a change of control by the Group, and represents any differences between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted (to reflect the changes in the interests in the subsidiaries) and the fair value of the consideration paid or received.
- (d) During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company repurchased a total of 2,939,000 ordinary shares at an aggregate price plus transaction cost of approximately HK\$32,505,000. The highest price paid and the lowest price paid were HK\$11.50 and HK\$10.12 per share respectively. All the shares bought back were subsequently cancelled.

28 LOANS FROM NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Loans from non-controlling interests of certain subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and not repayable within twelve months from the end of each reporting period, except for the amount of HK\$27,703,000 (2020: Nil) which are repayable within twelve months from the end of reporting period.

The carrying amounts of the loans from non-controlling interests are denominated in the following currencies:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Renminbi	-	37,359
Hong Kong dollar	55,955	46,354
Other currencies	177,342	149,941
	233,297	233,654

29 BANK LOANS

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current		
- unsecured	2,231,081	4,329,402
- secured (note 35)	30,758	740,037
	2,261,839	5,069,439
Current		
- unsecured	3,436,366	3,848,685
- secured (note 35)	212,305	93,150
	3,648,671	3,941,835
Total bank loans	5,910,510	9,011,274

(a) The maturity of bank loans is as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
fithin 1 year	3,648,671	3,941,835
etween 1 and 2 years	131,619	2,566,987
etween 3 and 5 years	2,130,220	2,502,452
	5,910,510	9,011,274

29 BANK LOANS (CONTINUED)

(b) The effective annual interest rates of the major bank borrowings at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

			202	1		
	United States dollar	Hongkong dollar	Singapore dollar	Renminbi	Thai baht	Taiwan dollar
Bank loans	1.68%	0.56%	1.02%	4.16%	1.88%	-
			2020	0		
	United States dollar	Hongkong dollar	Singapore dollar	Renminbi	Thai baht	Taiwan dollar
Bank loans	1.18%	0.72%	1.00%	4.58%	2.12%	1.33%

- (c) The carrying amounts of the bank loans approximate their fair values.
- (d) The carrying amounts of the bank loans are denominated in the following currencies:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong dollar	3,110,000	3,150,000
Taiwan dollar	-	2,914,134
United States dollar	796,296	1,261,057
Thai baht	48,093	311,010
Singapore dollar	481,067	367,131
Renminbi	1,306,664	868,953
Other currencies	168,390	138,989
	5,910,510	9,011,274

30 DEFERRED TAXATION

The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

Deferred tax assets - Deferred tax asset to be recovered after more than 12 months (155,944) Deferred tax liabilities - Deferred tax liability to be settled after more than	<\$'000
recovered after more than 12 months (155,944) Deferred tax liabilities - Deferred tax liability to be settled after more than	
- Deferred tax liability to be settled after more than	(98,476)
12 months 406,072	744,467
Deferred tax liabilities (net) 250,128	645,991

30 DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

The movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of year	645,991	582,334
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(29,241)	-
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 32(c))	(476,003)	(1,522)
Deferred taxation charged/(credit) to income statement	125,046	71,604
Deferred taxation credited to other comprehensive income	(661)	(2,208)
Transfer to current tax liabilities upon the distribution of dividends	(7,762)	(13,562)
	.,,,,	. , ,
Exchange adjustment	(7,242)	9,345
At end of year	250,128	645,991

Note: The amount represents the deferred taxation charge to income statement of HK\$125,046,000 (2020: HK\$71,604,000) which includes HK\$111,148,000 (2020: HK\$66,285,000) (note 9) arising from continuing operations and HK\$13,898,000 (2020: HK\$5,319,000) arising from discontinued operations.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 December 2021, the Group has unrecognised tax losses of HK\$626,789,000 (2020: HK\$631,952,000). These tax losses have no expiry dates except for the tax losses of HK\$325,821,000 (2020: HK\$366,916,000) which can be carried forward up to a maximum period of 9 years.

As at 31 December 2021, the aggregate amount of unrecognised deferred tax liabilities associated with undistributed earnings in subsidiaries totalled approximately HK\$159,296,000 (2020: HK\$147,307,000), as the Directors consider that the timing of reversal of the related temporary differences can be controlled and the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

30 DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

The movements in deferred tax (assets) and liabilities during the year were as follows:

	Group					
		Accelerated				
		depreciation			Withholding	
		allowances			tax on	
		and intangible			distributed	
		assets from			profits of	
	Pension	business			subsidiaries	
	obligations	combination	Revaluation	Tax losses	and associates	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January 2020	(20,827)	420,655	268,008	(115,374)	29,872	582,334
Deferred taxation charged/(credited) to income statement	1,498	(10,680)	1,863	(2,436)	81,359	71,604
Deferred taxation credited to other comprehensive income	(2,208)	-	-	-	-	(2,208)
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	(1,522)	-	-	-	(1,522)
Exchange adjustment	(5,656)	1,369	12,324	217	1,091	9,345
Transfer to current tax liabilities upon the distribution of dividends	-	-	-	-	(13,562)	(13,562)
At 31 December 2020	(27,193)	409,822	282,195	(117,593)	98,760	645,991
At 1 January 2021	(27,193)	409,822	282,195	(117,593)	98,760	645,991
Deferred taxation charged/(credited) to income statement	(837)	(45,715)	74,477	80,891	16,230	125,046
Deferred taxation credited to other comprehensive income	(661)	-	-	-	-	(661)
Acquisition/(disposal) of subsidiaries	17,768	(302,434)	(160,829)	(47,291)	(12,458)	(505,244)
Exchange adjustment	2,637	(18,854)	4,300	4,667	8	(7,242)
Transfer to current tax liabilities upon the distribution of dividends	-	-	-	-	(7,762)	(7,762)
At 31 December 2021	(8,286)	42,819	200,143	(79,326)	94,778	250,128

31 RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Group operates various pension schemes. The schemes are funded through payments to independent trustee-administered funds. The Group has both defined contribution and defined benefit plans during the year.

(a) DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

Pursuant to the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "MPF Ordinance"), companies within the Group in Hong Kong have enrolled all employees in Hong Kong aged between 18 and 65 into a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") from 1 December 2000.

The MPF Scheme is a master trust scheme established under a trust arrangement and is governed by Hong Kong law. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from the assets of the employer, the trustees and other service providers. Contributions are made to the MPF Scheme by the employers at 5% of the employees' relevant income as defined in the MPF Ordinance up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 (prior to 1 June 2014: HK\$1,250) per employee per month (the "MPF Contribution"). The employees also contribute a corresponding amount to the MPF Scheme if their relevant income is HK\$7,100 (prior to 1 June 2014: HK\$6,500) per month or more. The MPF Contributions are fully and immediately vested in the employees as accrued benefits once they are paid to the approved trustees of the MPF Scheme. Investment income or profit derived from the investment of accrued benefits (after taking into account any loss arising from such investment) is also immediately vested in the employees.

Certain companies within the Group are also participants of the Kerry Trading Co. Limited – Provident Fund Scheme (the "Fund") which

is a defined contribution scheme as defined in the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 426 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Fund is for certain salaried persons (the "Fund Members") under the employment of the companies participating in the Fund. The assets of the Fund are managed by the trustees of the Fund. Contributions are made to the Fund by companies participating in the Fund at 10% of the Fund Members' monthly basic salaries up to a maximum of HK\$10,000 (2020: HK\$10,000) per Fund Member per month (the "Basic Contribution") less the MPF Contribution if the Basic Contribution is higher than the MPF Contribution. Fund Members are entitled to 100% of the employers' contributions to the Fund plus investment earnings upon leaving employment after completing ten years of service or more, or upon retirement after attaining the retirement age after any number of years of service, or upon retirement due to ill health. Fund Members are also entitled to the employers' contributions to the Fund plus investment earnings calculated at a reduced scale of between 20% and 90% after completing a period of service of at least two but less than ten years. The unvested benefits of employees terminating employment forfeited in accordance with the terms of the Fund can be utilised by the companies participating in the Fund to reduce future contributions. Such forfeited contributions utilised during the year as well as the unutilised forfeited contributions available at the year end to reduce future contributions are minimal.

The subsidiaries operating in the Mainland of China and overseas participate in the defined contribution retirement schemes as required by the relevant local government authorities. The Group is required to make contributions at a certain percentage of employees' salary in accordance with the schemes set up by the Mainland of China and overseas subsidiaries and/or under statutory requirements.

31 RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

(b) DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

The Group operates a defined benefit pension plan for Kerry Express Thailand. The plan is valued by an independent qualified actuary, Mercer (Thailand) Limited, annually using the projected unit credit method.

The amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement were as follows:

2021	2020
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(restated)

Current service cost	10,883	11,880
Interest cost, net	876	1,877
Total, included in staff costs	11,759	13,757

The amount includes HK\$10,121,000 (2020: HK\$10,358,000) arising from continuing operations (note 12) and HK\$1,638,000 (2020: HK\$3,399,000) arising from discontinued operations.

Out of the total charge, for the year ended 31 December 2021, HK\$3,098,000 (2020: HK\$11,324,000) were included in direct operating expenses, and HK\$8,661,000 (2020: HK\$2,433,000) were included in administrative expenses, respectively.

The amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Fair value of plan assets Present value of funded obligations	(50,028)	134,094 (277,513)
Total pension liabilities	(50,028)	(143,419)

The movements in the fair value of plan assets for the year are as follows:

	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of year	134,094	141,820
Interest income	630	1,224
Remeasurement	2,176	5,245
Employer contributions	17,212	16,074
Disposal of subsidiaries	(148,381)	-
Benefits paid	(22,902)	(36,049)
Exchange adjustment	17,171	5,780
At end of year	-	134,094

The movements in the present value of funded obligations recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of year	277,513	266,209
Current service cost	10,883	11,880
Interest cost	1,506	3,101
Remeasurements	5,472	8,794
Disposal of subsidiaries	(231,870)	-
Benefits paid	(22,902)	(36,049)
Exchange adjustment	9,426	23,578
At end of year	50,028	277,513
	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
A atural water was are plan accepte		
Actual return on plan assets in the year	2,176	5,245

31 RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

(b) DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The principal actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

	2021	2020
Discount rate applied to pension obligations	1.66%-2.50%	0.20%-1.91%
Future salary increases	3.00%-4.00%	1.00%-3.75%

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

	Unfavourable change		
	2021 2020		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Discount rate applied to pension obligations decreases by 0.5%	52,795	64,967	
Future salary increases by 0.5%	52,748	64,840	

	Favourable change		
	2021	2020	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Discount rate applied to pension obligations increases by 0.5%	(47,253)	(53,782)	
Future salary decreases by 0.5%	(47,333)	(53,856)	

The fair value of plan assets comprised as follows.

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	-	20,867
Debt instruments	-	9,640
Equity instruments	-	103,587
	-	134,094

Expected employer contribution to the plans of the Group for the year ending 31 December 2022 is HK\$724,000.

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32 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to net cash generated from operations:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Profit before taxation	10,470,548	4,242,265
Share of results of associates and joint ventures	(158,619)	(118,164)
Interest income	(46,712)	(38,292)
Interest income from investment in convertible bonds	(2,416)	(14,779)
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(5,360)	(6,052)
Finance expenses	290,116	303,095
Fair value change of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(54,497)	(21,192)
Change in fair value of investment properties	(2,268,770)	(1,069,162)
Loss on disposal of associates	29	1,314
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(2,165,834)	(68,391)
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(31,226)	7,819
Provision for impairment of receivables	108,536	102,781
Reversal of provision for impairment of receivables	(1,270)	(6,316)
Amortisation of intangible assets	141,761	139,083
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets	2,119,434	2,009,889
Goodwill impairment	130,000	-
Net gain from settlement of put options written on non-controlling interest	-	(118,000)
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	8,525,720	5,345,898
Increase in inventories, accounts receivable, prepayments and deposits and balances with fellow subsidiaries	(5,020,592)	(2,219,583)
Increase in current liabilities, excluding taxation, bank loans and bank overdrafts	3,355,025	2,094,166
Change in net pension liabilities	(5,453)	(2,317)
Net cash generated from operations	6,854,700	5,218,164

(b) Analysis of the net cash outflow in respect of the acquisition of subsidiaries treated as business combinations:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Cash consideration paid	(165,667)	(32,100)
Cash consideration paid for prior year's acquisitions	(120,339)	(96,728)
Cash and bank balances acquired	21,410	2,051
Net cash outflow in respect of the acquisition of subsidiaries	(264,596)	(126,777)

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

HK\$'000

HK\$'000

487,290
11,696,000
4,741,865
42,448
1,106,581
(3,307,188)
(476,003)
(83,489)
(1,071,682)
(1,768,252)
86,674
11,454,244
1,037,168
12,491,412

Analysis of gain on disposal of subsidiaries

Consideration net of expenses incurred	13,620,078
Less: Net assets disposed (excluding cash and cash equivalents)	(11,454,244)
	2145 024

32 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(d) Transactions with non-controlling interests

During the year, the Group changed its ownership interests in certain subsidiaries without change of its control.

The effect of these transactions are summarised as follows:

HK\$'000

Net cash consideration (paid) to non-controlling interests Net decrease in non-controlling interests	(166,488) 26,077
Changes in equity attributable to the Company's shareholders arising from changes in ownership of interests in subsidiaries without change of control	(140,411)

(e) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

			Loans from non-controlling	
	Bank loans	Leases	interest	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balance as at 1 January 2020	(8,121,610)	(3,507,465)	(223,805)	(11,852,880)
Net cash flows	(713,332)	1,207,917	(11,441)	483,144
Foreign exchange adjustments	(176,332)	591,613	1,592	416,873
Interest on lease liabilities	_	(110,257)	-	(110,257)
Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new contracts	-	(2,381,933)	-	(2,381,933)
Disposal of subsidiaries	_	9,102	-	9,102
Balance as at 31 December 2020	(9,011,274)	(4,191,023)	(233,654)	(13,435,951)
Balance as at 1 January 2021	(9,011,274)	(4,191,023)	(233,654)	(13,435,951)
Net cash flows	(53,923)	1,281,072	1,175	1,228,324
Foreign exchange adjustments	(41,873)	55,113	(818)	12,422
Interest on lease liabilities	-	(129,306)	-	(129,306)
Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new contracts	-	(1,825,568)	-	(1,825,568)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(110,628)	(23,831)	-	(134,459)
Disposal of subsidiaries	3,307,188	1,071,682	-	4,378,870
Balance as at 31 December 2021	(5,910,510)	(3,761,861)	(233,297)	(9,905,668)

33 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

In January 2021, the Group acquired 51% interest in Kerry Lanhai (Tianjin) Logistics Ltd., approximately 51% interest in Kerry Logistikus Philippines, Inc. and Kerry Express Philippines, Inc., which are the local logistics services providers based in the Mainland of China and the Philippines respectively.

Aggregate consideration of the acquisition transactions is as follows:

1.0	1/41	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$
Н	K5	O	O	O

Cash consideration paid in prior year	62,339
Consideration paid during the year	165,667
Consideration payable	100,286
	220 202

The recognised amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as at the respective dates of such acquisitions are as follow:

HK\$'000

Property, plant and equipment (note 16)	41,252
Right-of-use assets	21,723
Accounts receivable, prepayments and deposits	144,746
Cash and bank balances	21,410
Accounts payable, deposits received and	
accrued charges	(115,032)
Bank loans	(110,628)
Other assets	5,411
Total identifiable net assets (excluding intangible assets)	8,882
Intangible assets (note 13)	89,204
Goodwill (note 13)	269,941
Non-controlling interests	(39,735)
Total	328,292

The goodwill of HK\$269,941,000 arising from these acquisitions is attributable to the future profitability of the acquired businesses.

The acquired businesses contributed revenue of HK\$373,000,000 and net loss of HK\$7,000,000 to the Company's shareholders for the period from their respective acquisition dates up to 31 December 2021.

34 COMMITMENTS

(a) At 31 December 2021, the Group had capital commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment and acquisition of subsidiaries not provided for in these consolidated financial statements as follows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contracted but not provided for	1,428,165	823,367

(b) At 31 December 2021, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Land and buildings:		
Within one year	148,070	73,558

The Group has recognised right-of-use assets for these leases, except for short-term and low-value leases, see note 15 for further information.

(c) The Group's future aggregate minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment properties are disclosed in note 14(e).

35 PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At 31 December 2021, the Group's total bank loans of HK\$5,910,510,000 (2020: HK\$9,011,274,000) included an aggregate amount of HK\$243,063,000 (2020: HK\$833,187,000) which is secured. The Group's total bank overdrafts of HK\$199,201,000 (2020: HK\$220,865,000) included an aggregate amount of HK\$45,791,000 (2020: HK\$26,969,000) which is secured. The securities provided for the secured banking facilities available to the Group are as follows:

- (i) legal charges over certain investment properties, leasehold land and land use rights, freehold land and buildings, warehouse and logistics centres and port facilities with an aggregate net book value of HK\$1,303,673,000 (2020: HK\$2,656,318,000) (notes 14, 15 and 16);
- (ii) assignments of insurance proceeds of certain properties; and
- (iii) certain balances of restricted and pledged deposits.

36 SHARE OPTIONS

KPL SHARE OPTIONS SCHEMES

The fair value of share options granted to the Directors and employees of the Group were recharged to the Group by KPL. There are 2 share option schemes of KPL as follows:

(a) 2011 SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The 2011 Share Option Scheme was adopted by KPL on 5 May 2011. Under the 2011 Share Option Scheme, the directors of KPL may, at their discretion, grant share options to executives and key employees and other persons who may make a contribution to KPL and its subsidiaries. The exercise price for any particular share option shall be such price as the board of directors of KPL may in its absolute discretion determine at the time of grant of the relevant share option subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules.

The 2011 Share Option Scheme was terminated on 20 May 2020 such that no further share options shall be offered but the share options which had been granted during its life shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue and in all other respects its provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

Details of the movement of the share options granted to the Directors and employees of the Group under the 2011 Share Option Scheme are as follows:

	2021	2021 2020		
	Weighted		Weighted	
	average exercise price in HK\$ per share	Number of share options	average exercise price in HK\$ per share	Number of share options
At 1 January	35.45	3,179,000	35.45	3,379,000
Lapsed during the year	35.45	(260,000)	35.45	(200,000)
At 31 December (note (i))	35.45	2,919,000	35.45	3,179,000

Since no share option was exercised during the year ended 31 December 2021, there was no weighted average share price (2020: Nil), and no proceeds received (2020: Nil). No share option was granted, granted for adjustment or cancelled during the year (2020: Nil).

Note:

(i) Terms of share options at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

Exercise period	Exercise price per share _	Number of share ontions		
	(HK\$)	2021	2020	
31/10/2012-29/04/2022 31/10/2013-29/04/2022	35.45 35.45	1,253,000 1,666,000	1,383,000 1,796,000	
		2,919,000	3,179,000	

36 SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

KPL SHARE OPTIONS SCHEMES (CONTINUED)

(b) 2020 SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The 2020 Share Option Scheme was adopted by KPL on 20 May 2020. Under the 2020 Share Option Scheme, the directors of KPL may, at their discretion, grant share options to executives and key employees and other persons who may make a contribution to KPL and its subsidiaries. The exercise price for any particular share option shall be such price as the board of directors of KPL may in its absolute discretion determine at the time of grant of the relevant share option subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules.

No share option has been granted under the 2020 Share Option Scheme which will expire on 19 May 2030.

KLN SHARE OPTIONS SCHEMES

(a) 2013 PRE-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The 2013 Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme was adopted by KLN on 25 November 2013. Under the 2013 Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, the Directors of KLN may, at their absolute discretion, grant share options to motivate executives and key employees and other persons who may make a contribution to the Group, and enables KLN to attract and retain individuals with experience and ability and to reward them for their contributions. The exercise price of the options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme is the offer price pursuant to the Global Offering of the shares of KLN.

Details of the movement of the share options granted to the Directors and employees of the Group under the 2013 Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme are as follows:

	2021		2020	
	Weighted	Weighted		
	average		average	
	exercise		exercise	
	price in HK\$		price in HK\$	
	per share	Number	per share	Number
At 1 January	HK\$10.2	10,973,000	HK\$10.2	17,358,500
Exercised during the year (note (i))	HK\$10.2	(10,109,800)	HK\$10.2	(6,385,500)
Lapsed during the year (note (ii))	HK\$10.2	(110,000)	-	-
At 31 December (note (iii))	HK\$10.2	753,200	HK\$10.2	10,973,000

For the share options exercised during the year ended 31 December 2021, the related weighted average share price at the time of exercise was HK\$23.57 (2020: HK\$15.13), and the total amount of proceeds received was approximately HK\$103,119,960 (2020: HK\$65,132,100). No share option was granted, granted for adjustment or cancelled during the year (2020: Nil).

36 SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

KLN SHARE OPTIONS SCHEMES (CONTINUED)

(a) 2013 PRE-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

Notes:

(i) Details of share options exercised:

Exercise price per share (HK\$)	Number of share options			
	2021	2020		
10.2	10,109,800	6,385,500		
(ii) Details of share options lapsed: Exercise price per share (HK\$)	Number of sl	haro ontions		
Exercise price per share (Fix-	2021	2020		
10.2	110,000	-		

(iii) Terms of share options at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Exercise price per share Number of sha				hare options
Exercise period	(HK\$)	2021	2020		
19/12/2013-01/12/2023 02/12/2014-01/12/2023	10.2 10.2	<i>320,000</i> <i>433,200</i>	3,771,500 7,201,500		
		753,200	10,973,000		

(iv) The weighted average fair value of the share options granted on 2 December 2013 to the directors and employees of the Group was HK\$1.19 per share. The valuation was based on a Binomial Model with the following data and assumptions:

Share price at grant date: HK\$8.16
Exercise price: HK\$10.2
Expected volatility!: 30% per annum
Share options life: 10 years
Average risk-free interests rate!: 2.11% per annum
Expected dividend yield: 3.35% per annum

Notes:

- I It was determined based on historical share price movement.
- II It is taken to be equal to the yield of Hong Kong government bonds over the exercise period.

The valuation has also taken into account the assumed rate of leaving service of 10% per annum and the assumption of early exercise of the share options by the optionholders when the share price is at least 180% of the exercise price.

The value of the share options varies with different values of certain subjective assumptions. Any change in the variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of the share options.

(b) 2013 POST-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The 2013 Post-IPO Share Option Scheme was adopted by the Company on 25 November 2013 and became effective on 19 December 2013 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

Under the 2013 Post-IPO Share Option Scheme, the Directors of the Company may, at their absolute discretion, grant share options to motivate executives and key employees and other persons who may make a contribution to the Group, and enables the Company to attract and retain individuals with experience and ability and to reward them for their contributions.

The maximum number of the Company's shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and any other scheme of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 30% of the total number of shares in issue.

The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable and notified by the directors, and may commerce after the date of grant but shall not be later than 10 years from the date of grant.

The exercise price of the share options must be at least the highest of (i) the nominal value of an ordinary share on the date of grant; (ii) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the share options; and (iii) the average closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

36 SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

KLN SHARE OPTIONS SCHEMES (CONTINUED)

(b) 2013 POST-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

On 9 January 2015, a total of 4,350,000 share options were granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme. Out of which, 2,175,000 share options are exercisable during the period from 9 January 2015 to 8 January 2020 and 2,175,000 share options are exercisable during the period from 9 January 2016 to 8 January 2020.

There were (i) no outstanding options granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme as at 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021, and (ii) no movements in options during the year ended 31 December 2021.

The weighted average fair value of share options granted on 9 January 2015 to the directors and employees of the Group was HK\$1.95 per share. The valuation was based on a Binomial Model with the following data and assumptions:

Share price at grant date: HK\$12.18

Exercise price: HK\$12.26

Expected volatility: 20% per annum

Share options life: 5 years

Average risk free interests rate: 1.24% per annum

Expected dividend yield: 1.40% per annum

37 DISCONTINUED OPERATION

Pursuant to the conditional offer from S.F. Holding to acquire part of the issued shares of the Company, as part of the transaction, the Group entered into sale agreements with KHL, which has sold the entire interest of the Hong Kong Warehouses and Taiwan Operation. The results of the Hong Kong Warehouses and Taiwan Operation together with the gain on disposal are accounted for as discontinued operations under HKFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations". Analysis of the results and cash flows relating to the Discontinued Operations is presented below.

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37 DISCONTINUED OPERATION (CONTINUED)

(a) RESULTS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue	2,816,415	3,743,390
Direct operating expenses	(1,714,970)	(2,199,990)
Other gains	7,575	28,161
Administrative expenses	(321,846)	(438,623)
Change in fair value of investment properties	1,969,920	1,061,708
Finance expenses	(39,360)	(52,471)
Share of results of associated companies	661	(679)
Profit before taxation	2,718,395	2,141,496
Taxation	(140,785)	(179,742)
Profit after taxation	2,577,610	1,961,754
Gain on disposal of Hong Kong Warehouses and Taiwan Operation	2,187,896	-
Profit for the year from discontinued operations	4,765,506	1,961,754

(b) CASH FLOWS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Net cash generated from operating activities	870,452	930,373
Net cash generated from/(used in) investment activities	14,167,488	(359,183)
Net cash used in financial activities	(31,690)	(564,082)
Increased in cash and cash equivalents	15,006,250	7,108
Effect of exchange rate changes	11,826	(34,040)
Net cash from/(used in) discontinued operations	15,018,076	(26,932)

38 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Except for the related party transactions disclosed in notes 17, 23 and 28 in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material related party transactions carried out in the normal course of business during the year:

(a) SALES/(PURCHASES) OF SERVICES

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Associates of the Group/ Kerry Properties Limited/ Kerry Group Limited and subsidiaries of S.F. Holding		
Warehouse management fee income	16,054	8,957
Logistics services income	30,897	27,046
Freight services income	17,541	-
Freight cost	(78,023)	-
Rental expense	(100,246)	(43,499)

During the year, the Group entered into several new long-term lease contracts under HKFRS 16 with related parties. The Group entered into lease contracts with fellow subsidiaries and associates of Kerry Properties Limited and Kerry Holdings Limited which recognised an addition of right-of-use assets of HK\$35,173,000 and HK\$603,734,000 respectively.

These transactions were conducted at terms in accordance with the terms as agreed between the Group and the respective related parties.

38 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Salaries and other short-term benefits

(b) KEY MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION

The key management compensation includes the salaries and other short-term benefits, excluding share option benefits, of the Board of Directors and nine (2020: ten) senior executives who report to the Board of Directors.

2021 2020 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

140.015

112,962

39 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

2021 2020 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES** Non-current asset Subsidiaries 1,745,881 1,724,125 Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 121,426 Prepayments 9,217 3,632 Amounts due from subsidiaries 12,124,531 10,772,366 Cash and bank balances 294,822 267,370 12,428,570 11,164,794 Current liabilities Accrued charges 183,819 89,251 Amounts due to subsidiaries 3,541,309 3,434,939 3,725,128 3,524,190 ASSETS LESS LIABILITIES 10,449,323 9,364,729 **EQUITY** 903,655 898,600 Share capital 4.072.917 3.962.825 Share premium Retained profits 5,471,853 4,490,249 Share options reserve 898 13,055

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2022 and was signed on its behalf.

Director

10,449,323

9,364,729

MA Wing Kai William CHEUNG Ping Chuen Vicky

TOTAL EQUITY

Director

39 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

				Share	
	Share	Share	Retained	option	
	capital	premium	profits	reserve	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January 2020	858,102	3,236,063	707,886	23,000	4,825,051
Profit for the year	-	-	4,550,236	-	4,550,236
2019 final dividend paid	-	-	(322,917)	-	(322,917)
2020 interim dividend paid	-	-	(197,126)	-	(197,126)
2020 special dividend paid	-	-	(248,014)	-	(248,014)
Issuance of shares	38,223	673,102	-	-	711,325
Exercise of pre-IPO share option scheme allotment	3,193	69,545	-	(7,606)	65,132
Exercise of post-IPO share option scheme allotment	552	15,150	-	(2,155)	13,547
Shares buy back	(1,470)	(31,035)	-	-	(32,505)
Share option lapsed	-	-	184	(184)	-
At 31 December 2020	898,600	3,962,825	4,490,249	13,055	9,364,729
At 1 January 2021	898,600	3,962,825	4,490,249	13,055	9,364,729
Profit for the year	-	-	14,949,137	-	14,949,137
2020 final dividend paid	-	-	(429,145)	-	(429,145)
2021 interim dividend paid	-	-	(381,341)	-	(381,341)
2021 special dividend paid	-	-	(13,157,178)	-	(13,157,178)
Exercise of pre-IPO share option scheme allotment	5,055	110,092	-	(12,026)	103,121
Share option lapsed	-	-	131	(131)	-
At 31 December 2021	903,655	4,072,917	5,471,853	898	10,449,323

40 EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 17 February 2022 (US time), the Company (through a wholly-owned subsidiary) entered into a stock purchase agreement to acquire the entire equity interest in Topocean Consolidation Service (Los Angeles), Inc., a California incorporated corporation, at a total consideration of not exceeding US\$240 million. Up to the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements, the transaction has not yet completed.

41 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

At 31 December 2021, the Company held interests in the following principal subsidiaries:

		Place of				
		incorporation				
		and principal		Issued		
		place of	Principal	share capital ⁽⁷⁾ /		
	Name	operation	activities	registered capital	Interest hel	d indirectly
					2021	2020
(12)	ABX Express (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Express business	MYR5,000,000 MYR20,000,000 ⁽⁸⁾	100%	100%
(12)	APEX Maritime Co. (LAX), Inc.	US	Freight forwarding	US\$100,000 ⁽⁹⁾	100%	100%
(12)	APEX Maritime Co., Inc.	US	Freight forwarding	US\$238,203 ⁽⁹⁾	100%	100%
(1)(12)	ASAV Logistics Services Inc.	Turkey	Freight forwarding	TRY3,000,000	90%	80%
(1)(3)(12)	Beijing Kerry Logistics Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	US\$12,000,000	100%	100%
(1)(4)	Beijing Tengchang International Transportation Service Co., Ltd.	PRC	Freight forwarding	RMB15,000,000	51%	51%
(1)(3)(12)	Chengdu Kerry Shudu Logistics Co., Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	RMB50,000,000	100%	100%
	Columbia International Removals Limited	HK	Logistics business	HK\$5,000,000	100%	90%
(1)(3)(12)	CV Global Logistics (Beijing) Limited	PRC	Logistics business	RMB50,000,000	100%	100%
(12)	E.A.E. Freight & Forwarding Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Road freight	MYR500,000	100%	100%
(12)	F.D.I Co.,Ltd	Vietnam	Freight forwarding	VND20,000,000,000	70%	70%
(12)	Globalink Transportation and Logistics Worldwide LLP	Kazakhstan	Freight forwarding	KZT391,027,000	51%	51%
	International Enterprise Co. Limited	HK	Investment holding	HK\$10,010	100%	100%
(1)(3)(12)	Jiachang (Zhuhai) Logistics Limited	PRC	Logistics business	RMB121,500,000	100%	100%
(1)(4)(12)	JST Logistics Corporation Limited (formerly known as Pacific Logistics Corporation Limited)	PRC	Rail logistics	RMB55,016,130	50%	50%
(1)(2)(12)	KART (China) Co., Ltd	PRC	Road freight	RMB20,000,000	100%	100%
(1)(12)	KART (Thailand) Limited	Thailand	Road freight	THB80,000,000	100%	100%
(12)	KART (Viet Nam) Company Limited	Vietnam	Road freight	VND4,173,000,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Business Outsourcing Solutions Limited	HK	Documents storage	HK\$2	100%	100%
(15)	Kerry Cargo Centre Limited	HK	Warehouse ownership	HK\$2	0%	100%
	Kerry Coffee (Hong Kong) Limited	НК	Trading business	HK\$100,000	100%	100%
(1)(4)(12)	Kerry Cold Chain Solution Ltd.	PRC	Cold chain solution	RMB50,000,000	51%	51%

logistics

41 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Kerry Logistics (Australia) Pty Ltd

		Place of				
		incorporation				
		and principal		Issued		
		place of	Principal	share capital ⁽⁷⁾ /		
	Name	operation	activities	registered capital	Interest hel	d indirectly
					2021	2020
	Kerry Cold Store (Hong Kong) Limited	HK	Warehouse operator	HK\$20	100%	100%
	Kerry Distribution (Hong Kong) Limited	НК	Transportation and distribution services	HK\$500,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Distribution Services (Hong Kong) Limited	НК	Transportation and distribution services	HK\$10,000	100%	100%
(4)(12)	Kerry EAS Logistics Limited	PRC	Logistics business	RMB270,000,000	70%	70%
	Kerry eCommerce Limited	HK	Logistics business	HK\$10,000	60%	60%
	Kerry Express (Hong Kong) Limited	HK	Courier services and logistics	HK\$5,000,000	60%	60%
(1)(14)	Kerry Express (Thailand) Public Company Limited	Thailand	Express business	THB871,288,500	52.06%	52.14%
(12)	Kerry Express (Viet Nam) Company Limited	Vietnam	Express business	VND206,000,000,000	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Far East Logistics (Bangladesh) Limited	Bangladesh	Freight forwarding	BDT10,000,000	70%	70%
(1)(3)(12)	Kerry FFTZ Warehouse (Shenzhen) Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	HK\$70,000,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Freight (Hong Kong) Limited	HK	Freight forwarding	HK\$2,760,000	100%	100%
(1)	Kerry Freight (Korea) Inc.	South Korea	Freight forwarding	KRW500,000,000 ⁽⁹⁾	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Freight (Senegal) Sarl	Senegal	Freight forwarding	XOF1,000,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Freight (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Freight forwarding	SGD500,000	75%	75%
(12)	Kerry Freight (USA) Incorporated	US	Freight forwarding	US\$1,000,000	100%	100%
(16)	Kerry Freight International Company Limited	Taiwan	Freight forwarding	NTD135,000,000	0%	100%
(12)	Kerry Freight Myanmar Limited	Myanmar	Freight forwarding	US\$100,000	100%	100%
(1)(3)(12)	Kerry IMS Chemical Logistics (Cangzhou) Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	RMB10,000,000	100%	100%
(1)(3)(12)	Kerry IMS Chemical Logistics (Zhangjiagang) Ltd. (Formerly known as Kerry Chemical Logistics (Zhangjiagang) Ltd.)	PRC	Logistics business	RMB10,000,000	100%	100%
(1)(2)(12)	Kerry IMS Chemical Storage and Transportation (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	PRC	Logistics business	RMB30,000,000	100%	100%
(5)(6)(12)	Kerry Indev Logistics Private Limited	India	Freight forwarding	INR15,357,400	50%	50%
(12)	Kerry Integrated Logistics (Viet Nam) Co., Ltd	Vietnam	Logistics business	US\$7,900,000	100%	100%
(1)(3)(12)	Kerry Lanhai (Tianjin) Logistics Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	RMB20,000,000	51%	0%

Australia

Logistics business

AUD2,000,000

100%

100%

41 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

		Place of				
		incorporation				
		and principal	D: : 1	Issued		
	Name	place of operation	Principal activities	share capital ⁽⁷⁾ / registered capital	Interest hel	ld indirectly
	Name	орегация	acuviues	registereu capitai	Therest her	la manecuy
					2021	2020
(1)(12)	Kerry Logistics (Bangna) Limited	Thailand	Logistics business	THB500,000,000	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Logistics (Cambodia) Pte. Ltd.	Cambodia	Freight forwarding	KHR96,960,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Logistics (Canada) Inc.	Canada	Freight forwarding	CAD301	95%	95%
(1)(3)(12)	Kerry Logistics (China) Investment Limited	PRC	Investment holding	US\$204,200,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Logistics (Germany) GmbH	Germany	Freight forwarding	EUR50,000	100%	100%
(1)(3)(12)	Kerry Logistics (Hainan) Co., Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	US\$18,000,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Logistics (Hong Kong) Limited	HK	Logistics business	HK\$10,000,000	100%	100%
(1)(12)	Kerry Logistics (Japan) Limited	Japan	Freight forwarding	JPY100,000,000	100%	100%
(1)(3)(12)	Kerry Logistics (Kunshan) Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	HK\$128,000,000	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Logistics (Macau) Limited	Macau	Logistics business	MOP100,000	51%	51%
	Kerry Logistics (Netherlands) B.V.	Netherlands	Freight forwarding	EUR69,000	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Logistics (Oceania) Limited	New Zealand	Freight forwarding	NZD250,000	66.95%	57.15%
	Kerry Logistics (Oceania) Pty. Ltd.	Australia	Freight forwarding	AUD1,000,000	66.95%	57.15%
(12)	Kerry Logistics (Phils.), Inc.	Philippines	Freight forwarding	PHP16,000,000	51%	51%
(12)	Kerry Logistics (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd	South Africa	Freight forwarding	ZAR100,000	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Logistics (Spain), S.A.U.	Spain	Freight forwarding	EUR120,202	100%	100%
	Kerry Logistics (Sweden) AB	Sweden	Freight forwarding	SEK500,000	100%	100%
(1)(12)	Kerry Logistics (Thailand) Limited	Thailand	Logistics business	THB160,000,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Logistics (UK) Limited	United Kingdom	Freight forwarding	GBP20,000	100%	100%
(3)(12)	Kerry Logistics (Wuxi) Co., Ltd	PRC	Logistics business	HK\$125,000,000	100%	100%
(3)(12)	Kerry Logistics (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	RMB78,000,000	100%	100%
(3)(12)	Kerry Logistics (Zhengzhou) Limited	PRC	Logistics business	RMB50,000,000	100%	100%
(1)(3)(12)	Kerry Logistics Anhui Co., Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	RMB26,000,000	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Logistics Bahrain WLL	Bahrain	Freight forwarding	BHD80,000	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Logistics Centre (Tampines) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Logistics business	SGD400,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Logistics Do Brasil - Transportes	Brazil	Freight forwarding	BRL18,504,374	100%	100%

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41 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

		Place of				
		incorporation				
		and principal		Issued		
		place of	Principal	share capital ⁽⁷⁾ /		
	Name	operation	activities	registered capital	Interest held indirectly	
					2021	2020
(6)	Kerry Logistics Engineering Limited	НК	Logistics solution engineering and consultancy services	HK\$5,000,000	41%	41%
(5)(12)	Kerry Logistics Lanka (Private) Limited	Sri Lanka	Freight forwarding	LKR30,000,000	51%	51%
(12)	Kerry Logistics Management (Asia) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Management services	SGD230,500,000	100%	100%
(1)(3)(12)	Kerry Logistics Management (Shanghai) Company Limited	PRC	Supply chain solutions	US\$2,000,000	100%	100%
	Kerry Logistics Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Freight forwarding	MXN150,000 ⁽¹⁰⁾ MXN100,000 ⁽¹¹⁾	100%	100%
	Kerry Logistics Peru S.A.C.	Peru	Freight forwarding	PEN903,320	100%	0%
(12)	Kerry Logistics Services (Middle East) FZCO	UAE	Freight forwarding	AED10,000,000	75%	75%
	Kerry Medical Limited	HK	Pharmaceutical logistics business	HK\$10,000	82%	80%
	Kerry PC3 Limited	HK	Logistics business	HK\$1	100%	100%
	Kerry Pharma (Hong Kong) Limited	HK	Pharmaceutical logistics business	HK\$500,000	82%	80%
(12)	Kerry Project Logistics (Italia) S.p.A.	Italy	Logistics business	EUR3,000,000	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Project Logistics (Kazakhstan) LLP	Kazakhstan	Logistics business	KZT88,800,000	100%	100%
(1)(12)	Kerry Project Logistics (Turkmenistan) ES	Turkmenistan	Logistics business	TMT80,000	100%	100%
(12)	Kerry Project Logistics Middle East LLC	UAE	Logistics business	AED500,000	100%	100%
(1)	Kerry Siam Seaport Limited	Thailand	Seaport operation	THB650,000,000	84.92%	84.92%
(13)(15)	Kerry TC Warehouse 1 (Block A) Limited	BVI, HK	Warehouse ownership	US\$1,412,597	0%	100%
(13)(15)	Kerry TC Warehouse 1 (Block B) Limited	BVI, HK	Warehouse ownership	US\$15,424,166	0%	100%
(15)	Kerry TC Warehouse 2 Limited	HK	Warehouse ownership	HK\$10,000	0%	100%
(1)(6)(12) (14)(16)	Kerry TJ Logistics Company Limited	Taiwan	Logistics business	NTD4,670,004,980	0%	49.67%
(15)	Kerry Warehouse (Fanling 1) Limited	HK	Warehouse ownership	HK\$21,460,002	0%	100%
	Kerry Warehouse (Hong Kong) Limited	HK	Warehouse operator	HK\$25,000,000	100%	100%
(15)	Kerry Warehouse (Kwai Chung) Limited	HK	Warehouse ownership	HK\$30,000	0%	100%
(15)	Kerry Warehouse (Sheung Shui) Limited	HK	Warehouse ownership	HK\$5,000,000	0%	100%

41 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

		Place of				
		incorporation				
		and principal		Issued		
		place of	Principal	share capital ⁽⁷⁾ /		
	Name	operation	activities	registered capital	Interest hel	d indirectly
					2021	2020
(15)	Kerry Warehouse (Tsuen Wan) Limited	HK	Warehouse ownership	HK\$2	0%	100%
	KerryFlex Supply Chain Solutions Limited	HK	Supply chain solutions	HK\$5,000,000	100%	100%
	Power Hub Limited	HK	Logistics business	HK\$10,240,000	75%	75%
(12)	PT. Kerry Logistics Indonesia	Indonesia	Freight forwarding	IDR21,681,276,712	51%	51%
(3)(12)	Qingdao SCO Demo Zone Kerry Logistics Co., Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	US\$15,000,000	100%	100%
	Saison Food Service Limited	HK	Trading business	HK\$300,000	100%	100%
(1)(3)(12)	Shanghai Fengjia Warehouse Services Co., Ltd.	PRC	Logistics business	US\$40,000,000	100%	100%
(1)(4)	Shanghai TCI Freight Forwarding Co., Ltd.	PRC	Freight forwarding	RMB70,000,000	51%	51%
(1)(2)	Shanghai Wisdom Global Logistics Co., Ltd.	PRC	Freight forwarding	RMB10,000,000	70%	70%
(1)(4)(12)	Shenzhen Kerry Yantian Port Logistics Company Limited	PRC	Logistics business	RMB88,000,000	55%	55%
	Taishan Insurance Brokers Limited	HK	Insurance brokers	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%
(12)(16)	Taiwan Kerry Investment Company Limited	Taiwan	Investment holding	TWD200,000,000	0%	100%
	The Meat Lab Limited	НК	Semi-automated raw meat processing and packing	HK\$10,000	51%	51%
	Times E-commerce Limited	HK	Logistics business	HK\$2,000,000	60%	60%
	Transpeed Cargo (S) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Freight forwarding	SGD100,000	75%	75%
(12)	Tuvia Italia S.p.A.	Italy	Freight forwarding	EUR1,130,050	100%	100%
(12)	UTS Logistics Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Express business	MYR500,000	100%	100%
	Wah Cheong Company, Limited	HK	General merchants	HK\$15,000,000	100%	100%

There is no non-controlling interest that is individually significant to the Group.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

41 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (1) English translation of name only
- (2) Domestic corporation
- (3) Wholly foreign-owned enterprise
- (4) Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise
- (5) Companies having a financial accounting period which is not coterminous with the Group
- (6) Control is obtained by the Group through obtaining power over the investee, exposure or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns.
- (7) All being ordinary shares and fully paid up except otherwise stated
- (8) Redeemable preference shares
- (9) Common shares/common stock
- (10) Fixed capital shares
- (11) Variable capital shares
- (12) Companies not audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers
- (13) Companies incorporated in BVI and operating in HK
- (14) Listed company on The Stock Exchange of Thailand. The market value of the Group's investment in Kerry Express Thailand amounted to HK\$12,348,000,000 as at 31 December 2021.
- (15) Companies are disposed during the year, the completion of the Warehouse Sale took place on 4 October 2021.
- (16) Companies are disposed during the year, the completion of Taiwan Business Sale took place on 27 September 2021.
- HK Hong Kong Special Administrative Region
- BVI British Virgin Islands
- UAE United Arab Emirates

DEFINITIONS

'2H" second half

"3PL" third party logistics

'AGM" annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Monday, 23 May 2022

"Apex" 14 wholly-owned US subsidiaries of KLN Investment (US) LLC, an indirect wholly-

owned subsidiary of the Company

"Asia" Asia continent, for the purpose of this annual report only, excludes Greater China

and Middle East

"Board" the board of Directors

"BVI" the British Virgin Islands

"Bye-laws" the bye-laws of the Company, as amended from time to time

"CG Code" the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules

"Circular" the circular of the Company dated 3 May 2021

"CIS" the Commonwealth of Independent States

'Companies Ordinance" the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong

Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time

"Company" or

"Kerry Logistics

Kerry Logistics Network Limited, incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and continued into Bermuda to become an exempted company with limited liability,

the Shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange

"Controlling

Shareholder(s)[;]

shall have the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

"Director(s)" director(s) of the Company

"ED" Executive Director

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EMEA" Europe, Middle East and Africa

'ESG" environmental, social and governance

"F&B" food and beverage

"Financial Statements" the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended

31 December 2021

"Flourish Harmony" Flourish Harmony Holdings Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of S.F.

Holding

"GFA" gross floor area

"Global Offering" the initial public offering of the Shares whereby the Shares were listed on the

Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 19 December 2013

"Goodies Global" Goodies Global Holdings Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the

BVI

"Greater China" for the purpose of this annual report only, the Mainland of China, Hong Kong,

Macau and Taiwan

"Group" or the Company and its subsidiaries

"KLN Group"

"HACCP" Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point

"HK\$" Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

"HKAS" Hong Kong Accounting Standards

"HKFRS" Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

"HKICPA" Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants

"Hong Kong" or "HKSAR" Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

Horig Korig

Hong Kong warehousing business

FF" international freight forwarding

L" integrated logistics

"INED" Independent Non-executive Director

"K-Apex Thailand" Kerry-Apex (Thailand) Co., Ltd., a limited liability company incorporated in

Thailand, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

"KEAS" Kerry EAS Logistics Limited, a limited company established under the law of the

PRC, an indirect 70%-owned subsidiary of the Company

"Kerry China" Kerry Freight Services (China) Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in

the BVI, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

"Kerry Express Thailand" Kerry Express (Thailand) Public Company Limited, a public company with limited

liability registered in Thailand and listed on The Stock Exchange of Thailand

(stock code: KEX), is a subsidiary of the Company

"KGL" Kerry Group Limited, one of the Controlling Shareholders of the Company

"KHL" Kerry Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of KGL

"KLN Thailand" KLN (Thailand) Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in Thailand, an

indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

"KPL" Kerry Properties Limited, an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda with

limited liability, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 683), and is a Substantial Shareholder of the Company

"Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, as amended

from time to time

'Macau" Macao Special Administrative Region of the PRC

"Mainland" or the PRC and, for the purpose of this annual report only, excludes Hong Kong,

"Mainland of China" Macau and Taiwan

"Model Code" the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set

out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules

"MT Programme" Management Trainee Programme

"NED" Non-executive Director

"New Utopia" New Utopia Global Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the BVI

"Oceania" for the purpose of this annual report only, Australia and New Zealand

"Ordinary Share(s)" o

share(s) of nominal value of HK\$0.50 each of the Company, or, if there has been a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or reconstruction of the share capital of the Company, shares forming part of the ordinary share capital of the

Company

"Post-IPO Share post-IPO share option scheme of the Company

Option Scheme"

"PRC" The People's Republic of China

"Pre-IPO Share
Option Scheme"

pre-IPO share option scheme of the Company

"Q2" or "Q4" second quarter or fourth quarter

"Registers of Members" registers of members of the Company

"Renminbi" or "RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

"S.F. Holding" S.F. Holding Co., Ltd., a joint stock company incorporated in the PRC with limited

liability and the shares of which are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange

(stock code: 002352.SZ), is a subsidiary of Shenzhen Mingde

"SFO" Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)

"Share Award Scheme" share award scheme of the Company

"Shareholders" the holders of the Shares

'Shenzhen Mingde" Shenzhen Mingde Holding Development Co., Ltd., one of the Controlling

Shareholders of the Company

"South Isle" South Isle Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the BVI

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Substantial shall have the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

hareholder(s)"

"UNICEF" The United Nations Children's Fund

"United States" or "US" the United States of America, its territories and possessions, any State of the

United States, and the District of Columbia

"US\$" or "USD" United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States

"YEA" Kerry Logistics Young Executives Academy

"Your Success" Your Success Global Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the BVI

"Zenith Nanjing" Zenith Nanjing Co., Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong,

an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

Zenith Ningbo" Zenith Ningbo Co., Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong,

an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

"Zenith Q" Zenith Q Co., Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong, an

indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

"Zenith Shanghai" Zenith Shanghai Co., Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in Hong

Kong, an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

"Zenith T" Zenith T Co., Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong



OUR CORE VALUES

VOICE

VALUE CREATION We create real value for growth. **OPENNESS** We believe in true openness and at every level of the organisation. **INTEGRITY** Our company. **COMMITMENT** As a service provider expectations. **EXCELLENCE** We believe in excellence

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